Substance Abuse
Librarians
&
Information
Specialists



Volume 36, No. 1 Spring 2016

NEWS

SALIS/AMHL in Colorado



Find information on the Conference website about:

Program Agenda Hotel and Travel Options

http://salis.org/conference

Don't Forget to Vote!

SALIS Executive Board elections are happening now! See page 8 for information about this year's candidates; email salis@salis.org if you need a ballot.

Donate to Support Digs!

Support Digs at PayPal.com

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Physician Assisted Death/Suicide and Mental Illness



Sheila Lacroix, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (CAMH)

An information request I posted on SALIS-L last December generated so much interest that I was asked to prepare a report of my findings to share with SALIS members. It was about whether or not there are any studies or position papers that address the opinions of psychiatric patients, or their advocates, on access to medical assistance in dying (MAID), also referred to physician-assisted death (PAD). Very little literature exists; the role of psychiatry is generally directed to assessing competence in MAID cases for the relevant illness. Given the current situation in Canada, I wanted to elaborate on the topic.

Canada is currently at a crossroads. In 2015, the Supreme Court of Canada decriminalized MAID, but a gap has been left until legislation is drafted to control and set standards. The Supreme Court deadline of one year for parliament to draft legislation and a regulatory framework was extended by

(Continued on page 2)

SALIS/AMHL 2016 Welcome to Denver! May 4-7, 2016



A Broader Vision: The Value of Multidisciplinary Lenses

Time to start packing your suitcases, folks, because the 2016 SALIS/AMHL conference is just 3 weeks away! If you haven't checked in on the <u>conference website</u> lately, you might want to take a peek. We now have a draft of the program available, which includes exciting invited speakers like:

 Jeffrey Beall, associate professor at Auraria Library (UC Denver), critic of the open access movement, and keeper of the oft-used-by-librarians "Beall's List of Predatory Open Access Publishers;"



(Continued on page 3)

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(Physician Assisted Death, from p. 1)

a further four months, to June 2016. A joint parliamentary committee was formed to make recommendations. Its report, *Medical Assistance in Dying*, was released February 2016, and calls for MAID to be accessible in publicly-funded health care institutions for Canadians with terminal and non-terminal medical conditions that cause enduring

MEDICAL ASSISTANCE IN DYING:
A PATIENT-CENTRED APPROACH

Report of the Special Joint Committee on Physician-Assisted Dying

Hon. Kelvin Kenneth Ogilvie and Robert Oliphant Joint Chairs

42nd PARLIAMENT, 1st SESSION

and intolerable suffering. People with psychiatric conditions are included for eligibility if they meet criteria set in the Supreme Court's decision, which includes being competent or capable to make decisions.

This might look straightforward in theory, but not so in practice. There continues to be a flurry of discussion in the public forum as a result of the committee's recommendations, so this article is definitely timely.

After reviewing the literature, not much was found about the work or recommendations of psychiatric advocacy groups. Also, there is not a lot of literature about MAID for those suffering from non-terminal medical conditions such as mental illness and addiction. The bulk of the literature addresses those suffering from terminal illnesses, such as ALS or advanced cancer, or the complexities of advanced directives for Alzheimer's patients. In such cases, MAID is, in effect, hastening dying when death is imminent.

Depression, comorbid with other medical conditions such as AIDS, has also been studied and documented. Treatment of comorbid depression has been found to positively affect the quality of life of those with a terminal illness. There was also ongoing debate for many years on the ethics of force-feeding anorexic patients; a decision in a medical setting made to stop eating could be considered assisted dying. But what about non-terminal patients who are in constant emotional or physical pain?

From my readings, three issues come to the forefront.

The Recovery Model.

Our health care model in Ontario, Canada and elsewhere now embraces the recovery model. This recognizes that the lives of those suffering from mental illness and/or addiction can improve, and that the desire to die may be transient. It might be a rocky road with ups and

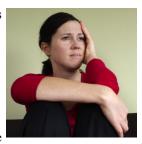


downs, but there is hope for a better life. We witness and celebrate our patients' recovery at CAMH all the time. A

downside is that society and governments still don't provide enough treatment and supports to promote rehabilitation. This should continue to be a priority. MAID could seem at odds to the recovery model, posing a conflict of interest for the psychiatrist or other mental health professionals trained to prevent suicide (Appel, 2007). Insufficient medical care and psychosocial supports, such as adequate housing, have been highlighted in recent media reports and opinion pieces. The recovery model and MAID may not be mutually exclusive, but most would agree the recovery model emphasizes the bigger picture of care essential to supporting those suffering from mental illness and addiction.

Stigma.

It is interesting how the language is changing. More frequently we see "assisted dying" instead of "assisted suicide," although the latter, "suicide, assisted," is still the Medical Subject Heading (MeSH) assigned by the U.S. National Library of Medicine to index literature on this topic. Those



of us in the field are acutely aware that stigma still affects attitudes towards mental illness and addiction.

Although one can readily imagine a terminally ill person saying farewell, surrounded by loved ones, we can't bear the vision of a lonely distraught mentally ill person ending his or her life, usually alone, often violently. Suicide remains a frightening and stigmatizing word, typically associated with mental illness. As the former scenario is usually associated with one dying from a somatic, incurable illness and the latter with one involved in a mental health crisis, could this support attitudes that exclude the mentally ill from MAID? A person experiencing extreme suffering from mental illness may want to die, but not by suicide. Will the more rational, clinical "assisted dying" construct embrace the needs of those previously moved to suicide or will it create yet more stigma by separating the pain and suffering of the mentally ill from that associated with somatic illness?

Free Will and Accessibility.

Canadian novelist Miriam Toews' book *All My Puny Sorrows* tells the story from the point of view of the sibling of a beautiful and brilliant musician who struggles with her sister's plea for assistance to end her life. Toews' novels borrow from her own life experiences. She is from a family affected by mental illness; both her father and her sister died through suicide. In spite of the



disturbing content of her books, she has an endearing writing style that somehow makes her tragic stories

(Continued on page 3)



(Physician Assisted Death, from p. 2)

palatable.

I thought of this novel when I read one of the few studies that addresses MAID for the mentally ill (Thienpont et al., 2015). Under Belgium's euthanasia law, in effect since 2002, unbearable psychological suffering resulting from a mental disorder is a valid basis for MAID, but with stricter criteria than for somatic illness. Thienpont and his team studied case notes of 100 consecutive cases of patients who requested MAID as a result of "unbearable and untreatable psychological suffering due to psychiatric illness." Of these, 48% of the requests were accepted.

This study is worth a read, and fortunately is <u>published in</u> an open access journal. The authors address the issue of the concept of unbearable suffering, and how it remains to be adequately defined. One outcome is interesting; 11 of those approved for MAID decided to postpone or cancel. Of these, 8 responded that knowing this option was available gave them peace of mind. It is also interesting to note that most of the 100 candidates suffered from either treatment resistant mood disorder and/or a personality disorder.

A very recent paper from the Netherlands (Kim et al., 2016) also provides data from narrative summaries on 66 MAID psychiatric patients, 6 of whom were substance abuse cases. These studies are based on very limited data and small samples, so it is premature to draw any real conclusions. It might be worth exploring why some mental disorders are more prominent within the cases. This makes a case for a robust reporting arrangement in Canada to help monitor and inform practice.

Only the Benelux countries, The Netherlands, Luxembourg, and Belgium, support MAID for psychiatric patients, so there is not much precedence or research to guide policy. Looking at sparse current data, MAID requests from psychiatric patients are a small percentage of total requests: 3% in Belgium (Thienpont et al., 2015).



Like many ethical issues, it cannot be viewed in black and white —there are different lenses that must be respected. All we can hope for is a humane and just system, meeting the range of needs of patients, caregivers, and health care professionals, and that MAID, which seems to be moving towards legitimacy in Canada, will be just one of many options on the continuum of care.

The release of *Medical Assistance in Dying* has provided a structure for opening up the discussion; the media continues to be flooded with editorials, letters and positions from organizations, professional associations, religious

groups, and members of the public. The next four months, not to mention the next few years, will be challenging! The author thanks Kevin Reel, Ethicist and Interim Discipline Co-Chief for Occupational Therapy at CAMH, for reviewing this paper and providing insightful comments and support to address this challenging subject.

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(SALIS/AMHL 2016, from p. 1)

• **Julie Netherland**, Director of the Office of Academic Engagement for Drug Policy Alliance;



 Dana Abbey, NN/LM Colorado coordinator and Health Information Literacy Coordinator at the Univ. of CO Health Sciences Library.



Presentations from SALIS and AMHL members on a wide range of fascinating topics will complete the agenda. Once in Denver, you'll also find tons of things to do, and the weather will (should/better!) be fantastic. Hope to see you there!



Colorado State Capitol in Denver (photo: Wikipedia)

Digs Update: Moving Forward with 645!



Andrea L. Mitchell, Executive Director, SALIS

There is more activity happening with the Digs Project, but the bottom line is we need more books and docs, and more funding. Please, if you have not yet gotten involved with this project, what are your reasons?

We especially need historical and pre 1995 materials--those government docs that were not born digital, and need
to be digitized. Or maybe you have digitized materials and
would be willing to send us a copy to upload to the SALIS
Collection, making them more universally available.

We now have 644 items in <u>The SALIS Collection</u>, but need to raise more funds to digitize the rest of the NIAAA Library.

Also, as mentioned in the last update, we would like to start collecting more of the Other Drug literature, i.e.:

- Marijuana
- Cocaine
- Opiods
- Psychedelics
- Methamphetamine
- Smoking and Tobacco.

Donations have come in this year—thank-you to Nancy Sutherland, Peggy Oba and Anonymous for their generosity.

There will be a presentation on Digs at the SALIS-AMHL Conference in Denver, coming up in about three weeks, and a workshop for those of you who are serious about our efforts and want to learn more or join the team.

There is much to learn, and it provides a great experience, not just with the project, but with interacting with other SALIS members and colleagues in a giving back, public good spirit.

If you are unable to come to the conference, and would like to know more about the presentation and workshop, there will be a write-up for *SALIS News* Summer issue and we will try to keep you informed in other ways as well. Christine Goodair is tweeting about us via the SSA Society for the Study of Addiction, and it has been a top tweet.

Please tell your patrons about the project, and show them The SALIS Collection.
Data



Donate at: http://salis.org/digitizationproject.html



Addictions Book Publishing - Complex and Changing

Barbara Weiner Hazelden Betty Ford Foundation Library

The other day, when viewing the condensed shelving of my library's many 4x6 inch daily meditation books, my thoughts kept moving to the "world" of books published within the addictions field. How many alcohol/drug/ addiction titles exist? Who publishes them? What are the trends? It seemed a worthy topic to explore . . .

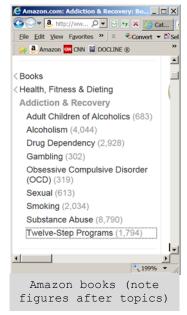


There were 9,260 books published in the United States in 1907. In 2010, there were 328,259 books published traditionally, plus about 3.8 million published non-traditionally or on-demand! In all of modern history, 130 million books have been published. To look at that another way, the number of words in the English language is estimated to be 1,019,729 words, which equates to 127 books for every word in the English language (Chernoff)!

In 2013, the top two countries in the number of books published were China (440,000) and the United States (304,912). Total new titles and re-editions published that year worldwide: approximately 2,200,000 (Wikipedia). How many of those published books have an alcohol/drug/addiction focus? Despite intense searching, I did not find that that number exists, not even an estimate as a percentage of the total. It's possible that this question

hasn't been asked. It's more likely, though, that the lack of standard definition in "addictions" terminology, the significant number of related multidisciplinary topics, and the range of genre (from research and textbooks to memoirs and juvenile literature) all complicate the picture. Still, we can get a feeling for the number of alcohol/ drug/addiction books available.

When searching in <u>Amazon.com</u>, there is a subset in their "Books" category entitled



"Addiction and Recovery." Notice the numbers Amazon provides for the related categories. Books listed in each category generally appear in the order of how well they sell, so you will get an idea of the top-selling titles and topics.

Similarly, the WorldCat Database provides interesting estimates for the numbers of alcohol/drug/addiction books. These records would include all years, from libraries around the world:

alcohol*	222,870
addict*	74,205
"substance abuse"	39,843
"chemical* dependen*"	1,782
"drug abuse"	76,499
"substance use"	12,430
smoking	45,184

Who publishes all these alcohol/drug/addiction books? Just as I did not find an estimate of the number of addiction books, I also did not find a single article examining the addictions book publishing field, nor an overview/history of specific addiction book publishers. No articles were found despite scouring the literature in databases such as *Academic Search Premier* and *Library, Information Science, and Technology Abstracts*. Because so few publishers have a distinct focus on addiction/recovery, it is a challenge to find any aggregated addiction/recovery publishing data over the years (HBFF, 2014). There are also very few publishing journals per se which would include this type of overview article. Two key industry publications would include *Publishers Weekly* and *Library Journal*.

All publishers face dramatic changes in the external environment: the transition from a print publishing company to a media company, the utilization of increasing distribution channels, the reach to multiple markets, ebooks versus print books, print on demand, accessible publishing, green publishing, and expanding topics—often with an international audience in mind.

Publishers with a self-help/addiction/recovery focus to at least some of their titles would include Capizon Publishing, Central Recovery Press, Conari Press, Guilford Press, HarperElixir, HarperOne, Hazelden Publishing, Health Communications Inc., and New Harbinger. Diversification, rapidly changing technologies, and ever higher standards of customer expectations also have huge impacts to all these publishers.

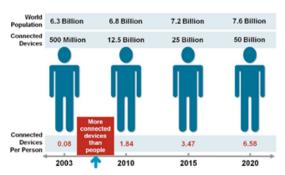
(Continued on page 6)



(Book Publishing from p. 5)

This fascinating chart highlights our changing technological world, and how highly technology is utilized (Evans 2011):

Figure 1. The Internet of Things Was "Born" Between 2008 and 2009



Source: Cisco IBSG, April 2011

Looking to the future, Cisco IBSG predicts there will be 25 billion devices connected to the Internet by 2015 and 50 billion by 2020. It is important to note that these estimates do not take into account rapid advances in Internet or device technology; the numbers presented are based on what is known to be true today.

E-book reading is increasing. By 2014, 28% of U.S. adults had read an e-book (compared to 23% in 2013), and 50% had a dedicated device for the task, such as an e-reader or a tablet (compared to 30% owning such a device by the end of 2013) (Wikipedia).

In addition to the above challenges and trends, alcohol/drug/addiction publishers also must publish in a wide array of multi-disciplinary but related topics, such as evidence-base, training, education, corrections, personal recovery, prevention, assessment, intervention, chronic disease management, scientific research, counseling, family, social issues, opioids, marijuana, trauma, dual disorders, recovery management, etc.—with all these topics (and more) across the lifespan continuum (HBFF, 2014).

As the publisher with the greatest emphasis on alcohol/drug/addiction topics, here are a few additional statistics regarding Hazelden Publishing, an operating division of the

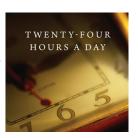


Hazelden Betty Ford Foundation: Hazelden Publishing has over 200 e-books, 16 smartphone mobile apps, 75 distance learning courses, and 130 on-demand streamed videos and curricula, as well as about 4000 current titles. Their top selling titles have often remained steady from year to year, confirming the importance of self-help, recovery, relapse prevention, and personal growth. These top-sellers include: Olweus Bullying Prevention Program, Codependent No More, The Gifts of Imperfection, Twenty-Four Hours a Day, Alcoholics Anonymous (Big Book), and Narcotics Anonymous.

In their 2014 annual report, Hazelden Publishing listed:

- 41 new products,
- 45 new distributed products,
- 8 new services and trainings,
- 19 new e-books,
- 5 new mobile apps,
- 12 translation rights, and
- 11 new subscriptions.

Now back to those small meditation books. The first "modern" addiction meditation book was *Twenty-Four Hours a Day*, by Richmond Walker, published in 1954 by Hazelden Publishing. It has sold over 9 million copies to date, and continues to be a best seller. It is also now <u>available as an app</u> from iTunes/Apple App Store.



Other "addiction meditation book" statistics include:

- 47 active meditation titles from Hazelden Publishing;
- 200,000 print copies of meditation books sold annually;
- 25,000 e-book meditation titles sold annually;
- 9 meditations titles available as apps, with annual sales of 25,000;
- Hazelden Publishing also has a free meditations app called *Inspirations*, with 41,000 downloads in 2015, and life-time downloads of 100,000.

It is interesting to note that the number of print meditation books sold is far larger than the number of e-book meditation books sold.

Two free apps, Inspirations and Today's Gift, exemplify Hazelden Publishing's mission to share their products to a diverse and extended audience, their responding to customer demand for access via changing technology (mobile devices), and their desire to share the hopeful and inspirational message of recovery freely into the public good:

Inspirations (available for <u>Apple</u> and <u>Android</u>) is a free collection of daily meditations.



Today's Gift is a free email service of the Hazelden Betty Ford Foundation through which an uplifting, thought-provoking, self-esteem-building message is sent daily to those who subscribe. http://www.hazelden.org/web/public/todaysgift.page



(Continued on page 7)



Book publishers clearly illustrate our quickly and significantly changing world, especially the tension between traditional books and electronic formats, heightened by society's desire for ever more rapid exchange of information.

Still, I believe that it is books—not bulleted "bites" of information—which present more fully developed ideas, findings, observations, clarifications, and conclusions. If a reader wants to examine history, rationale, development over time, personal experiences, and perspective in addiction topics and studies, then the length and depth of books are what is needed. Electronics and electronic forms of books, I believe, are enhancements—not replacements—of printed books (Holder, 2006).

The print book format and the electronic book format shall continue to both be necessary, available, and complementary partners in the alcohol/drug/addictions literature.

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NIAAA Advisory Council Meeting Report

Mary Kelly JBS International, Inc. (retired)

Mary Kelly attended the NIAAA Advisory Council Meeting, Friday February 12, 2016 representing SALIS, as a Liaison member of NIAAA. Using the SALIS newsletter article, *The SALIS*



Collection Hits Its Goal and Keeps on Going! by Andrea Mitchell (v. 35(4)), Kelly briefed NIAAA Director, Dr. George Koob, and senior staff on the status of the SALIS Digitization (Digs) Project with the Internet Archive and its growing list of titles, thanks to the financial and resource support of NIAAA and others.



NIAAA Books Donated to the Digs Project

Photo: J. Scott

NIAAA staff made several suggestions such as linking to the SALIS Internet Archive from the Collaborative Research on Addiction (CRAN) and encouraging us to find and upload materials that address disparities in minority health. Another staff suggested that we inquire about including the materials from the Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Disorder (FASD) Center for Excellence, whose website will be going dark in the near future.

These suggestions, contact information, and other recommendations for future meetings with NIAAA were sent to Andrea Mitchell, Digs Project Director.

Dr. Koob also directed two staff members at the meeting to contact NIDA and encourage that institute to support SALIS and upload drug abuse related materials to the Internet Archive.

Mary Kelly, recently retired from JBS International, Inc. attended the NIAAA Advisory Council Meeting in place of Dr. Nita Bryant, who was not able to attend because of a family emergency.

Members' Corner

Compiled by Diane Van Abbe Membership & Outreach Committee



Leslie Marlow

Director, Library Services & Knowledge Mobilization Nevada Prevention Resource Center (NPRC), University of Nevada, Reno

lmarlowe@casat.org
http://www.NevadaPRC.org

How long have you been a member of SALIS? Just over 1 year.

What organization do you work for and what is your position?



Nevada Prevention Resource Center at the University of Nevada – Reno. I am the Associate Project Coordinator.

How has being a member of SALIS enriched your life? I learn a lot through the various emails. I also was able to use the <u>SALIS Collection at the Internet Archive</u> to help me with an MLIS course that I took.

Hobbies outside of work:

Currently: Hiking, crocheting, writing, reading, volunteering.

Favorite food:

Hmmm . . . easier to answer what I don't like. Unfortunately, I like most baked goods.

Favorite book:

Many favorite books. I have always loved Gone With the Wind and Marjorie Morningstar as a couple of examples. I read a wide variety of materials in most genres.



Is there anything else you would like SALIS colleagues to know about you?

Libraries are a second career that I started while trying to raise children. My primary career has been as an attorney. I am still an active member of the Florida Bar but stopped working full-time in law in 2005 due to the needs of my children, the youngest of which just reached 18 in 2015.

Want to nominate someone to be profiled in Members' Corner? Email Diane Van Abbe at diane.vanabbe@camh.ca.

SALIS Election 2016

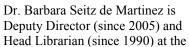
Compiled by Nominations Committee members Judit Ward, William Bejarano, and Chad Dubeau



Chair Elect

Barbara Seitz de Martinez PhD, MLS, CPP

Deputy Director and Head Librarian Indiana Prevention Resource Center, School of Public Health Indiana University – Bloomington





Indiana Prevention Resource Center, part of the department of Applied Health Science, IU School of Public Health. She holds a PhD in Communication and Culture with a minor in Latin American Studies from IU.

She initiated GIS in Prevention (IN) County Profiles as a library service in 2002; created an Hispanic-Latino portal to substance abuse and health related topics in the 1990s; introduced a searchable database of resources for Veterans in 2009; launched a virtual HOME library (exporting records from InMagic into Access) in 2009; and has continued to expanded the site over the years, adding many topical e-Resource databases, including an extensive collection of online videos and webinars.

Another area of research interest is cultural competency and health disparities. She has presented papers on topics related to these themes at NPN, APHA, SALIS (Substance Abuse Librarians and Information Specialists), and at IN, WI, and OK state prevention conferences.

She has the world's sweetest husband, six children, and a plethera of grandchildren and great grandchildren in Nicaragua. She has two cats and loves to go on walks, dance, and do step classes. She chaired for many years and continues as a board-member of Bloomington-Posoltega (Nicaragua) Sister Cities Committee, and is a board-member of Indiana Latino Institute.

A member of SALIS since 1990, she has served as Chair (1997-1999) and Secretary (2011-2013), and hosted the 21st Annual SALIS Conference in 1999.

(Continued on page 9)



Treasurer

Karen Palmer, MLIS

Records and Information Specialist Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse

Karen Palmer is Records and Information Specialist at the Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse (CCSA), a

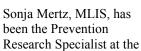


national non-profit organization based in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada. Karen obtained a Bachelor of Arts degree with an Honors in Linguistics at the University of Ottawa in 1987 and an MLIS at the University of Western Ontario in 1997. Karen is primarily responsible for managing subscriptions and serials, providing document delivery and reference services as well as providing expertise related to the records and information management function at CCSA. Karen is currently serving her second term as SALIS Treasurer and is also a member of the Canadian Health Libraries Association and ARMA International.

Member at Large

Sonja Mertz, MLIS

Prevention Research Specialist Minnesota Prevention Resource Center (MPRC)





Minnesota Prevention Resource Center (MPRC) since March 2013. In this role, she manages the MPRC website updating ATOD online resources, creating state-wide event materials, and adding news and research items. Sonja inherited a catalog-less library when she began at MPRC, so the past two years have been spent organizing, weeding, and cataloging each item. Midway through this process, MPRC decided to eliminate its clearinghouse of ATOD materials and downsize the physical library items. Sonja has since then been making collection decisions and reallocating items to other organizations in Minnesota. Before coming to MPRC, Sonja completed a practicum at the University of Minnesota Biomedical Library. While completing her library degree at St. Catherine University, Sonja worked as a research assistant for that institution's Holistic Health Department. Being a member of SALIS has been an important part of Sonja's work at MPRC and in the ATOD field, in general. She would be honored to serve as a Member-at-Large and contribute to this invaluable organization.

Christine Goodair, BA (Hons), FRSA

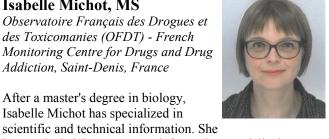
Programmes Manager (Substance Misuse) St. George's, University of London

Christine has been a member of SALIS for more than 10 years and has been SALIS secretary and Chair. She is currently a member of the Advocacy Group and involved in the SALIS Internet Archve Project, and writes regularly for SALIS News. Christine was very active in ELISAD the European sister organisation which merged with SALIS a few years ago. Standing to be a member- at- large Christine hopes to bring a European perspective to SALIS underpinning its stance as being an international organisation. She has worked in drug information services but is now in the academic sector, based at St George's, University of London, managing research projects on substance misuse. Christine continues to have an information role with the Society for Study of Addiction and is responsible for maintaining the resources section of their website as well as running their

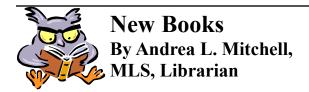
Isabelle Michot, MS

Observatoire Français des Drogues et des Toxicomanies (OFDT) - French Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction, Saint-Denis, France

current awareness service via Twitter.



Isabelle Michot has specialized in scientific and technical information. She has worked eight years as an information specialist in an association that funds research on alcohol and joined afterwards OFDT in 2004. OFDT's documentation center is dedicated to its staff of researchers and its partners. It is considered as the AOD national resource center in France. Isabelle works on the online catalogue, conducts literature searches and bibliographies and supports her colleagues for their publications. She also occasionally replies to media requests. She is a member of a French public health network, producing bibliographic records for its database and a member of the writing committee of a French journal on drugs (Swaps). She has been an ELISAD member from 2005 onwards – the 23rd ELISAD annual meeting has been hosted by OFDT in 2011 – and she is a SALIS member since 2008. ■



+ government document

1630942199, (paperback)

* non-English title

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Addiction Counselor Exam Practice Questions: Addiction Counselor Practice Tests & Review for the Addiction Counseling Exam. [United States]: Mometrix Media Llc, [2015]. ©2015. 120 p. ISBN-10: 1630942197, ISBN-13: 978-



*Bergeron, Henri and Renaud Colson. *Les Drogues Face au Droit*. Paris: Presses Universitaires de France, [2015]. ISBN-10: 2130650694, ISBN-13: 978-2130650690 (paperback)



Blanton, Dennis B. *Mississippian Smoking Ritual in the Southern Appalachian Region*. Knoxville: The University of Tennessee Press, [2015] ISBN: 9781621901891(hardcover)



Bobby, Lisa Marie. *Exaholics: Breaking Your Addiction to an Ex Love*. New York, NY: Sterling, 2015. 256 p. ISBN-10: 145491825X, ISBN-13: 978-1454918257(paperback)



Borowitz, Mark. *Finding Recovery and Yourself in Torah: A Daily Spiritual Path to Wholeness*. Woodstock, VT: Jewish Lights Publishing, a division of LongHill Partners, Inc., [2016]. 400 p. ISBN-13:9781580238571 (paperback)



*Charpeaud, Thomas et al. *Psychiatrie, Pédopsychiatrie, Addictologie*. Paris: Ellipses, impr. 2015, cop. 2015. 352 p. ISBN-10: 2340004977, ISBN-13: 978-2340004979



Compton, Michael T. *Marijuana and Mental Health*. Arlington, Virginia: American Psychiatric Association Publishing, [2016]. 272 p. ISBN-13:9781615370085 (paperback)



Dennis, Simone. *Smokefree: A Social, Moral and Political Atmosphere.* London: Bloomsbury, 2016. 216 p. ISBN-10: 1472569202, ISBN-13: 978-1472569202 (hardcover); ISBN-10: 1472569199, ISBN-13: 978-1472569196 (paperback); 1717 KB, ASIN: B0190N2KGE

(Kindle)



D'Oudney, Kenn and Joanna D'Oudney. *Cannabis: The Facts, Human Rights and the Law: The Report*. 11th ed. London: Scorpio Recording Co. (Publishing) LTD., 2015. 262 p. ISBN-13:9781902848211(paperback)



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*Feustel, Robert. "Ein Anzug aus Strom": LSD, Kybernetik und die Psychedelische Revolution Wiesbaden: Springer VS, [2015]. 102 p. ISBN-13: 9783658095741(paperback)



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Inaba, Darryl S. and Paul Steinbroner. *Beyond Opiates: The Evolving Science of Pain and Addiction*. P[Medford, OR]: CNS Productions, Inc., 2015. 4307 KB, ASIN: B00T57O3YI (Kindle)



Johnson, Amy. *The Little Book of Big Change: The No-willpower Approach to Breaking Any Habit.* Oakland, CA: New Harbinger Publications, Inc., 2016. 200 p. ISBN-10: 1626252300, ISBN-13: 978-1626252301

(paperback); 1193 KB, ASIN: B0197SJOZC (Kindle)



Kamienski, Lucasz. *Shooting Up: A History of Drugs in Warfare.* New York, NY: Oxford University Press, [2016]. 416 p. ISBN-10: 0190263474, ISBN-13: 978-0190263478 (hardcover), 3999 KB, ASIN: B01B1EYC70 (Kindle)



Kelly, Virginia A. *Addiction in the Family: What Every Counselor Needs to Know.* Alexandria, VA: American Counseling Association, 2016. 216 p. ISBN-13: 978-1556203343, ISBN-10:

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(Continued on page 9)



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Kintz, Pascal, Alberto Salomone and Marco Vincenti. Hair Analysis in Clinical and Forensic Toxicology. Amsterdam: Elsevier/Academic Press, [2015]. 392 p. ISBN-10: 0128017007, ISBN-13: 978-0128017005 (paperback); 24646

KB, ASIN: B010PYI04I (Kindle)



Labate, Beatriz Caiuby and Clancy Cavnar. Peyote: History, Tradition, Politics, and Conservation. Santa Barbara, California: Praeger, 2016. 280 p. ISBN-13: 9781440834004 (hardcover): 8 MB, ISBN-13: 9781440834011 (Nook)



Loughran, Hilda; Livingston, Wulf (eds.). Substance Use in Social Work Education and Training: Preparing for and Supporting Practice. Routledge 2015. 226 p. ISBN-10: 1138936545, ISBN-13: 978-1138936546

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Examination of What Marijuana Use Means for Our Children, Our Communities, and Our Future. [Ashland, Ohio]: Grafton and Scratch Publishers, 2015. 200 p. ISBN-13: 9781927979075 (paperback); 306 p. 744 KB, ISBN-13: 9781927979082 (Nook)



Mikhitarian, Bud. Many Faces One Voice: Secrets from The Anonymous People. Las Vegas: Central Recovery Press, 2015. 400 p, ISBN-10: 1937612937, ISBN-13: 978-1937612931; 2234 KB. ASIN: B00WDDOYBO (Kindle) NB 35-4

Only



(Australia) No.57. Canberra: NDLERF, 2015. 101 p.

ISSN: 1449-7476



Monica, Corbett. Dual Diagnosis Anonymous: A Journey Through the Twelve Steps Plus Five. Portland, OR: Inkwater Press, 2015. 276 p. ISBN-13:9781629011806 (paperback)



Neidhardt, Gary W. King Charles of New York City: The Life of Charles Barnes Towns: How a Poor Georgia Farm Boy Became a World Authority on Drug and Alcohol Treatment. Bloomington, IN: AuthorHouse, 2015, 424 p.

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Paley, Dawn Marie. Drug War Capitalism. Edinburgh.: AK Press, 2015. 279 p. ISBN-13: 9781849351935 (paperback)



Peele, Stanton and Archie Brodsky. Love and Addiction. Watertown, Massachusetts: Broadrow Publications, [2015]. 326 p. ISBN-10: 098538722X, ISBN-13: 978-0985387228 (paperback); 1127 KB, ASIN: B00IVAQQOK

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Perdew, Laura. Internet Addiction. Minneapolis, Minnesota: Essential Library, an imprint of Abdo Publishing, [2015]. 112 p. ISBN: 9781624034213, 1624034217 (library binding), (Secondary (senior high) school)



Rohr, Richard. Breathing Under Water: Companion Journal. Cincinnati, Ohio: Franciscan Media, 2015. 144 p. ISBN-13: 9781616369736 (paperback)

Saviano, Roberto. ZeroZeroZero UK: Allen Lane, 2015. 401 p. ISBN 9781846147715, 1846147719.



Shelby, Candice L. *Addiction: A Philosophical* Perspective. New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2016. 240 pp. ISBN-10: 1137552840, ISBN-13: 978-1137552846 (hardback)



Shubaly, Mishka. I Swear I'll Make It Up to You: A Life on the Low Road. New York, New York: PublicAffairs, 2016. 352 p. ISBN-13: Mishka 9781610395588 (hardcover); ISBN-13: 9781610395595 (Nook book) Biography

(Continued on page 12)



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Stanmyre, Jackie F. Oxycodone. New York: Cavendish Square Publishing, [2016]. 64 p. ISBN -10: 1502605589, ISBN-13: 978-1502605580 (hardcover); ISBN: 1502605597, 9781502605597 e-Book



Symons, Allene. Aldous Huxley's Hands: His Quest for Perception and the Origin and Return of Psychedelic Science. Amherst, New York: Prometheus Books, 2015. 280 p. ISBN-13: 978-1633881167, ISBN-10: 1633881164 (paperback); 3 MB, ISBN-13:9781633881174 (Nook)



Szalavitz, Maia. Unbroken Brain: A Revolutionary New Way of Understanding nbroken Addiction. New York: St. Martin's Press, [2016]. Brain 352 p. ISBN-13: 978-1250055828, ISBN-10: 1250055822 (hardcover); ASIN: B014PF3P84 (Kindle)



Williamson, W Paul and Ralph W Hood, Jr. Psychology and Spiritual Transformation in a Substance Abuse Program: The Lazarus Project. Lanham: Lexington Books, [2016], 232 p. ISBN-13: 9780739193075 (hardcover)

+ World Health Organization. WHO Expert Committee on Drug Dependence: Thirty-Sixth Report. Technical report series (World Health Organization), 991. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization, 2015, 50 p. ISBN: 978-9241209915 (paperback)



Zollinger, Manfred (ed.) Random Riches: Gambling Past & Present. Farnham, Surrey, UK; Burlington, VT: Ashgate, [2016]. ISBN-10: 1472470044, ISBN-13: 978-1472470041 (hardcover)

Have You Seen?

NIH recently held a twoday summit titled "Marijuana and



Cannabinoids: A Neuroscience Research Summit," featuring presentations from experts in the field addressing the endocannabinoid system, impact on brain development and function, psychosis and addiction, policy research, and the therapeutic potential for cannabis in treating epilepsy, MS, pain, and PTSD/anxiety.

Videocasts of both days are available for viewing online:

Day one: https://videocast.nih.gov/summary.asp?

Live=18464&bhcp=1

Day two: https://videocast.nih.gov/summary.asp?

Live=18468

Substance Abuse Library and Information Studies (SALIS eProceedings)



The 2015 issue of SALIS Journal is now available! Find vol 2(1), Information is Power: Presenting Substance Abuse Libraries and Information Sutdies (SALIS), online

http://library.alcoholstudies.rutgers. edu/volume-ii-issue-i-2015

The issue features articles based on posters and presentations from last year's SALIS Conference in San Diego, CA.

Some of the subjects include:

- Systematic searching;
- Language matters (terminology in the field);
- Adolescent suicide in Indiana;
- Visualizing scholarly reputation;
- Instructional design;
- Open science;
- Marijuana: next steps in control; and more!

Deadline for the next issue, Vol. 36, No. 2, Summer 2016 is June 15, 2016.

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Substance Abuse
Librarians
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Specialists



Volume 36, No. 2 Summer 2016

NEW S

SALIS/AMHL in Colorado



Presentation slides now available in the Members-Only section of the SALIS website.

http://www.salis.org/members/ members only.html

Watch for updates on the 2017 SALIS conference:

http://salis.org/conferences

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SALIS/AMHL 2016 Conference Report: I Came for the Marijuana, I Stayed for the Social Media Julie Murphy, PIRE



Every year, the SALIS conference gives me the opportunity to catch up with my fellow ATOD librarian peeps and gain current information in our multidisciplinary field. This year was no exception, although the content was particularly relevant to current research at PIRE. I'm especially grateful that my attendance was made possible by the SALIS scholarship and I've been sharing gems learned with my PIRE team.

Two conference themes captured my attention: social media for research dissemination and Colorado's public health approaches to legalized marijuana. Among the many other topics of relevance were Jeffrey Beall's talk on predatory publishing (many of our scientists are inundated with publisher "spam") and tricks for finding evidence based literature in PubMed. As I don't want to take up the entire issue of *SALIS News*, I will keep my focus on the first two topics, and give you a bonus report on my

(Continued on page 2)

Predatory Publishers: An Interview with Jeffrey Beall, Part 2



Judit Ward and William Bejarano, Rutgers CAS

In the <u>first part of the interview</u>, published in the May 2016 issue of the *Center of Alcohol Studies Information Services Newsletter*, <u>Jeffrey Beall</u> explained how he became involved in the growing area of <u>predatory publishing</u>, a term he coined. He also listed the most vulnerable groups and gave an outline of the current situation to fulfill the curiosity of addiction researchers.

In this second part, the interview moves on to topics of interest for librarians. He advocates for educating our users about not only predatory publishing but also the various forms of Open Access as well as publishing standards so that they can avoid the traps of predatory publishers.

(Continued on page 5)

SALIS News, Vol. 36, No. 2

(SALIS/AMHL Report, from p. 1)

"field trip" to a Colorado marijuana retail shop.

Many of you are aware that the November California ballot will contain a measure to legalize recreational use of marijuana: http://www.letsgetitrightca.org/news/executive-summary.

PIRE scientists have considerable experience looking at the effects of medical marijuana legalization on youth, and in studying relationships between substance availability, price elasticity, and public health outcomes.

Prevention Research Center, the PIRE Center where I'm located, is jumping on the social media bandwagon, with the rest of PIRE to follow suit should we implement our strategy successfully. As a research center, our "widgets" are our publications – so using social media to promote our work is essential. Our younger scientists are keenly aware of the increase in research visibility via their personal Twitter and ResearchGate accounts, and have been pushing for an institutional effort.

Meg Brunner began "Dissemination 2.0: Bench, Bedside and Beyond" with the argument that most policy makers use social media (especially Twitter). If our work informs policy, that's where we want to be.



Her emphasis was on disseminating research results through more immediate channels (versus "1.0" platforms such as toll based journals, conferences, and traditional databases). While showing how dissemination can be effective through "traditional" social medial platforms such as Facebook and Twitter, Meg focused on research-specific sites like Academia.edu, Researchgate.net, and PubPeer.

Meg also emphasized the importance of helping users evaluate information sources, distilling content into readable chunks to help with information overload. The *ATTC Messenger*'s Addiction Science Made Easy series is a great example of taking scientific information and making it digestible. Twitter's 140 character limit forces brevity, and lets users quickly scan for relevance before opting to go deeper through abbreviated links.

But what can scientists themselves do to promote their work? At PRC, we are gearing up for an institutional presence, but we also want to encourage scientists to experiment with social media on their own without feeling overwhelmed. I was impressed by Elsevier's "share links"

program, which provides authors with a link to the final full text of their article for 50 days. If the social media team can get this link from scientists before it expires, we'll have instant content for our new Twitter feed.

Meg also explained the difference between audio slides (short articles that are turned into mini-webinars) and video abstracts (scientists explaining research findings on camera), and provided links to instructional templates. Graphical abstracts let one add compelling infographics to text, giving more additional channels to engage with.



ORCID is a relatively new disambiguation service that provides authors with a unique ID – rather like a DOI for people. Authors can then add their CV and link to this profile via social media, websites, and printed posters or business cards. We all had fun at a recent social media team meeting coming up with our personal ORCID QR codes.

Meg ended by summarizing best practices: be yourself and be transparent by having a bio in your profile, be accessible by using styles appropriate to your platform and audience, maintain credibility by linking to the research itself rather than try to describe it all, and monitor activity on your sites by engaging with your audience and nipping rude behavior in the bud.

Christine Goodair's "Life as a Tweeter: Information dissemination in the world of Twitter" segued nicely by going into the nuts and bolts of using Twitter. She began by noting that Twitter is excellent as a current awareness service,



for meeting and collaborating with other researchers, and for simply promoting one's work. As with other platforms, it's important to deal with inappropriate comments and followers immediately as part of an overall reputation management strategy.

She emphasized the importance of a clear strategy – for example, is the conversation meant to be one way (dissemination only)? Or does the scientist (or institution) want to engage with the audience? Ultimately the latter is more rewarding in terms of interest and gaining followers, but requires much more effort. One should start small when starting out – she estimates that it takes between 30 minutes

(Continued on page 3)

(SALIS/AMHL Report, from p. 2)

to an hour a day to maintain a decent feed. While hashtags are an extremely powerful way to engage users and be found, one should use them strategically. Christine recommended creating a simplified taxonomy of tags specific to your organization and topics, which got me thinking about somehow linking these hashtags back to content on the PRC website.

Most valuable for me were her tips on time-saving (and cheap) social media management tools. <u>Buffer</u> comes with analysis tools – and metrics should be a part of any institutional social media strategy. Likewise, the *buff.ly* url

shortener also tracks statistics on click throughs. *Tweriod* helps you determine the optimum posting time to reach your audience after you determine via *Tweetsmap* where your audience is located. *Klout* is commonly used to track your influence – but Christine finds it useful to discover experts in a particular field.





The following afternoon brought Ali Maffey & Elyse Contreras' "Legalized Marijuana: What can we say? How should we say it? And how do we protect public health?" I

learned where to access the most recent public health findings regarding post-legalization marijuana use (see https://www.colorado.gov/cdphe/

www.colorado.gov/cdphe/ retail-marijuana) – a score for our researchers!

It was very interesting to hear how the Colorado Department of Public Health framed safety messages around consumption. We've all heard the horror stories of tourists who have eaten too



Child-proof
marijuana container
photo: Julie Murphy

many edibles (Maureen Dowd's candy bar experience comes to mind, see http://www.nytimes.com/2014/06/04/opinion/dowd-dont-harsh-our-mellow-dude.html? r=0).

The Department's challenge was how to reach people without sounding like a typical government agency. An untrusting population still recalls the "This is your brain on drugs" and "Just say no" messaging. Their website, http://colorado.gov/marijuana, aims to provide factual information on dangers without hinting at hysteria. Their "Good to Know" campaign emphasizes education and responsibility and doesn't shy away from details like how



Dispensary on the way to Union Station photo: Julie Murphy

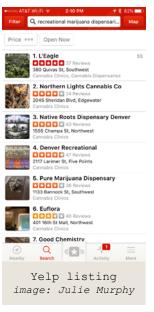
to home grow safely ("avoid use of pesticides") and how to deal with edibles ("start slow" and be sure to store safely away from children and pets). This part of the presentation included passing around examples of child-proof marijuana containers which SALIS conference attendees happily attempted to open.

Ali and Elyse ended their talk by advising that government organizations be clear about their messages – better to refrain from saying anything at all until a unified message is created for all related agencies to stand behind.

Friday afternoon is the traditional time for the SALIS field trip. As I'd visited the Denver Public Library on arrival on Wednesday, I jumped on a <u>rented city bicycle</u> https://denver.bcycle.com/ and headed to the Denver Art Museum

to visit with my favorite pots.
(By that I mean ceramics, as I enjoy making pottery, and the DAM has a world class exhibit of Native American work.)
Afterwards, however, I was curious about Denver's marijuana retail shops. Would they be easy to find? What would the atmosphere be like?

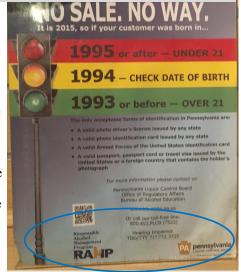
Yelp, that handy source of reviews for restaurants and big box stores alike, did not fail me. There were at least 10 stores within a 10 minute bike ride, and one less than two blocks away. At this point, it was Friday evening and I assumed the place would be packed. But the "Pure" http://puremmj.com/ marijuana



(Continued on page 4)

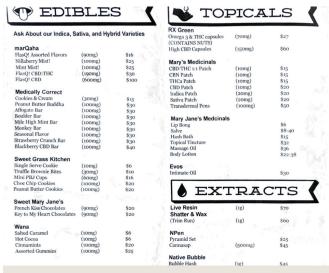


dispensary lobby was empty. I walked up to a glassed in counter and waited for ten minutes for "the gatekeeper." This was the person to check IDs and regulate the number of customers in the showroom of merchandise, tucked behind closed doors



I surreptitiously took a photo of prices (meaningless to Displayed signage from Pennsylvania about alcohol. . in Colorado pot shop? OKAY. photo: Julie Murphy

me, but perhaps helpful to our scientists) and got a chuckle out of the "no sale if under 21" sign – from the Responsible *Alcohol* Management Program...of *Pennsylvania*. By the time the gatekeeper returned to her post, it was five minutes till closing and another customer



Native Roots price list photo: Julie Murphy

was waiting patiently behind me. I had to confess that I was not planning to buy anything, and she politely asked if I'd let the other customer go in my place and return tomorrow.

When the conference adjourned the following day, I found myself taking refuge in the doorway of a bar during a surprise hailstorm. During a break I walked down the street

and took refuge at Native Roots (https://nativerootsdispensary.com/). This retail shop was larger (they have 16 locations state wide) and more polished. The industrial-look waiting area had sleek metal benches (vs. Pure's plastic bucket seats) and two doors — one for medical patients and the other for recreational. I knew which line to get into, and was quickly admitted after showing my California driver's license.

Again I felt slightly guilty for not wanting to purchase anything, but my assigned "budtender" was happy to discuss products even when I was upfront about my lookieloo status. I haggled about the prices of two seemly identical tinctures – why was TincSure!'s CBD:THC 1:1



\$36 while the same amount of Re-leaf \$50? "Brand name" was the sage reply. I also asked about vaporizers and discovered I could spend either \$70 (bargain basement) or over \$300 (top of the line).

After I left I realized I hadn't been looking closely enough for marijuana outlets. Now I saw signs everywhere. I think I may have expected something obvious like Oakland's cannabis billboards (http://www.motherjones.com/politics/2016/04/san-francisco-ad-campaign-artisanal-marijuana) but instead saw tasteful marquees and small murals.

My "field trip" provided real world examples of what we may soon be experiencing in California. Both casual conversations at SALIS and formal presentations helped me feel prepared to discover and share the as yet unknown outcomes of this legislation .

Great (Jeffrey Beall from p. 1) PUBLISHERS (Jeffrey Beall from p. 1)

CAS: We strongly agree with your program of educating our users.

Beall: I don't know any other way of dealing with the problem; that's what I'm trying to do.

CAS: How do we educate them? You do a lot, you give a lot of presentations, you run your blog. What can the everyday librarian do?

Beall: The problem is most librarians put their politics before their librarianship. Their personal politics are more important than their jobs. It's true. Their first devotion is to their political beliefs, to promote Open Access, rather than to help their faculty members and the students at the university.

But to answer your question, librarians can explain and identify predatory and low-quality publishers and journals to their patrons and can help them avoid submitting work to them, citing them, and serving on their editorial boards.

CAS: When you were talking about the definitions of Open Access, I read three articles in a row that each had a different definition for Gold Open Access. One said that it's the author-pays model, another said that it's Gold only if it's a peer-reviewed journal, and a third said that it's considered Gold if it's not a repository. Do you have a specific definition?

Beall: My definition doesn't match what the Open Access advocates define it as. For me, Gold Open Access is author pays Open Access. Now the Open Access advocates will say "Gold Open Access is anything that's online, free to access." In other words, they don't distinguish between whether the author has to pay or not. Because there are some journals where it's free to the reader and free for the author. I call those "Platinum Open Access."

CAS: Is that your term?

Beall: No, I didn't invent it. Somebody else invented it, but I think I've used it more than anybody.

DIRECTORY OF OPEN ACCESS JOURNALS

The reason the Open Access advocates call both

Platinum and Gold, "Gold," is because they want to say "this is Gold Open Access, and most Gold Open Access journals don't have a fee," because one study in 2012 found that, a study that used only DOAJ [Directory of Open Access Journals] journals and not journals from my lists. They use that as a selling point to promote Gold Open Access, and it's completely dishonest. So we have Gold



Librarian Jeffrey Beale, Univ. of CO photo: Judit Ward

Open Access, Green Open Access, and Platinum Open Access.

CAS: In the addiction field, there are many Platinum Open Access journals. For example, national societies may get funded by their government, and they have the opportunity to run an Open Access journal. It is not fair to mention them along the lines of predatory journals.

Beall: They're Platinum Open Access. Journals using this model don't have the built-in conflict of interest, in which the more papers they publish, the more money they make.

The one problem with Platinum Open Access is that often the journals operate on a very tight budget, if it's not a rich society. Some can't afford value adds like copy-editing or Crossref, so they're not adding very much value to the author's work. Platinum open-access journals are often not a good place for the authors to publish. That's the weakness of the Platinum model.

CAS: Libraries and scholarly societies can at least provide education to the people in the discipline. Can we kind of police our own discipline instead of trying to branch out so broadly?

Beall: It could help, but remember, people act as individuals in their own best interests. If a particular researcher thinks it's good for him to publish in a predatory journal, he'll do it. We have a tradition of not policing the press, and that's good. We don't want the government

(Continued on page 6)



involved in regulating anything to do with publishing. So publishing needs to regulate itself. But for scholarly societies, it's a tough problem, because they are under pressure to switch to the Open Access model, but if they do that, they lose a lot of income, because there's not much income in Gold Open Access. Say, it's a quarterly journal, and you publish 10 articles each quarter at \$1,000 per article, that's \$10,000 per quarter, and that's not enough to run a good journal. But under the subscription model, the cost is spread out among many subscribing libraries. You can get sufficient income to properly manage an academic journal. If you're able to invest that money into management of a journal, you can have a really good, high quality journal. But the Open Access advocates are really pressuring societies to switch to OA.

CAS: Do you think the Directory of Open Access Journals is doing a good job with their "white list" as opposed to the "black list"? Do you think it complements what you're doing?

Beall: It can, ideally, but white lists have a lot of problems, and there are lots



of attempts to start white lists. There's Quality Open Access Market (QOAM), which is one of the experimental ones in the Netherlands, and experimentation is great. There's also JournalGuide, which came out of North Carolina, and hasn't really taken off. In 2013 DOAJ, which seems to have one controversy after another, were caught in the Science sting, in which 45% of a sample of journals

in DOAJ accepted that bogus paper. 45%. So, DOAJ is just having one controversy after another, and they over-rely on publisher-supplied information, which can be glossed.

CAS: What about abstracting and indexing services? Do you think they have any role in discerning?

Beall: They're part of the problem. We go to library conferences, and we go to the EBSCO lunch, and EBSCO, they have these big slides, and they brag about how many

journals they have. So they have an incentive to cover more journals. So they can say "we have more than Scopus" and Scopus wants to say "we have more than EBSCO," so there's an incentive for them to



include journals in their databases to make their numbers go up. And because of that competition with other indexes, they include predatory journals.

CAS: Really? So if we're searching, say, Academic Search Premier, you can stumble on a lot of these?

Beall: Not the worst of the worst, but there are some there that I don't think should be. And pretty much every predatory publisher has the EBSCO logo on its website.

CAS: Whether they're abstracted or not.

Beall: Right. And — especially in the business field — there are these weird journals that have websites, the published content is not there, but it is in EBSCO, it's in ProQuest, so the only way to access what they publish is through EBSCO or ProQuest. They charge the authors, and EBSCO or ProQuest give them money for their content, and then they also have their little business conferences and people pay there, too. I call them "super-closed access" journals.

CAS: Just speaking in general about Open Access: Do you have any thoughts on the NIH compliance policies? Do you think that's an okay idea, since they're usually publicly funded?



Beall: People with money can attach conditions to the money. That's normal. So, no, I don't have thoughts about that. I do have big thoughts about NCBI, the National Center for Biotechnology Information, which runs PubMed and PMC. They're not doing a sufficient job of vetting out predatory journals from their databases. It's a total disaster. Their databases are filled with junk. It's a growing problem.

(Continued on page 7)

CAS: And that is very dangerous, because they are related to NIH, grant-funding agencies, so that sends a very bad message to the researchers. So we librarians, even if we told them that "Look, that's not a journal you want to publish in"—

Beall: "It's in PubMed!"

CAS: "It's in PubMed" exactly.

Beall: PubMed is not a white list, and it should not be used as a white list. Only MEDLINE should "PubMed is not a white list, and it should not be used as a white list. Only MEDLINE should be used as a whitelist. But try convincing people of that. Everyone thinks if it's in PubMed, it's good."

-- Jeffrey Beale

be used as a whitelist. But try convincing people of that. Everyone thinks if it's in PubMed, it's good.

CAS: So MEDLINE, you think, does a pretty good job?

Beall: Yes, MEDLINE is a curated list of journals.

CAS: The next question refers to confidence men, in general. Maybe there are a bunch of con men behind the predatory journals? Or is there only one? Or is this bigger than just one?

CAS: Or are we giving them too much credit?

Beall: No, there are a lot of con men behind predatory journals. There are journals set up for specific purposes. There are journals that are more internet scams than they are scholarly publishing scams. There are lots of journals that are set up only to give academic credit to people. It's a group of people that sets up a journal and they all publish in the journal, and they all cite each other. And then they use the journals to get promotions at their university. So it's really just one guy that sets up a journal. And if somebody else submits a paper to it, that's great, because they can make money, but the real purpose isn't money, it's just promotions.

CAS: These are Gold Open Access journals?

Beall: Certainly. They're Gold, because nobody will subscribe to them. At least the ones I see are Gold. If it's not a Gold Open Access journal, I generally ignore it. There are a few exceptions; I actually have a few subscription journals on my list that are really bad.

CAS: And the Green Open Access, okay, it's been peer-reviewed, it's gone through the editing process, it just

hasn't been typeset and published—

Beall: Or copy-edited.

CAS: It hasn't been copy-edited. So now you can submit the post-print for everybody to see. Who do you think benefits from a repository of not-quite-finished versions of articles that are eventually going to go into journals?

Beall: The unspoken goal of Green Open Access is to undermine subscription journals. It was coming from one man, from your country, the Hungarian-born, Stevan Harnad. It was really his effort, and his idea was to get authors so accustomed to self-archiving their post-prints to the repository that eventually they would say "Hey, we don't need these journals at all. We could just submit our work to the repositories instead of being published." But he failed completely. He's basically admitted that he's given up, so



Stevan Harnad photo: Wikipedia

that's another death signal to Open Access.

Another problem with Green Open Access, is that if a researcher practices Green Open Access for a journal, one article is in this repository, another article is in that repository. They don't



have DOIs, in most cases. So they're all spreading out the work all over the place and it's in a Word document. I've done it, because I wanted to see what it's like. I have a bunch of stuff on e-Lis, the Library and Information Science disciplinary repository. I put a lot of stuff there, because I want to learn from doing it.

CAS: Is it accessed often? Do people use it?

Beall: There is a statistical function on it, but I don't look at it a lot. There's one thing that I put up there that wasn't published. It was an article that I wrote that I tried to get published in the *Journal of Librarianship and Scholarly Communication*. But they kept stringing me along, and I eventually figured out they didn't want to publish anything from me.

CAS: Because of your name?

Beall: Yeah, because of my name and my work, and it's really a polemic journal. It's a super left wing Open Access journal. So I didn't want to submit it somewhere else,

(Continued on page 8)

open (Jeffrey Beall, from p. 7) FULLISHERS

because I changed it so many times to accommodate the editors. <u>I just put it up on e-Lis</u>, and it has gotten cited, just as a self-published manuscript. That's where I was trying to develop this concept called "scholarly publishing literacy." So that was interesting.

CAS: That's a good one. Maybe that's the solution.

Beall: But they wouldn't publish it!

CAS: Do you find discussions productive at all?

Beall: It depends on how politicized they are. There are some people that hate me, and I see comments that they write in blog posts and in other social media venues, comments that amount to hate speech.

CAS: But you understand that you're doing a very important job.

Beall: I hope people find it important. I think that medical research is one of the most important endeavors that we have as human beings. What can be more important than medical research?

CAS: The last question is related to cats, we are librarians, we have to bring cats into the picture. When I translate predatory journals into my native Hungarian, it sounds more like "parasite," like a leech, instead of predatory, which is just a one-time thing, a parasite is leeching on science. Here comes the cat thing. When a cat has a tapeworm, you just give them a pill. Is there a pill for predatory journals?

Beall: No, there is no easy solution unfortunately. At least not in the immediate future. The problem is that too many people are still promoting Gold Open Access despite its flaws. If we went for Platinum Open Access, that would be a better way to



When a cat has a tapeworm, you just give them a pill. Is there a pill for predatory journals?
-- Judit and Bill
Photo: Meg Brunner

go. But I think increasingly people are starting to realize that publishing based on author fees is a bad idea. It's silencing people. If you don't have a grant, if you're a retired professor still doing research, you have no source of money to pay for the article processing charges.

CAS: Do these discussions invigorate you? Or are you getting bored?

Beall: No, no. Sometimes I learn from them. And actually, I like the conversations and the questions that happen in my talks. They're actually interesting. One thing I'm learning now is that there are more and more people who are employed in the Open Access industry. They see me as a really bad guy, because I threaten their jobs.

CAS: Thank you very much. I hope we were not too boring.

Beall: No, this was great, I love talking about this. Especially with people who are friendly. Some think they're interviewing the enemy.

From the New Chair

Vaughan Birbeck, European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA)

I am still in a state of wonder that I was able to visit Denver and attend the SALIS/AMHL Conference last May. It was a great opportunity to see new places, meet new people (or put faces to names), renew old friendships, and experience the energy and commitment of our members at first



New SALIS Chair, Vaughan Birbeck

hand. Now I am able to write to you as Chair.

In the range of subjects which were covered at the conference, the seamless combination of the interests of two organisations, and the lively post-presentation debates, the conference can only be considered a great success.

We still have exciting projects to move forward for the future, particularly our digitisation project with the Internet Archive. Our target is to have 1000 items available in our collection by the end of 2016, marking an impressive milestone in the collection's development.

One of my aims as Chair is to spread the word on SALIS in Europe in the hope of attracting new members. With this is mind I will be making a presentation to the meeting of the Heads of the EMCDDA's National Focal Points, which has 30 members, on 14 June.

Meanwhile, if any member has a SALIS-related issue they would like me or the Board to know about, please feel free to contact me at: Vaughan.Birbeck@emcdda.europa.eu □

Highlights from the Board and Business Meetings, 2016

David Man, SALIS Secretary, National Center on Addiction and Substance Abuse (CASA)

The annual SALIS conference is an important time when the business of the organization is conducted and corporate activities, challenges, and achievements are debated. Here are some of the highlights from this year's SALIS Board Meeting and two Business Meetings.

Note: SALIS members can request full-text copies of the Chair's Report, the SALIS Home Report, or the Treasurer's Report from salis@salis.org.

SALIS Board Meeting

The Chair's Report

Chair Deann Jepson was unable to attend the conference this year, so Chair-Elect Vaughan Birbeck led the Board and Business meetings. Deann reported that a Chair's Report would be submitted at a later date.

Treasurer's Report

Karen Palmer dialed in from Toronto and presented highlights of the budget as of February 28 2016, covering transactions for the past four months. Most income was from membership renewals and conference fees. She reported that SALIS has a healthy balance of funds and is financially stable.

SALIS Home Report

The home office is now in its 27th year. We are fortunate that the office is located at the Institute for Scientific Analysis (ISA) as such things



as rent, phone, and internet service are all covered by the Institute.

To assist with the work load, it was decided last year that Alondra Flores be hired as a consultant to do data-entry work as needed. Membership renewal and conference registration are times of peak demand and so hiring someone on a part time basis / consultative at these particular times makes more sense than having full time employee. The Board endorsed the continuation of Alondra working for SALIS Home on this basis.

The Digs Project

As part of the Home report, Andrea presented some data on the ongoing DIGS project. The good news is that 765 items have been digitized. The project team met their goal of 500 items digitized by December 31, 2015 and has a goal of 1,000 items digitized by the end of 2016. The project has received funding from a variety of sources including NIAAA and there are sufficient funds to maintain the project for now but additional sources of funding will need to be found in the near term.



Volunteers are needed to assist with standardization of the records in the collection. SALIS now has 8 administrator logins, and can request more.

New Web Host for the SALIS Site

The SALIS website has been hacked several times making us more vulnerable to further attacks. Dreamhost is our current host and they have been of little assistance when needed and so it is the intention of SALIS to move our platform to another web hosting company called Go Daddy. Hopefully this will resolve a number of issues that we have experienced with Dreamhost.

Membership

European and US membership is down but Canada is up by 1. We have 63 members and a few more are pending but last year we had 69. Because of the increasing number of library closures over the years we have been losing SALIS members and as a result we have debated how to reverse the trend, if possible.



One method is, of course, by more aggressive outreach and another is by entertaining the possibility of merging with another organization similar to ours. The board will continue to consider these and other ideas over the coming year.

CLIR-Mellon Award

It has been considered for a time whether or not SALIS should apply for a CLIR-Mellon Award for digitization. If we did apply, our main role would be to collect the books from the various libraries that make up SALIS and send them to the Internet Archive. SALIS would be unique as a partner as it consists of many libraries, however even the application process would be very time- and resource-intensive, and the project itself, more so. The Advocacy Committee later discussed the idea and reported at the Business Meeting their recommendation not to pursue this award.

Merging Membership & Outreach with Technology

It was voted that we merge the Membership and Outreach Committee with the Technology Committee as there was duplication of function and members between the two.

(Continued on page 10)

(Meeting Highlights, from p. 9)

Both their businesses could be done more efficiently by one group. For more, read the annual report from the new Technology & Outreach Committee on page 17.

Governance: Bylaws Revision

A bylaws revision committee has been set up consisting of David Man, Sheila LaCroix, and Laura Durham. One bylaw identified for revision is the one that states that the mailing of election ballots should be done at least three months before the annual membership meeting. The board unanimously agreed to recommend to the membership that this be changed to one month instead; a membership vote will follow.

Conference: Scholarship Eligibility

Criteria for SALIS conference scholarships were also under review by the Board this year. No changes to the application process or eligibility requirements were made.

Developing SALIS Membership

Vaughan Birbeck (Chair-Elect) stated that the EMCCDA uses the CLIP network to reach out to contact other librarians and make them aware of SALIS and encourages them to join up. Vaughan said that he hoped to use the EMCDDA's Reitox network of National Focal Points (NFPs) in EU member states to spread the word about SALIS at their bi-annual meeting.

Business Meetings Parts I and II

Participants at the meeting were asked to vote and return their ballots for the position of Chair-Elect, Treasurer, and Member at Large (MAL). *before* the next business meeting on the last day when votes would be tallied and newly elected Board members announced.

Sheila LaCroix, who had stepped in as secretary at the 2015 conference when David Man fell ill, reviewed the previous year's Business Meeting minutes. It was proposed, seconded, and unanimously passed that the minutes of last year's SALIS Business Meeting be approved and accepted.

Readers are reminded that the *Legal Highs* guide (a resource list) that Christine Goodair has prepared for *SALIS News* can also be found on the Resources page of the SALIS website. Christine has also updated the <u>Drugs in Sport Info Brief</u>, which can now be found on the same page of the site,



as well as in this issue of SALIS News (see page 20).

The Chair-Elect, Executive Director, and the Committee and SIG Chairs all provided updates from their reports and from the board meeting. Christine Goodair added during a discussion of the Digs Project that there was a possibility of a small grant from the Society for the Study of Addiction in London to help with the DIGS project.

Reports from most of the Committees and SIGS can be found on page 16 of this issue of *SALIS News*. In addition, the following brief report from the RADAR SIG was presented at the Business Meeting:

RADAR SIG Report

The Minnesota Resource Center has had its budget cut in half resulting in the loss of two staff members but the clearinghouse itself has been saved.

Nancy Sutherland suggested looking into the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Agency (HIDTA which is part of ONDCP), which has a mandate to distribute a small grant for treatment and prevention resources. If applied for, this may help keep some prevention centers going.

Election Results. Three positons were up for election this year: Treasurer, Chair-Elect, and a Member-at-Large (MAL). The results were: Barbara Seitz de Martinez was voted Chair-Elect, unopposed; Karen Palmer was reelected as Treasurer, unopposed; and in a tight three way race Isabelle Michot was elected as MAL. Congratulations to the new members of the Board!

SALIS would like to thank Judit Ward and Bill Bejarano, retiring from the Board this year as Chair and MAL, respectively) for their tenure, which included a splendid conference at New Brunswick in 2014 and the launching of the *SALIS Journal*. Their contributions to the organization have been particularly enriching and we are most grateful for all their efforts on our behalf.

2017 Conference

A number of suggestions were made as to where the next conference might be held such as: Seattle (MLA is meeting there), Toronto,



Washington DC, Nashville TN, Boston, etc. The latter was suggested because this year's conference was held in conjunction with AMHL as that organization had members who were active in the Boston area and who might take on the task of organizing next year's conference.

Those in attendance thanked Courtney Drysdale for all her hard work in putting the conference together. The membership agreed that it had been very successful and worthwhile. \Box

New Cannabis Regulations Implemented in Americas: Perceptions & Repercussions in Europe: Overview of SALIS 2016 Presentation

Isabelle Michot, French Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (OFDT), France

[Editor's note: some of the articles described below have been made available on the SALIS website for members only. You will need the SALIS member login/password to access those links.]

Between 2012 and 2014, two North American states (Colorado and Washington) and one South American country (Uruguay) legalized the production and the sale of cannabis. In 2015,



Alaska, Oregon, and Washington D.C. opened their market to legal cannabis sales. Jamaica and Canada announced that they would follow soon. The repercussions on public debates within European countries are numerous.

First, an overview of cannabis legislation and prevalence trends in Europe has shown that there is no simple relationship between policy in respect with legal sanctions and prevalence. A significant example is France: the policy is highly repressive but the prevalence of cannabis use among 18-64 year olds is one of the highest in Europe and it has recently increased.

As far as public opinion is concerned, the picture is not uniform either. Opinions on cannabis legislation among young people (15-24 year-olds) in the European Union remain divided (Flash Eurobarometer



401, TNS Political & Social, Brussels: European Commission, 2014: http://ec.europa.eu/public_opinion/archives/flash_arch_404_391_fr.htm#401).

Just over half of the respondents declared that cannabis should continue to be banned (53%), while 45% thought it should be regulated. Compared to 2011, respondents in 2014 are less likely to think that cannabis should continue to be banned (-6) or available without restriction (-4), and more likely to say it should be regulated (+11). But there is

a noticeable heterogeneity between EU countries.

The recent changes in the public debates have been illustrated through lively examples of media coverage in France, United Kingdom, Italy, Spain and Switzerland.

FRANCE

* Les Inrockuptibles, 3 February 2016: "Hollande saved by the weed? Why legalization is a chance for the President." (SALIS members link)



In November 2014, a left and a right deputy published together their views on the evaluation of the French drug policy. The left deputy proposed to legalize

cannabis use in private settings for adults, to regulate cannabis supply under the control of the State, and to transform cannabis-use offense into a third class contravention (a maximum fine of €450).

But even among the Socialist Party, cannabis issues remain a taboo and opinions were divided.

Nevertheless, this article explains that not only left or ecologist politicians asked for a debate but that now politicians from the right wing are also in favor of legalization, mostly for security questions.



In 2014, a report was published by the French think tank Terra Nova (Ben Lakhdar et al., 2014: http://tnova.fr/etudes/cannabis-reguler-le-marche-pour-sortir-de-l-impasse). It assessed the economic impact of the social cost of 3 scenarios of

cannabis regulation. For these economists, it is the legalization of the production, the sale, and the use of cannabis in the context of a State monopoly that seems to be the best fitted policy to control consumption and to enable the requisite prevention. This scenario is similar to the system adopted in Uruguay.

* Le Figaro, 13 April 2016:

Editorial: "Cannabis for all?" & "The Socialist Party wants cannabis to be a stake for 2017" (SALIS members link) In April, the declaration of a socialist member of the government who is also a former physician has made once more a lot of noise. He pleaded for the depenalization



of cannabis and for a great debate before the presidential

(Continued on page 12)

(Cannabis in Europe, from p. 11)

elections of 2017. But even among the Socialist party, it is still a taboo.

UNITED KINGDOM

* SSA (Society for the Study of Addiction): "The UK Cannabis Debate: A Brief Look at Policy"



https://www.addiction-ssa.org/

commentary/the-uk-cannabis-debate-a-brief-look-at-policy

In October 2015 a debate was held at Westminster Hall where the House of Commons was called to discuss an epetition titled, "Make the production, sale and use of cannabis legal," signed by over 200,000 people. The Government response was that cannabis use is a significant public health issue, causing harm to individuals and society (Advisory Council on the Misuse of Drugs, 2008). The government had no intention to review the legislation on cannabis, stating that legalization "would not eliminate crime committed by the illicit trade" and "wouldn't address the harms associated with drug dependence."

* The Guardian, 5 October

2014: "Drugs uncovered 2014 - An intimate look at British attitudes to drugs"



http://www.theguardian.com/society/series/drugsuncovered-2014

This kind of portal has been made after the publishing of the British Crime Survey 2014.

http://www.theguardian.com/society/2014/oct/05/-spbritain-divided-how-we-really-feel-about-drugs

Interesting extract: "[T]wo U.S. states, Washington and Colorado, have decriminalised marijuana. Our survey shows that Britons are divided over the idea of instituting a similar scheme in this country, with just over half supporting it. But the divisions remain wide: 27% of the population thought our drug laws are too liberal, and exactly the same number thought that they're not liberal enough – whereas 46% think they're just right.



* The Economist, 13 February 2016:

"The right way to do drugs - Legalising cannabis safely" (SALIS members link) In February, The Economist made a buzz with a somewhat provocative cover. This British weekly magazine is considered liberal and influential. The article analyzed the questions

"bureaucrats" will have to answer now that "the argument for the legalization of cannabis has been won:" how to tax, who can sale and to whom. Of course, the models of

Colorado and Uruguay were particularly investigated.

ITALY

Recent press articles indicate that the debate is very lively:

* La Repubblica, 18 March 2016: "Cannabis legal, Radicals deposited bill"

http://www.repubblica.it/salute/2016/03/18/news/ dai radicali proposta di legge popolare sulla legalizzazi one della cannabis-135615999/?refresh ce

The Radicals have deposited a bill of popular initiative

asking for the regulation of cannabis and its derivatives. Their appeal concerned the right to cultivate up to 5 plants for personal use or to associate in "cannabis social clubs." A website is dedicated to this project:



"Legalizziamo! Prohibition has failed" - http:// www.legalizziamo.it. It gives access to an online petition addressed to the European Parliament. The introduction explains that the opinions on soft drugs have evolved with the Italian laws and this text denounces the total failure of repressive action.

* L'Espresso, 7 January 2014: "Survey - Cannabis, why we should legalize."

Colorado and Washington State are cited. http://espresso.repubblica.it/inchieste/2014/01/07/news/ cannabis-ecco-perche-legalizzare-conviene-1.147998.

* Corriere della Sera, 11 January 2014: "The debate (fogged) on freedom of cannabis"

http://www.corriere.it/cronache/14 gennaio 11/dibattitoannebbiato-liberta-cannabis-39db2d96-7a8b-11e3-b46a-38fa5c85cfc2.shtml

Extract: "[T]he recent decisions in Uruguay, Colorado and Washington State reopened in Italy a debate that has dragged on for decades."

SPAIN

* El País, 3 April 2014:

"Legalizing cannabis would make its use commonplace.



The government delegate for

the National Drug Plan maintains that there is no reason to change [Spanish] regulation"

http://sociedad.elpais.com/sociedad/2014/04/03/ actualidad/1396537035 839881.html

(Continued on page 13)

(Cannabis in Europe, from p. 12)

Given the reforms in Uruguay and in Colorado, as well as the ensuing debate on the legalization of cannabis, the Spanish government considers that there is no reason to change its regulation because it would make cannabis consumption commonplace. According to the delegate for the National Drug Plan, "cannabis is a source of conflict for health," given the possibility of developing psychosis throughout life and because of the high prevalence of cannabis-related traffic accidents.

SWITZERLAND

* RTS (Radio-television-

Switzerland) opened a section devoted to cannabis on its website (http://www.rts.ch/decouverte/sante-et-medecine/maladies-et-traitements/cannabis/) including an interview of Olivier Guéniat (criminologist, chief of the judicial police of Neuchâtel and member of the Federal Commission on drug questions). He



has been in Uruguay in May 2014 in order to study this model that he considers a very positive experience. For him, depenalization would clearly help to block the black market.

In Switzerland, there are important divisions between cities and countryside but there will be (and there are already) initiatives in some cities. Those cities are going to study the American models with scientific follow-ups. If those initiatives are considered positive, the countryside will follow the cities... still 10 to 15 years to wait according to Mr Guéniat.

24 heures

* 24 heures, 2 February 2014: "Revived debate on cannabis legalization" http://www.24heures.ch/ suisse/debat-liberalisation-

cannabis-relance/story/11309216

The Federal Commission on drug-related issues considers that several models exist (USA, Uruguay or Spain) and that they must be studied and analyzed. This Commission would also like to be informed on controlled trade experiences.

As we can see through this overview, cannabis legislations are various in Europe but debates are various too. It's obvious that the debates, which were previously mostly on depenalization, have a catalyzing effect and are now more legalization-oriented. \Box

SALIS @ Denver: Time to Say Goodbye?

Judit Ward, Rutgers Center of Alcohol Studies



Five years. That is the time I served on the SALIS Board. Five years, a short period, but long enough for reflections. Why serve on a board of a professional organization? Why SALIS? Other than the obvious line items for the curriculum vitae (cv), precious in academia, why would one want to take on extra responsibilities? Because we are nice people? Because someone has to do it? Something in between?

Some of us have been attracted to new horizons due to our belief in intrinsic values and in the potential that we can make a difference. With every new horizon, there is an illusion that *horizons are never far*. But what about that difference thingie?

A member since 2008, I had never applied for a scholarship to attend the annual SALIS Conference until this year. A librarian from the large state university should give this opportunity to incoming colleagues, I thought, so that they can meet with people from all over the world.

These conferences serve as excellent opportunities for networking, providing support to fellow librarians, and keeping abreast of many topics, should they be related to addiction, information science, or technology. This is exactly the same language I used for my scholarship application this year. New or old members, the benefits are indisputable. The experience, however, is not quite the same. That is why I suggested that scholarship recipients should be encouraged to share theirs in SALIS News.

I believe my SALIS conference experience goes beyond Denver. As a presenter at six previous SALIS conferences and the host of the 36th Annual Conference in 2014 at Rutgers in New Brunswick, NJ, I probably have a unique view. But, apart from impressions and personal feelings, I'd rather just state facts as a starting point of my reflections. *Facts*



are stubborn things, as Comrade Virág claimed in <u>The Witness</u>.

Since 2008, I have attended seven SALIS Conferences. As stated in my scholarship application, I contributed to their success with talks and posters. My articles in the *SALIS News* have strongly been <u>advocating active participation</u> in SALIS via <u>attending conferences</u> and writing for the newsletter. The <u>SALIS eProceedings</u>, co-founded by me,

(Continued on page 14)



(Time to Say Goodbye?, from p. 13)

serves the purpose of sharing the vast expertise of SALIS members with those unable to attend, as well as to document the scholarly aspect of SALIS activities. I was able to add 2 edited SALIS journal issues, 5 peer-reviewed articles, 19 non-refereed articles, 13 presentations and posters, and 1 book review to my publication list. Noticeably, the cv benefited too.

Adding to the experience was the privilege to represent SALIS at the NAADAC conference in 2015 in Washington, DC. With my co-authors, we promoted SALIS in a presentation detailing what SALIS can do for the community of addiction professionals. I also represented SALIS with presentations at the International Society of Addiction Journal Editors (ISAJE) conference and the conference held in my native Hungary last year for the newly established addiction meta society, the International Confederation of ATOD Research Associations (ICARA). Much earlier, in 2009, I presented at the Elisad conference, our European sister-organization whose members are now with us in SALIS.

Denver was meant to be the pinnacle, pun intended, ever since it came up as a venue a few years back. I pictured myself in a Denver bar. Well, not the one where I got carded eventually. A library with two fulltime employees can barely afford both staff members to be away, let alone to take days off at the same time. I always envy colleagues who are able to tag a few extra days onto a



photo: Judit Ward

conference trip, before or after the official program, or even before AND after. For me, the official conference program is the time off, when I have the luxury of focusing on the task at hand, one thing at a time. Piece of cake. Gluten-free, since we were in Denver. Like Jack Kerouac's Sal Paradise, *I had to get to Denver*. I had to interview Jeffrey Beall. The conference did feel like a vacation in the "Mile-High City." I am not talking about the elated moments our colleagues from Seattle were unable to experience, although, I must admit, the albuterol inhaler remained in the suitcase. Related to the thin, but rich air? Who knows.

So what was different this time? SALIS conferences always offer an assortment of presentation topics and

styles. The joint conference with the <u>Association of Mental Health Librarians</u> proved to be a great idea in terms of variety as well as building new relationships. The balance between scholarly and practical, unbiased and gripped, skeptical and committed, has never been more pronounced. Diverse viewpoints in the same room for several days might call for a disaster, even if one is facing the rear end of a giant blue bear, feeling as tiny as a pimple on an ants' nose. However, respect and genuine interest in the others'

work, appreciation of time and efforts invested in the presented projects, acknowledgement of great achievements, and authority on a

Judit H. Ward in SALIS

Member-At-Large: 2012-2013 SALIS Chair Elect: 2014 SALIS Chair: 2015 SALIS Past Chair: 2016

topic are just some of the values that made this conference remarkable. Whether one got emotional over the moving first-person account of a presenter, submerged in intellectual depths with the next one, or played along in a workshop, I felt surrounded by like-minded individuals, who learned to appreciate diverse skillsets. Denver has shown its true colors. There are multiple roads to Rome and all roads lead to Rome. And, although not from Italy, we now have a European SALIS chair!

Kudos to our host, Courtney Drysdale, who pulled it off, alone, after her library closed a year ago. Well, actually, not alone. She was never alone, not for a second, which just makes this feat even more impressive. The little guy, who sat through the conference, pushing and kicking, should remind us all that even if we feel like we are marching in place, we should make things happen. For them, a tutti bambini. In the meanwhile, *I will continue to dream a little longer*.

Nothing behind me, everything ahead of me, as is ever so on the road.

(Jack Kerouac: *On the Road*) □



photo: Judit Ward

Conference Report: Marijuana Policy Update

Sheila Lacroix

It was terrific that the Association of Mental Health Librarians (AMHL) was able to join SALIS in Denver for this year's conference. I'm confident that attendees all felt like they benefited. Having worked many years at an addiction and mental health centre, the advantages of sharing knowledge and challenges are obvious. We all deal with the consequences of mind-altering substances and problems, mental health promotion has embraced drug prevention, and concurrent disorders are recognized as very prevalent among the mental health and addiction treatment population.

The 2015 SALIS conference in San Diego hosted a panel discussion on the legalization of marijuana, which was later written up in the 2015 SALIS eProceedings: http://library.alcoholstudies.rutgers.edu/sites/library.alcoholstudies.rutgers.edu/files/documents/ SALISJOURNAL/SALIS2015/90 Lacroix Marijuana.pdf

Being in Colorado for SALIS/AMHL 2016 provided an excellent opportunity to continue the discussion. The passage of a year brought new data, research, and issues to the forefront. Given that Colorado was one of the first states to legalize the recreational use of marijuana, local public health experts were welcomed to share the Colorado experience. In addition, Julie Netherland, Drug Policy Alliance, was on hand to provide a broader U.S. perspective, and Isabelle Michot, French Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (OFDT), shared information on the impact of policy changes in the Americas on the debate in Europe.

Although the presentations will be available in the the Members-Only section of the SALIS website, here are a few highlights.

Colorado

We learned the following from Ali Maffey and Elyse Contreras, both of the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE). CDPHE has a mandate to monitor and analyze the health impacts of retail



marijuana. It also handles the medical marijuana registry. An important role is the research program used to determine current evidence and develop a framework to

add emerging evidence. The evidence is disseminated via research statements, public health messages, and public education. Eight topics are monitored, including unintentional use by children.

The gateway into this information is located at



https://www.colorado.gov/cdphe/retail-marijuana.

In addition to the research reviews, the first *Colorado Monitoring Health Concerns* report, 2014, has been posted. Public health messages, such as one on Breastfeeding and Marijuana, can be found under "Marijuana: Education and Youth Prevention Resources for Community Agencies." Colorado has also established definitions for use: occasional, regular, heavy, and recent. It is interesting and perhaps unique that the Colorado Department of Transportation has set a legal limit for driving. See:

https://www.codot.gov/safety/alcohol-and-impaired-driving/druggeddriving.

Drug Policy Alliance Julie Netherland

emphasized the toll of mass incarceration due to marijuana offences, including both monetary (billions in taxpayers dollars) and personal, particularly among racialized communities. The Drug Policy Alliance advocates that marijuana



be removed from the criminal justice system and regulated like alcohol and tobacco. There is popular support for this, in particular among younger Americans. But now that it is emerging as a major industry as a result of the social justice movement, other issues come to the foreground. Who will have access to the new industry? Who has been left out? For those with police records, will these be expunged? What are the implications for other illegal drugs – the "War on Drugs"? How do we find the balance between regulation and free market forces? What regulations are effective in protecting public health and safety? There are different models to study. Dr. Netherland really honed in on the many challenges and raised awareness that social justice and public health must continue to drive policy decisions.

European Union / International

Cannabis is classified as a narcotic drug under control by

(Continued on page 16)



(Marijuana Policy Update, from p. 6)

the United Nations and EU member states. However control at the national level varies among countries.

Isabelle Michot of OFDT emphasized that there is a diversity of attitudes and usage across EU membership. The situation in the Americas is being monitored with interest. Here are some sources she highlighted.



The CANNALEX Project in France, launched in 2015, is a joint project of the French National Institute for Advanced Studies in Security and Justice (INHESJ) and OFDT designed to analyze three main policy models and determine the impacts. The models are: prohibition of use and possession; decriminalization of small quantities; legalization of production, use and distribution. The CANNALEX research project is also being conducted in other countries.

The Society for the Study of Addiction's March 2016 commentary, The UK cannabis debate: A Brief Look at Policy, describes the 2015 debate in Parliament over cannabis legalization in response to a public petition. The government responded negatively to legalizing marijuana, arguing that the current policy is working, as there has been a downward trend in use. This commentary also briefly reviews policies in some of the other European countries. https://www.addiction-ssa.org/commentary/theuk-cannabis-debate-a-brief-look-at-policy

Isabelle also flagged the April 2016 UNGASS (United Nations General Assembly Special Session) at which members debated international drug prohibition. Reading through the complex documents is challenging, but it is evident that many countries want more autonomy. Here is a link to an interesting commentary: Cannabis and the Conventions: UNGASS and Beyond: https://www.tni.org/ en/article/cannabis-and-the-conventions-ungass-andbeyond

This is a very brief overview of the marijuana policy sessions. I encourage you to view the presentations in the Members Only section of the SALIS website. The 2015 resource list published at the end of the SALIS eProceedings article will be updated in a LibGuide format and will include resources we have learned about at this conference. □

2016 SALIS Committee & **SIG Reports**

DEVELOPMENT

Barbara Weiner, Chair, Andrea Mitchell, Co-Chair: Members: Alessandra O'Neil, Mickey Young

The Development Committee seeks new revenuegenerating opportunities and oversees current financial projects for SALIS.

The Development Committee is delighted to report that since the last SALIS conference monies have continued to be raised for the Digitization Project, to allow us to continue digitizing materials for The SALIS Collection, including funds to digitize all of the NIAAA Monographs, and more recently the Alcohol, Health and Research World volumes 1-17.

Continuing to support SALIS, the Amazon Affiliates Program provides regular monthly revenue. Please do remember to go to the SALIS website first before you make your Amazon order, or bookmark this direct link:



https://www.amazon.com/? encoding=UTF8&tag=s0f1-20

NIAAA and NIDA provided stipends worth \$750 each for

three SALIS members to attend the SALIS 2016 Conference. Julie

Murphy, Isabelle Michot and Judit

Not, Botwin, CASA,

CAMH, Drug Policy

UTGERS Center of Alcohol Studies eSkills®Trainin Ward were the recipients.

National Institute on Drug Abuse The Science of Drug Abuse & Addiction on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism AMERICAN **PSYCHOLOGICAL** ASSOCIATION

The National Center of

We are

Sponsorship monies for **SALIS 2016** Routledge were provided by American Psychological Taylor & Francis Group Association, Elsevier, Taylor & Francis, and Wiley, along with exhibitors from And Or

Thank you 2016 Sponsors & Exhibitors!

Alliance-Denver, Rutgers, and Taylor & Francis.

If any SALIS member would like to see the full Development Committee Report, please contact salis@salis.org. Suggestions always welcome. Additional committee membership encouraged!

(Continued on page 17)

(SIGS and Committees, from p. 16)

ADVOCACY

Digs Collection Update: 788 and Counting! Andrea Mitchell, Chair

The Digs team has reached 788 items in the SALIS Collection at mid-year and is planning to reach our goal of 1,000 items by year's end.

The Digs Project presented at the 38th Annual SALIS Conference in Denver to update SALIS members on what the team has accomplished since last spring. In addition, given the joint meeting with the AMHL Association of Mental Health Librarians, it was a chance to show the collection to another library association.



The SALIS Collection: 788 and Counting!

A workshop on the project, held at the Denver conference, drew 16 persons to hear more of the details of the project and tasks which must be done to correct some of the metatagging and inconsistencies in the collection records. The Archive uses World Cat records and there are many inconsistencies. *Rights and*

Responsibilities of Administrators for the project were outlined, and How to Upload Documents was explained and demonstrated. Also discussed was the continuing funding issue and specifically crowd sourcing as the way to garner more funds.

All of the NIAAA Monographs are now digitized and in the collection, and are easily located by typing "NIAAA

Research Monograph," or editors' names or monograph titles in the search box. This is the only place where one can find all of the digitized copies of these publications.

At the June 9, 2016 meeting of the NIAAA Board, The SALIS Collection was shown, specifically to feature NIAAA Monographs, and a short piece about the project has now been published in the <u>NIAAA Spectrum</u> Vol 8 No. 2, the June issue.

The INCASE newsletter also recently published a piece on the Collection, albeit a bit out of date, since the copy was written in August 2015. Nevertheless, the more people we can describe the project to, and in turn encourage their use of the collection, the more we may be able to attract funding.

More great news is that the Internet Archive has agreed to take the journal collection of the NIAAA Library, and hopefully that too will be part of the SALIS Collection in the future.

The Internet Archive is planning to do a forum on a few addiction topics on July 16, 2016 and The SALIS Collection will be featured. The editorial, *Collective Amnesia*, written by members of the Advocacy Committee will form the basis of the presentation. This will also give the Collection and SALIS more much needed publicity. Those persons who came to the workshop and promised to get involved should contact SALIS Home office. Thanks to Julie Murphy, and Meg Brunner for already doing so!! We want to keep the momentum going so that we can indeed make our 1000 items goal by year's end.

TECHNOLOGY & OUTREACH

Chairs: Nancy Sutherland & Meg Brunner

After years of shared tasks and overlapping membership, the Technology Committee (chair: Nancy Sutherland) and the



Membership & Outreach Committee (chair: Meg Brunner) voted to combine forces and merge into a single group: the Technology and Outreach Committee (TOC).

Recent outreach efforts for SALIS have focused on our digital presence, with a growing number of Facebook posts and "likes" since 2015 when several SALIS members were added as admins, with the ability to add content to the FB page. The new "TOC" hopes to expand its work online in order to better support current members and potentially attract new members. Suggestions on how to best leverage our online presence for these purposes are welcome!

In Technology Committee news, the SALIS website has continued to have persistent issues with network security. We have a renewed vote from the Executive Board to move

(Continued on page 17)

Donate at:

salis.org/

digitization

project.html

http://

(SIG & Committee Reports, from p. 17)

to a new ISP, GoDaddy, hopefully later this summer. Disruption to the website itself will be minimal; disruption to committee members undertaking this enormous task, on the other hand. . .

The SALIS website was periodically updated this year with new content keeping the home page fresh. A new page for the SALIS-Internet Archive Digitization (Digs) Project was added (http://salis.org/digitizationproject.html) and the Resources page was revised (http://salis.org/resources/).

Christine Goodair also updated her "**Drugs in Sport**" Info Brief to correspond with the Rio Olympics. That brief is in this issue of *SALIS News*, as well as also located in a shareable, linkable format on the



Drugs in Sport: Info Brief salis.org/resources

Resources page: http://www.salis.org/resources/ Drugs in Sport 2016.pdf.

We would love to publish more briefs and resources developed by SALIS members on that page. If you have anything you think would be a good addition, please let us know!

New projects for the coming year include investigating a new platform for conference abstract submission and registration, one that can be maintained independently of its current home at the Alcohol Drug Abuse Institute. We need something that can communicate payment information to PayPal, as well as store and transmit information to SALIS Home and the conference host about abstracts and registration. Committee members will be taking a look at some options in the coming months and we welcome your suggestions as well.

The newly-combined TOC welcomes contributions and efforts from SALIS members!

If you have an idea about outreach, a resource to highlight on the SALIS website or Facebook/LinkedIn pages, or you'd like to join our committee, please contact chairs Nancy Sutherland

JOIN US ONLINE



salis.org



facebook.com/ salis.org

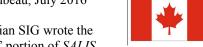


bitly.com/ salislinkedin

(<u>nsutherland@adai.uw.edu</u>) or Meg Brunner (<u>meganw@uw.edu</u>) at any time!

CANADIAN SIG

Prepared by Chad Dubeau, July 2016

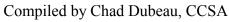


As usual, The Canadian SIG wrote the "News from Canada" portion of *SALIS*

News (see latest column below), providing updates on major events and new resources available from Canada. Many thanks, in particular, to Sheila Lacroix for her numerous updates on things related to CAMH.

Sharon Bailey (CAMH), Sheila Lacroix (CAMH), and Chad Dubeau (CCSA) attended the Canadian SIG meeting at the 2016 SALIS conference in Denver. The discussion focused on the possibility of CCSA partnering with CAMH on the Portico Network (a network of addictions and mental health sites in Canada). \square

News from Canada





CCENDU Bulletin: Novel Synthetic Opioids in Counterfeit Pharmaceuticals and Other Illicit Street Drugs

A new <u>CCENDU Bulletin</u> has been issued that describes some of the novel synthetic opioids that have appeared or might appear in counterfeit pharmaceuticals or be mixed into other illicit



street drugs. These opioids include fentanyl and its analogues, and W-18*, U-47700, AH-7921 and MT-45.

The bulletin also provides a brief overview of some of the counterfeit pharmaceuticals and other illicit street drugs that have been found to contain novel synthetic opioids, as reported in the media and elsewhere in Canada and the United States.

Finally, the bulletin includes a discussion of the implications of this phenomenon for those working in:

- Public health and harm reduction
- Emergency medical services / response services
- Laboratories
- Poison control centres
- · Law enforcement

About CCENDU

The Canadian Community Epidemiology Network on Drug Use (CCENDU) is a nation-wide network of community-level partners who share information about local trends and emerging issues in substance use and exchange knowledge and tools to support more effective data collection.

*Emerging evidence suggests that W-18 is not an opioid. However, due to its analgesic (Continued on page 19)



(News from Canada, from p. 18)

effects and because it has been mixed in drugs sold illicitly as opioids, we have included it in this bulletin.

Care Pathways

The Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse (CCSA) received resources under the Drug Treatment Funding Program (DTFP) to perform an extensive literature review on evidence about treatment for youth and older adults experiencing harms from prescription drug use,



with a view to develop care pathways for each population. These reviews were complemented by multiple consultations with subject-matter experts in a variety of fields, including primary care, psychiatry, psychology, geriatrics, anesthesiology, neurology, pharmacy and nursing, as well as with individuals with lived experience. These advisors were able to fill gaps in the literature with expert opinion, and also provide a picture of how theory is realistically applied in the field.

CCSA developed high-level care pathways that include the guiding principles and available resources related to treatment for prescription drug harms. It is expected that these pathways when implemented will be adapted to the specifics of a given context. This document is a companion to the high-level care pathways and contains the considerations that the expert advisors identified as key to the success in developing and implementing care pathways.

Drug-Impaired Driving Toolkit

Driving while impaired by drugs has become comparable in seriousness to alcohol-

impaired driving. CCSA's

<u>Drug-Impaired Driving</u>

<u>Toolkit</u> contains timely and important resources for new



Partnership. Knowledge. Change.

drivers and those involved in drivers' education.

One area of particular concern is the prevalence of driving after drug use among new and young drivers. CCSA reviewed current driving-related materials and identified a critical gap in information on drugs and driving. This toolkit was developed to address this issue. The toolkit includes content on:

- The effects of different types of drugs on the body and driving;
- The ability of law enforcement to detect drug-impaired drivers and take corresponding legal action;
- The dangers of drug-impaired driving for young and new drivers. □

Book Review: Lust, Men, and Meth by David Fawcett

Jennifer Velotta, ADAI Clearinghouse

The goal of David Fawcett's book, <u>Lust</u>, <u>Men and Meth</u>, <u>A Gay Man's Guide to Sex and Recovery</u>, is to provide resources and information to healthcare professionals treating gay men for methamphetamine addiction and/or sexual compulsions, and to as a guide for gay men struggling with sex



and recovery. The book is divided into three parts:

Part 1 – The Perfect Storm talks about drugs, addiction, and the dangerous relationship between meth and sexual desire. It discusses the intersection of meth, the gay community, stigma, and health concerns (HIV/AIDS, e.g.)

Part 2 – Exploring the Sexual Universe provides perspective on sexual desire and how it develops in the brain, describing sexual scripts and themes that methamphetamine effects and damages. This section also describes the science behind neuroplasticity, the ability of the brain to rewire itself, and its role in taking over healthy pleasure and restoring it.

Part 3 – Restoring Your Life focuses on recovery, including dealing with the feelings and emotions of its early stages and addressing the damage to sexual desire and relationships caused by methamphetamine. This section provides practical resources, including relapse prevention skills, resources for support, coping strategies for dealing with shame, and guidance along the path to a healthy relationship with self and partner.

The information provided in this book on the topic of drugs and sexuality is rich. It provides a clear understanding of the dangers and consequences, as well as the appeal, of methamphetamine use within the gay community. the negative consequences of meth use in creating unhealthy sexual desires and causing sexual dysfunction, and the dangers of methamphetamine use and addiction. A methamphetamine user in the book states, "I truly believe meth has damaged my ability to enjoy normal sex." This book strives to give these men hope and healing, as well as the tools needed to get back to a sense of "normal." The book is written in an easy-to-read format with multiple case study examples. Dr. Fawcett is a psychotherapist that has worked with gay men's health issues, specializing in addiction and recovery, for over thirty years. This book blends quotes from meth users about their real life experiences, stories from clients and men in recovery, and expert experience and research, giving the book a professional, yet accessible, feel that really grabs and holds your attention. \Box

Drugs in Sport: Info Brief

Christine Goodair St. George's University of London

Introduction

This Info Brief lists the major antidoping organisations and regulatory bodies for sports taking part in the 2016 Olympic Games and Paralympics. It also includes links to sites that focus on health and ethical issues, educational resources, blogs and online resources, and journals, as well as recently published texts.



Overview

Drugs in sport is a topic which has a very long history, going as far back as the early Greek Olympians, who took various concoctions of herbs and mushrooms believing they would help improve performance.

The issues around drug use in sport are varied, complex, and often interlinked, with the key criteria for the banning of substances focusing on their potential to enhance sports performance, actual or potential health risk to the athlete, and the use of drugs violating the spirit of sport.

When drug use in sport is discussed or written about, it is generally in reference to elite athletes who use various drugs to improve their performance by building muscles and strength. However, non-elite athletes also use drugs to enhance their appearance, body shape, and strength as well. There have been fatalities from the misuse of steroids by all level of athletes, from professional to amateur.

The use of drugs by athletes encompasses broader issues, such as the ethics of drug use in sport, the role of regulatory bodies, and the impact of substances on health. Use of drugs in sports is not just about steroids and doping, however; therapeutic medications are also at play, used in treating health problems such as long-term conditions like diabetes, short-term conditions such as a cold or sore throat, or for the treatment of sport injuries.

In the 1988 Seoul Olympics, the final six of eight competitors in the men's 100m sprint were implicated either then or later in doping activities that would have had them banned from the Games. Since then there have



been many doping scandals, the most recent being the announcement by the International Olympic Committee that 31 Olympians from 12 countries, and 6 sports, are

likely to be to be banned from competing at the 2016 Olympic Games in Rio following retrospective testing on urine samples from the 2008 Olympics. The IOC has hinted that entire federations could be banned from the Games as the fight against doping is intensified. A statement from the IOC on 1st June 2016 sets out the tough stance they are now taking:

"The fight against doping is a top priority for the IOC, which has established a zero-tolerance policy. Today, we are taking further decisive action to protect the clean athletes at the Olympic Games Rio 2016. The IOC will not hesitate to punish anyone within its reach responsible for using or providing doping products or methods, including officials, coaches and other members of the athlete's entourage" https://www.olympic.org/news/statement-by-the-ioc-executive-board

Doping issues have also occurred at the Paralympic Games, causing changes to the way in which the International Paralympic Committee (IPC) manages such matters. This has resulted in stricter testing for performance-enhancing drugs at the Games.

Anti-doping Organisations

The World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) was established in 1999 as an international independent agency composed and funded equally by the sport movement and



governments of the world. Its key activities include scientific research, education, development of anti-doping capacities, and monitoring of the *World Anti-Doping Code* ("*The Code*"), the document harmonizing anti-doping policies in all sports and countries. WADA is a Swiss private law foundation; its seat is in Lausanne, Switzerland, with headquarters in Montreal, Canada. WADA works toward a vision of a world in which all athletes compete in a doping-free sporting environment. http://www.wada-ama.org/

UK Anti-Doping has a

responsibility for ensuring sports bodies in the UK are compliant with the *World Anti-Doping Code*



through implementation and management of the *UK National Anti-Doping Policy*. Their functions include an education and information programme, athlete testing across more than 40 sports, intelligence management and exclusive results management authority for the determination of anti-doping rule violations. They also run REPORT DOPING IN SPORT, a 24-hour confidential phone line developed to support the fight against doping in sport. The phone line provides a confidential service to athletes, support personal and concerned family and friends

(Continued on page 21)



(Drugs in Sport, from p. 20)

to securely pass on information to UK Anti-Doping. Information about supplements is also available from the website. http://www.ukad.org.uk/what-we-do/report-doping/

The National Anti-Doping Panel (NADP) is the United Kingdom's independent tribunal responsible for adjudicating anti-doping disputes in sport. It is operated by Sport Resolutions in accordance with its own procedural rules and is entirely independent of UK Anti-Doping, who are responsible for investigating, charging and prosecuting cases before the NADP. https://www.sportresolutions.co.uk/services/national-anti-doping-panel

U.S. Anti-Doping Agency (USADA) is the national anti-doping organization (NADO) in the United States for Olympic, Paralympic, Pan American, and Parapan American sport. The organization is charged with managing the anti-doping program, including in-competition and out-of competition testing, results management processes, drug reference resources, and athlete education for all United States Olympic Committee (USOC) recognized sport national governing bodies, their athletes, and events. http://www.usada.org/

The Global Drug Reference Online (Global DRO) provides athletes and support personnel with information about the prohibited status of specific substances based on the current World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) Prohibited List. Visitors can search the Global DRO for specific information on products such as licensed medications sold in the United Kingdom, Canada and the United States. Global DRO is managed via a partnership between UK Anti-Doping (UKAD), the Canadian Centre for Ethics in Sport (CCES) and the United States Anti-Doping Agency (USADA). http://www.globaldro.org/

How Stuff Works (USA) discusses why some athletes use drugs, what the major classes of drugs and their side effects are, and how drug use is tested. http://www.howstuffworks.com/athletic-drug-test.htm

The Australian Sports Anti-Doping Authority (ASADA) is a government statutory authority that is Australia's driving force for pure performance in sport. It is the organisation with prime responsibility for implementation of the World Anti-Doping Code in Australia. http://www.asada.gov.au/

National Measurement Institute Australia's drug testing laboratory, Sports Anti-doping Research laboratory (known worldwide as the Australian Sports Drug Testing Laboratory or ASDTL), is accredited by the World Anti-Doping Agency to carry out doping control analysis in human sport; as such, it performs virtually all of the sports drug testing carried out in Australia and New Zealand. http://www.measurement.gov.au/ScienceTechnology/Pages/ADSL.aspx

Drug Free Sport New Zealand (DFSNZ) is an independent Crown Entity originally established in 1994 with responsible for implementing and applying the World Anti-Doping Code in New Zealand. http://www.drugfreesport.org.nz/

Win Clean is an anti-doping education campaign for international athletes and their support team visiting the UK and provides UK-specific advice and guidance on how to ensure you don't commit an anti-doping rule violation (ADRV) whilst in the UK, and what to expect from our robust, intelligence-led testing programmes It is managed by UK Anti-Doping (UKAD), the National Anti-Doping Organisation (NADO) in the UK, and supported by the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA). https://www.wincleanuk.com/

The Canadian Centre for Ethics in Sport serves to elevate the conscience of sport in Canada and works for, and on behalf of athletes, players, coaches,



parents, officials and administrators. Doping information http://cces.ca/

The South African Institute for Drug-Free Sport's core focus is to tackle doping in sport in order to ensure a culture of ethics and fair play within South Africa. The Drug-Free Sport Act gives the Institute authority and jurisdiction to carry out drug testing across all sports. http://www.drugfreesport.org.za/

ProCon is a US non-profit organisation providing factual information on a variety of topics, including a resource that gives a timeline of drug use by athletes from across the world. http://sportsanddrugs.procon.org/view.resource.php? resourceID=002366#VI

Education

Teach PE provides information for physical education teachers on effects



(Continued on page 22)



(Drugs in Sport, from p. 21)

of drugs in sport, including links to WADA. http://



www.teachpe.com/index.php

Good Sports is a project run by the Australian Drug Foundation to encourage local communities to resist drugs/ alcohol in community sport. The programme helps sporting clubs manage alcohol responsibly and reduce alcohol related problems such as binge and underage drinking. http://www.goodsports.com.au/

Bioethics Education Project

explores the issues relating to performance enhancing drugs in sport from an ethical perspective and



features an interactive website and virtual learning environment for secondary school science teachers and their students. It is a teaching resource developed to highlight the moral, ethical, social, economic, environmental and technological implications and applications of biology, and provides teaching resources and activities. http://www.beep.ac.uk/content/665.0.html

Health

International Olympic Committee Medical and Scientific Commission



was set up in 1967 to deal with the increasing problem of doping in the sports world. http://www.olympic.org/medical-commission. Rio2016 anti-doping documents and rules from IOC <a href="https://www.olympic.org/documents/games-rio-rio-games

2016-olympic-games

Top End Sport, a sports medicine resource website, has a section on doping and sport. http://



www.topendsports.com/medicine/doping.htm

Patient.co.uk provides evidence-based information on a wide range of medical and health topics to patients and health professionals, including an article on



the use of drugs in sport written for health care professionals. http://www.patient.co.uk/doctor/Drugs-and-Sport.htm

Olympic Sports Federations

Badminton World Federation http://www.bwfbadminton.org/page.aspx?id=15522; Link to BWF Anti-Doping Regulations effective January 2015: http://www.bwfbadminton.org/file.aspx?id=609016&dl=1

Equestrian Sport, a multilingual resource: http://www.feicleansport.org/

FIFA: Fédération Internationale de Football Association http://www.fifa.com/development/medical/anti-doping/index.html

FINA: Federation International Aquatic – swimming, diving, open water, synchronised swimming and water polo http://www.fina.org/content/doping-control-rules

Fédération Internationale de Basketball: http://www.fiba.com/anti-doping

Fédération Internationale d'Escrime (Fencing) link to rules: http://static.fie.org/uploads/5/29543-FIE-ADR-1-Jan-2015-ang.pdf

Fédération Internationale de Gymnastique – Gymnastics: http://www.fig-gymnastics.com/publicdir/rules/files/medical/FIG antidoping rules 2015 revised July 2015.pdf

Fédération Internationale de Volleyball (indoor & beach): http://www.fivb.org/EN/Medical/

International Association of Athletics: http://www.iaaf.org/ about-iaaf/medical-anti-doping

International Boxing Association: http://aiba.s3.amazonaws.com/2015/02/AIBA-Anti-Doping-Rules-January-1-2015.pdf

International Canoe Federation: http://www.canoeicf.com/medical-and-anti-doping

International Federation of Associated Wrestling Styles: https://unitedworldwrestling.org/governance/anti-doping

International Golf Federation: http://www.igfgolf.org/medical-anti-doping/

International Handball Federation: http://www.ihf.info/TheGame/AntiDoping/tabid/104/Default.aspx

International Hockey Federation: http://www.fih.ch/inside-fih/our-official-documents/anti-doping-and-medical/

International Judo Federation: http://www.ijf.org/

International Rowing Federation: http://www.worldrowing.com/athletes/medical-and-antidoping/antidoping

International Sailing Federation: http://www.sailing.org/sailors/antidoping/documents.php

International Shooting Sport Federation: http://www.issf-sports.org/antidoping.ashx

(Continued on page 23)



(Drugs in Sport, from p. 22)

International Table Tennis Federation: http:// www.ittf.com/ front page/ittf full story1.asp? ID=42686&Category=anti doping&Competition ID=&

International Tennis Federation: http://www.itftennis.com/ antidoping/

International Triathlon Union: http://www.triathlon.org/ anti-doping/

International Weightlifting Federation: http://www.iwf.net/ wp-content/uploads/ downloads/2015/04/001 105 Antidoping-imprim.pdf

Union Cycliste International: http://www.uci.ch/clean-

sport/

Union Internationale de Pentathlon Moderne: http:// www.pentathlon.org/education/medical-and-anti-doping/

World Archery Federation: http:// rulebook.worldarchery.org/PDF/Official/2016-04-01/EN-Book6.pdf

World Rugby: http://www.worldrugby.org/search? s=anti+doping

World Taekwondo Federation: http:// www.worldtaekwondofederation.net/medical-anti-doping/ education/

Paraolympic Sports Federations

Policies and documents about doping can be found at: The International Paralympic Committee (IPC) is the global governing body of the Paralympic Movement. Its purpose is to organise the summer and winter Paralympic Games and act as the International Federation for Paralympic sports. https://www.paralympic.org/sites/ default/files/

document/151211113107941 2015 11+IPC+Anti-Doping+Code FINAL 0.pdf

British Paralympic Association: http://paralympics.org.uk/ about-us/anti-doping-1

Archery: http://worldarchery.org/Para-Archery

Athletics: https://www.paralympic.org/athletics/antidoping

Boccia: http://www.bisfed.com/about-boccia/anti-doping/

Cycling Road & Cycling Track: http://www.uci.ch/cleansport/

Equestrian: http://www.fei.org/

Football: http://www.ibsasport.org/anti-doping/

Goalball: http://www.paralympic.org/sport/goalball <a href="http://www. www.ibsasport.org/anti-doping/

Judo: http://www.ibsa.es/eng/deportes/judo/ reglamento.htm

Powerlifting: https://www.paralympic.org/powerlifting/ rules-and-regulations/anti-doping/tue

Rowing: http://www.sailing.org/paralympics/rio2016/ about/rules/paralympic about rules regs anti doping.php

Sailing: http://www.sailing.org/paralympics/rio2016/about/ rules/paralympic about rules regs anti doping.php

Shooting: https://www.paralympic.org/shooting/rules-andregulations/anti-doping

Swimming: https://www.paralympic.org/swimming/rulesand-regulations/anti-doping

Table Tennis: http://www.ittf.com/ front page/ittf4.asp? category=anti doping

Sitting Volleyball: http://www.worldparavolley.org/about- us/anti-doping/

Wheelchair Basketball: https://www.paralympic.org/ wheelchair-basketball http://www.iwbf.org/

Wheelchair Fencing: http://www.iwasf.com/iwasf/ index.cfm/anti-doping1/

Wheelchair Rugby: http://www.iwrf.com/?page=anti- doping

Wheelchair Tennis: http://www.itftennis.com/wheelchair/ players/anti-doping.aspx, http://www.itftennis.com/ wheelchair/home.aspx

Other Resources

Performance-enhancing roundup. Written in 2015, this Research on today's news topics

resource aimed at journalists

presents a selection of studies on a range of issues related to performance-enhancing drugs. It has sections on their potential economic impacts, prevalence, health effects and athletes' attitudes. http://journalistsresource.org/studies/ society/culture/athletic-academic-performance-enhancingdrugs-research-roundup

(Continued on page 24)

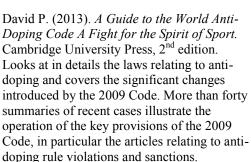


(Drugs in Sport, from p. 23)

Cooper, C. (2012). Run, Swim, Throw, Cheat: The Science Behind Drugs in Sport. Oxford, OUP.

Looks at the performance of top athletes, why certain substances are used, how they are detected, and whether they truly have an effect on the body http://

ukcatalogue.oup.com/ product/9780199581467.do

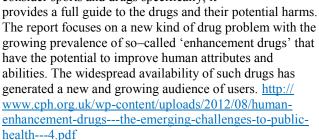




SWIM.

Evans-Brown M., McVeigh J., Perkins C., & Bellis M. (2012). Human Enhancement Drugs - The Emerging Challenges to Public Health.

North West Public Health Observatory Centre for Public Health, Liverpool John Moores University. Although this report does not consider sports and drugs specifically, it



Hunt, T. (2011). Drug Games: The International Olympic Committee and the Politics of Doping, 1960-2008 Austin, University of Texas Press. An exploration of the history of the modern relationship of doping to the Olympics, and considers how doping in sport is linked to global political relations.



Mottram, D. & Chester N. (2014). Drugs in Sport. Taylor & Francis Ltd Edition: 6th revised edition.

A fully comprehensive text on the subject. Taking into account the latest regulations, methods and landmark cases, the book explores the hard science behind drug use in





sport as well as the ethical, social, political and administrative context.

Waddington I. & Smith A. (2009). An Introduction To Drugs In Sport: Addicted to Winning? Taylor & Francis. Provides a detailed and systematic examination of drug use in sport and attempts to explain why athletes have, over the last four decades, increasingly used performance-enhancing drugs. It offers a



critical overview of the major theories of drug use in sport, and provides a detailed analysis of the involvement of sports physicians in the development and use of performance-enhancing drugs. Focusing on drug use within elite sport, the book offers an in-depth examination of important contemporary themes and issues, including: the history of drugs in sport and changing patterns of usefair play, cheating and the 'spirit of sport,' WADA and the future of anti-doping policy, drug use in professional football and cycling, sociological enquiry, and the problems of researching drugs in sport. http:// www.routledge.com/books/details/9780415431255/

Journals

British Journal of Sports. Multimedia portal for authoritative original research, systematic reviews, consensus statements and timely debate in sport and exercise medicine (SEM) as well as clinical education. http://bjsm.bmj.com/



European Journal of Sports Science covers sport and exercise science; this is the official journal of the European College of Sports Science

http://www.tandfonline.com/action/ aboutThisJournal?journalCode=tejs20



The Journal of Sports Medicine & Doping Studies is an international, peer-reviewed journal overlaying the cultivation development of the science, research, and teaching of Sports Law and the institution of the Olympic Games. http://omicsonline.org/ ismdshome.php



Journal of Sports Science and Medicine, a scientific electronic journal, publishes research and review articles, together with case studies, in the fields of sports medicine and the exercise sciences. http://

JOURNAL OF SPORTS SCIENCE & MEDICINE

www.jssm.org/ □

Photos from SALIS/AMHL 2016



Embassy Suites Downtown Denver photo: Isabelle Michot



Inside Denver Public Library
 photo: Isabelle Michot



Denver Public Librarian photo: Isabelle Michot



L-R: Isabelle Michot, David Man, Andrea Mitchell, Geoffrey Hunt, Courtney Drysdale photo: Isabelle Michot



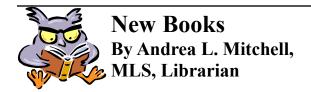
SALIS Luncheon photo: Isabelle Michot



Judit Ward on one of downtown Denver's public pianos photo: Meg Brunner



The Big Blue Bear (on the convention center) photo: Julie Murphy



- + government document
- * non-English title

Buy books at Amazon.com to support SALIS!



Barlow, Joy, Hart, Di and Jane Powell. Adult Drug and Alcohol Problems, Children's Needs: An Interdisciplinary Training Resource for Professionals--With Practice and Assessment Tools, Exercises and Pro Formas. 2nd ed. London; Philadelphia: Jessica Kingsley

Publishers, 2016. 192 p. ISBN-10: 1909391255, ISBN-13: 978-1909391253 (paperback)



Neurobiology Bell, Richard L and Shafigur Rahman (eds.). **Animal Models for Medications Screening to** Treat Addiction. (Series: International Review of Neurobiology, Book 126). Amsterdam: Academic Press, 2016. 562 p. ISBN-10: 0128040130, ISBN-13: 978-0128040133 (hardcover); 483 p. 40820 KB, ASIN:

B01DWXPWC2 (Kindle)



Benavie, Arthur. How the Drug War Ruins American Lives. Santa Barbara: Praeger, 2016. 224 p. ISBN-13: 978-1440850110, ISBN-10: 1440850119 (hardcover); 242 p. 1008 KB, ASIN: B01C4OV7B0 (Kindle)



Bergin, Tiffany. Regulating Alcohol Around the World: Policy Cocktails. London; New York: Routledge, 2016. 166 p. ISBN-13: 978-1409445258, ISBN-10: 1409445259 (hardcover); 176 p. 978 KB, ASIN: B00EUE2BEU (Kindle). First published by Ashgate, 2013.



Bowden-Jones, Owen. The Drug Conversation: How to Talk to Your Child About Drugs. RCPsych Publications, 2016. 180 p. ISBN-13: 978-1909726574, ISBN-10: 1909726575 (paperback)



Calhoun, Byron C and Tammi Lewis (eds.). Tobacco Cessation and Substance Abuse Treatment in Women's Healthcare: A Clinical Guide. Cham: Springer, 2016. 161 p. ISBN-10: 3319267086, ISBN-13: 978-3319267081 (paperback); 385 KB, ASIN: B01D9NRB74 (Kindle)



Caulkins, Jonathan P. *Considering Marijuana* Legalization: Insights for Vermont and Other Jurisdictions. Santa Monica, Calif.: Rand Corporation, [2015]. 355 p. 8001 KB, **ASIN**: B010PWL9E8 (Kindle)



Chalasani, Naga and Gyongyi Szabo (eds.). Alcoholic and Non-alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease: Bench to Bedside. Cham: Springer, [2016]. 372 p. ISBN-10: 3319205374, ISBN-13: 978-3319205373(hardcover); 4636 KB, ASIN: B0197TNNW6 (Kindle)



Connors, Gerard J. et al. Substance Abuse Treatment and the Stages of Change: Selecting and Planning Interventions. New York: The Guilford Press, 2016. ©2013. 356 p. ISBN-10: 1462524982, ISBN-13: 978-1462524983 (paperback)



Fields, Richard. Drugs in Perspective: Causes, Assessment, Family, Prevention, Intervention, and Treatment. 9th revised ed. Dubuque: McGraw-Hill Education, 2016. 416 p. ISBN-10: 0078028655, ISBN-13: 978-0078028656 (paperback)



Galanter, Marc. What is Alcoholics Anonymous?: A Path from Addiction to Recovery. Oxford; New York: Oxford University Press, [2016]. 280 p. ISBN-10: 0190276568, ISBN-13: 978-0190276560 (paperback)



Geluardi, John. Cannabiz: The Explosive Rise of the Medical Marijuana Industry. Abingdon, Oxon; New York, NY: Routledge, Taylor and Francis Group, 2016. ISBN: 9781317262824, 1317262824 (paperback) First published in 2010



Grant, Jon E, Brian L Odlaug and Samuel Chamberlain. Why Can't I Stop?: Reclaiming Your Life from a Behavioral Addiction. Baltimore: John Hopkins University Press, 2016. 232 p. ISBN-10: 1421419653, ISBN-13: 978-1421419657 (hardcover): ISBN-10:

1421419661, ISBN-13: 978-1421419664 (paperback); 961 KB, ASIN: B01DE05GF6 (Kindle)



Healey, Justin. Methamphetamine Use and Addiction. Vol. 407. Thirroul, N.S.W.: The Spinney Press, 2016. ISBN: 9781925339147 (paperback); ISBN: 9781925339154 (e-book)

(Continued on page 27)



(New Books from p.26)



Hill, Darren, Bill Penson and Divine Charura. Working With Dual Diagnosis: A Psychosocial Perspective. London; New York, NY: Palgrave Macmillan, 2016, 192 p. ISBN-10: 37337664. ISBN-13: 978-1137337665 (paperback); 1767 KB, ASIN: B0196TSXOK (Kindle)



Huggins, Mike. Vice and the Victorians. London, UK; New York, NY, USA: Bloomsbury Academic, 2016. 272 p. ISBN-10: 147253042X, ISBN-13: 9781472530424 (hardcover); ISBN-10: 1472529731, ISBN-13: 978-1472529732 (paperback)



Humphreys, Keith, and Anne Lingford-Hughes. Edwards' Treatment of Drinking Problems: A Guide for the Helping Professions. 6th ed. Cambridge, United Kingdom; New York: Cambridge University Press, [2016]. 278 p. ISBN-10: 1107519527, ISBN-13: 978-

1107519527 (paperback)



Jayne, Mark and Gill Valentine. *Childhood*, Family, Alcohol . Farnham, Surrey, UK; Burlington, VT: Ashgate, [2016] ©2016. 108 p. ISBN-10: 1472412230, ISBN-13: 978-**1472412232** (paperback)



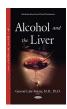
Jennings, Paul. A History of Drink and the English, 1500-2000. (Perspectives in Economic and Social History). Taylor and Francis, 2016. 230 p. ISBN-10: 1848935552, ISBN-13: 978-1848935556 (hardcover); 3813 KB, ASIN: B01BI4Q898 (Kindle)



Jones, Carwyn Rhys. Sport and Alcohol: An Ethical Perspective. London: Routledge, 2016. 172 p. ISBN-10: 1138807974, ISBN-13: 978-1138807976 (hardcover); 1504 KB, ASIN: B01BP9S5Y2 (Kindle)



THE GREAT Kruger, Henrik. The Great Heroin Coup: Drugs, Intelligence & International Fascism. Walterville, OR: Trine Day, [2016]. ©2015. 288 p. ISBN-10: 1634240189, ISBN-13: 978-1634240185 (paperback): 2024 KB, ASIN: B01AFDYNMC (Kindle)



Lake-Bakaar, GV. (ed.). Alcohol and the Liver. New York: Nova Biomedical, 2016. ISBN: 978-1-63484-400-0 (hardcover)



Miller, Dennis K. Taking Sides. Clashing Views in Drugs and Society. [New York, New York]: Mcgraw-Hill Education Create, [2016] ©2016. 296 p. ISBN-13: 978-0078139628, ISBN-10: 0078139627 (paperback)



Montoya, Ivan D (ed.). Biologics to Treat Substance Use Disorders: Vaccines, Monoclonal Antibodies, and Enzymes. Cham: Springer, ©2016. ISBN-13: 978-3319231495, ISBN-10: 3319231499 (hardcover); 4536 KB, ASIN: B019KC9RJ8 (Kindle)



Morales, David P. Drug Overdoses and Alcohol Withdrawal: Prevalence, Trends and **Prevention**. New York: Nova Publishers. [2016]. 155 p. ISBN-13: 978-1634838733, ISBN-10: 1634838734 (hardcover)



R Palmer, Catherine. *Rethinking Drinking and* Sport: New Approaches to Sport and Alcohol. Abingdon, Oxon: Routledge, 2016. 212 p. ISBN-13: 978-1409453376, ISBN-10: 1409453375 (hardcover); 1163 KB, ASIN: B01CR6BVEI (Kindle)



Patel, Vinood B.(ed.). Molecular Aspects of Alcohol and Nutrition. Amsterdam: Elsevier/ AP, [2016] 400 p. ISBN-10: 0128007737, ISBN-13: 978-0128007730 (hardcover); 26861 KB, ASIN: B019K7CN76 (Kindle)



Pond, Michael and Maureen Palmer. Wasted: An Alcoholic Therapist's Fight for Recovery in a Flawed Treatment System. Vancouver; Berkeley: Greystone Books, 2016. 320 p. ISBN -10: 1771641967, ISBN-13: 978-1771641968 (paperback); 410 p. 1087 KB, ASIN:B01AWXPFSG (Kindle)



Potter-Efron, Ronald T and Patricia S Potter-Efron. Aggression, Family Violence, and Chemical Dependency. New York: Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group, 2016. 226 p. 602 KB, ASIN: B01DQ00B40 (Kindle) Orig pub 1990



Preedy, Victor R (ed.). Neuropathology of Drug Addictions and Substance Misuse. Volume 1, Foundations of Understanding, Tobacco, Alcohol, Cannabinoids and Opioids. London, UK: Academic Press is an imprint of Elsevier,

2016. 1132 p. ISBN-10: 0128002131, ISBN-13: 978-0128002131 (hardcover); 74674 KB, ASIN: B01CRIU87M (Kindle)



Preedy, Victor R (ed.). Neuropathology of Drug Addictions and Substance Misuse. Volume 2, Stimulants, Club and

(Continued on page 28)



(New Books from p.27)

Dissociative Drugs, Hallucinogens, Steroids, Inhalants, and International Aspects.: London: Academic Press, an imprint of Elsevier, 2016. 1182 p. ISBN-13: 978-0128002124, ISBN-10: 0128002123 (hardcover); 97919 KB, ASIN: B01DLA5QHC (Kindle)



Preedy, Victor R (ed.). Neuropathology of Drug Addictions and Substance Misuse. Volume 3, General Processes and Mechanisms, Prescription Medicications, Caffeine and Areca, Polydrug Misuse, Emerging Addictions

and Non-drug Addictions. London: Academic Press, ©2016. 1106 p. ISBN-10: 012800634X, ISBN-13: 978-0128006344 (hardcover); 54778 KB, ASIN: B01EXPT64I (Kindle)



Robins, Philip. *Middle East Drugs Bazaar: Production, Prevention and Consumption.:* New York, NY: Oxford University Press, 2016. 288 p. ISBN-10: 0190462450, ISBN-13:9780190462451 (paperback)



Shonin, Edo, William Van Gordon and Mark Griffiths (eds.). *Mindfulness and Buddhist-Derived Approaches in Mental Health and Addiction*. Cham: Springer, [2016] ©2016. 420 p. ISBN-13: 978-3319222547, ISBN-10: 3319222546 (hardcover; 1286 KB, ASIN: B017YMXPQC (Kindle)



Shukla, Rashi K. *Methamphetamine: A Love Story*. Oakland, California: University of California Press, [2016]. 260 p. ISBN-10: 0520291018, ISBN-13: 978-0520291010 (hardcover); ISBN-10: 0520291026, ISBN-13: 978-0520291027 (paperback)



Smith, Gregory L. *Medical Cannabis: Basic Science & Clinical Applications: What clinicians Need to Know and Why.*: Beverly Farms, MA: Aylesbury Press, 2016. 240 p. ISBN-10: 188359572X, ISBN-13: 978-1883595722 (paperback)

Spohr, Hans-Ludwig. *Fetal Alcohol Syndrome In Childhood and Adulthood*. Berlin: De Gruyter, 2016. 264 p. ISBN-10: 3110442078, ISBN-13: 978-3110442076 (hardcover)



Steinberg, Neil and Sara Bader. *Out of the Wreck I Rise: A Literary Companion to Recovery.* Chicago; London: The University of Chicago Press, 2016. 256 p. ISBN-10: 022614013X, ISBN-13: 978-0226140131 (hardcover)



Sterman, Chelly M.(ed.) *Neuro-linguistic Programming in Alcoholism Treatment*. London: Routledge, 2016. 186 p. 557 KB, ASIN: B01B7QYX08 (Kindle) Orig. pub 1990



Sullivan, Maria, and Frances R Levin (eds.). *Addiction in the Older Patient.* Oxford; New York: Oxford University Press, [2016]. 328 p. ISBN-10: 0199392064, ISBN-13: 978-0199392063 (paperback)



Talbot, Deborah. *Regulating the Night: Race, Culture and Exclusion in the Making of the Night-time Economy*. London; New York: Routledge, 2016. 164 p. ISBN-13: 978-0754647522, ISBN-10: 0754647528 (hardcover); 685 KB, ASIN: B009UWTJMY (Kindle)



Williams, Elizabeth M. and Chris McMillian. Lift Your Spirits: A Celebratory History of Cocktail Culture in New Orleans. Baton Rouge: Louisiana State University Press, [2016]. 152 p. ISBN-10: 0807163260, ISBN-13: 978-0807163269 (hardcover); 5024 KB,

ASIN: B016AFSL4U (Kindle)



+World Health Organization. Regional Office for the Western Pacific. *Young People and Alcohol: A Resource Book*. Manila, Philippines: World Health Organization, [2015] 78 p. ISBN-10: 9290616849, ISBN-13: 978-9290616849 (paperback) □

Deadline for the next issue, Vol. 36, No. 3, Fall 2016 is September 15, 2016.

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Editor: Meg Brunner, MLIS Email: meganw@uw.edu

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Substance Abuse Librarians Information **Specialists**



Volume 36, No. 3 Fall 2016

Don't Forget!

- Membership renewals will be starting up soon -watch for an email from SALIS Home!
- Slides from this year's SALIS/AMHL conference are available in the members-only section of our website: http://www.salis.org/members/ members only.html
- Bookmark the SALIS Amazon link for all your holiday shopping! http://bit.ly/amazon salis

Members' Corner Hello Volunteer Needed

SALIS

SALIS News needs a volunteer to take over the Members' Corner column!

The job entails finding 1-2 members each quarter who will fill out our questionnaire about themselves. It's easy and a great way to meet SALISers! Example here.

If interested, contact SALIS News editor Meg Brunner: meganw@uw.edu!

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The Selected Papers of William White: Professional & Advocacy Writing

Barbara Weiner Hazelden Betty Ford Foundation Library



A rich information and resource web site in the addictions field has been steadily growing, and is generously available online to all searchers and seekers. The Selected Papers of William L. White: Professional and Advocacy Writing (http://www.williamwhitepapers.com/) contains the fulltext of more than 300 articles, 8 monographs, 30+ recovery tools, 9 book chapters, 3 books, and links to an additional 15 books written by William White and co-authors over the past four decades, as well as more than 100 interviews with addiction treatment and recovery leaders.

The purpose of this site is to create a single location where such material may be located by those interested in the history (past AND present!) of addiction treatment and recovery in the United States and beyond. Those papers selected for inclusion contain all of the articles and monographs authored by William White on the new recovery advocacy movement, recovery management (RM), and recovery-oriented systems of care (ROSC).

(Continued on page 2)

Building the SALIS Collection Together!

Andrea Mitchell, Chair, Advocacy Committee



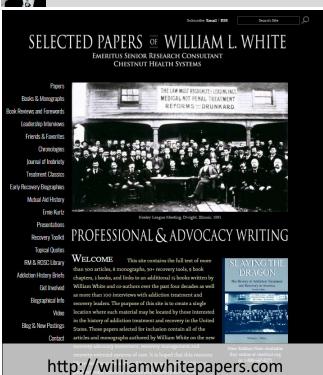
The Digs Project is now fast approaching its goal for 2016: to reach 1,000 items in The SALIS Collection. We are now at 940 items and the Collection has had more than 21,000 views since its inception in Dec 2014!!!! Making items more easily available does seem to increase their use. This is why it is so important that we continue to bring in more books and documents, to realize our ultimate goal of digitizing every book/document in the ATOD

If you have not looked at The SALIS Collection lately, you may not realize how broad and diverse it has become.

History is one of the strongholds, with many items from the nineteenth century as far back as 1829. There is also sociology, psychology, bio-

(Continued on page 3)





It is hoped that this resource library will serve present and future generations of addiction professionals, recovery coaches, and recovery advocates.

Addiction professional, historian, author, and a long-time friend and supporter of SALIS, William L. White grew up

in Illinois. He received a bachelor's degree in psychology, sociology, and history. His first job was to tour wards of Illinois mental health institutions and screen the alcoholics and addicts for community placement. Later he became an outreach worker, gathering addicts and alcoholics from jails or hospitals and connecting them with services. He became clinical director of Chestnut Health Systems, and later, following completion of his master's



degree in Addiction Studies, founded the Lighthouse Institute there. He is the recipient of many professional appointments and awards. His best-known book, <u>Slaying the Dragon, The History of Addiction Treatment and Recovery in America</u>, had its second edition published in 2014.

The many full-text resources in this site are organized under various useful topics: papers, books and monographs, book reviews and forewords, leadership interviews, friends and favorites, chronologies, *Journal of Inebriety*, treatment classics, early recovery biographies, mutual aid history, Ernie Kurtz, presentations, recovery toolkit, topical quotes, RM and ROSC library, addiction history briefs, get involved, biographical information,

video, and blog and new postings.

For example, under *Treatment Classics*, you may view online or download 44 important documents which shaped today's addiction field, including:

1816: Rush's Inquiry into the Effects of Ardent Spirits

1893: The American Association for the Study and Cure of Inebriety's *The Disease of Inebriety*

1907: Cutten's *The Psychology of Alcoholism*, and

1956: AMA statement on hospitalization of patients with alcoholism.



Rush's Inquiry into the Effects of Ardent Spirits

Under *Mutual Aid History*, 24 documents highlight the rich variety of recovery aid groups in addition to AA: Celebrate Recovery, Dual Recovery Anonymous, LifeRing Secular Recovery, Moderation Management, Women for Sobriety, and more.

The site also provides a helpful *keyword search option*. Searching on the name of our SALIS Director, Andrea Mitchell, there are three entries, as well as White's 2014 interview with Andrea (http://

www.williamwhitepapers.com/pr/2014%20Andrea% 20Mitchell.pdf).

With an international focus, 19 of the *Leadership Interviews* are with addiction leaders whose professional careers are outside of the United States (http://www.williamwhitepapers.com/leadership_interviews/ recovery around the world/).

And the site's *How to Get Involved* page (http://www.williamwhitepapers.com/get_involved/) lists carefully



From his Japan Lecture Tour, 2007 williamwhitepapers.com

selected resources about how to get involved in various activities related to addiction treatment, recovery support, and recovery advocacy. These are grouped into sections of recovery support resources, recovery advocacy, recovery news and blogs, addiction counseling, other organizations of potential interest, and training and writing opportunities in the addiction field.

Keep clicking on the links in William White's site; there is rich reward in doing so. \Box



SALIS (SALIS Collection, from p. 1)

medical, biography, including academic research, self-help and other popular press. Material covering the theoretical, treatment and prevention, legal and policy issues, sociocultural issues can all be found. But keep in mind that we have many donations that have not yet been digitized, so the collection is continually growing as we raise the funds for digitization.

Barbara Weiner has uploaded more than fifty-five items from the Hazelden-Betty Ford Library and soon to send another fifty items to be digitized by the Internet Archive. This donation will bring us within 10 items of this year's 1,000 item goal. There are more than 170 items in the Dutch language, uploaded by Belgium librarian Marc Wauters, nearly 20 items uploaded by French librarian Isabelle Michot and 6 by British librarian Christine Goodair.

In addition, of the 525 items selected from the NIAAA library, 302 have been digitized and added to the collection, plus all 37 of the NIAAA Research Monographs, and, as of last month, volumes 1-17 and unnumbered experimental issues of NIAAA's Alcohol Health & Research World. This is the only place that digitized copies of these two publications can be found.

In September SALIS Home received a donation of nearly 50 books from the Drug Policy Alliance in New York, and as soon as more funding is found will be delivered to the IA for digitization.

Marketing the project continues with SALIS members Sheila LaCroix and Christine Goodair soon to present on the project at the Society for the Study of Addiction (SSA) in York, England. Meg Brunner created a postcard for distribution at the 2016 Addiction Health Services Research conference in Seattle, which will also be distributed at SSA in York.



SALIS Collection postcard for distribution

A perennial question regarding The SALIS Collection is: If a book has already been digitized by another library, would it be possible to get a digital copy and place in the SALIS Collection, or at least link it to the SALIS Collection, thereby saving the cost of repeat digitization?

Answer: If the item is pre-1923 or public domain by some other status (as a government document for example), and the digital item is already in one of the collections at the IA, or the Open library, we will be able to tag the record for the SALIS Collection, or link to it in some other way. This is currently one of the projects being worked on by Internet Archive engineers, who may be only months away from being able to easily do it.

Due to copyright issues, it may be a little more challenging to do this with modern books, such as those titles published after 1923. For the IA to loan a digital copy, it must own a physical copy. If it owns just one copy, the book may only be borrowed by one individual at a time, with a two-week timeline for each borrow. After that time the book will disappear from the borrower's computer. However, if we can donate a physical copy to the IA, then the digital copy from Open Library or another collection, may be added to The SALIS Collection, without having to pay for repeat digitization.

Please donate any books or government docs that you have to this very worthwhile project. Remember, always check first to see if we have the books that you wish to donate by going to the SALIS Digs Database created for this project. Let SALIS Home know that you have donations to send by e-mailing salis@salis.org or phoning the home office at 510-865-6225. We want you to get involved and will be happy to assist in any way that we can.

We are getting ready to launch a crowdsourcing campaign to raise additional funds for this project, so stay tuned to SALIS-L in the next few weeks. This will start on Nov 29, and any of the monies we can bring in on that day will come to SALIS without any fees taken.

If every SALIS member would donate \$30

Support the SALIS Collection!

Watch for information coming soon about our crowdfunding campaign, launching Nov. 29th!

If every SALIS member donates \$30 -- enough to digitize ONE BOOK -we can raise \$1800!

(enough to digitize one book), together we could raise more than \$1,800! This amount would digitize sixty more titles in the NIAAA back log, or all the Drug Policy Alliance donations.

Every bit counts, so if \$30 is too much for your budget, send us \$10 or \$5. Think of it as "Building a SALIS **Collection Together**" as a legacy to the ATOD field. □

News from Canada

Compiled by Chad Dubeau Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse



Clearing the Smoke on Cannabis

CCSA recently updated the Clearing the Smoke on Cannabis Series:

Clearing the Smoke on Cannabis Chronic Use and Cognitive Functioning and Mental Health – An Update

This is the first in a series of reports that reviews the effects of cannabis use on various aspects of human functioning and development. This report on the effects of chronic cannabis use on cognitive functioning and mental health provides an update of a previous report with new research findings that validate and extend our current

Clearing the Smoke on Cannabis Medical Use of Cannabis and Cannabinoids— An Update

understanding of this issue.

This is the fifth in a series of reports that reviews the effects of cannabis use on various aspects of human functioning and development. This report on the medical use of cannabis and cannabinoids provides an update of a previous report with new research findings that validate and extend our current understanding of this issue.

<u>Clearing the Smoke on Cannabis Highlights—</u> <u>An Update</u>

This document highlights findings from a series of reports that reviews the effects of cannabis use on various aspects of human functioning and development. Specifically, the reports address: Chronic Use and Cognitive Functioning and Mental Health; Maternal Cannabis Use during Pregnancy; Cannabis Use and Driving; Respiratory Effects of Cannabis Smoking; and Medical Use of Cannabis and Cannabinoids. This series is intended for a broad audience, including health professionals, policy makers and researchers.

Addiction and Mental Health Care: Resources to Support Collaboration

Addiction and Mental Health Care: Resources to Support

<u>Collaboration</u> is a compilation of successful collaborations between the addiction and mental health sectors in Canada, along with tools and resources to support such collaborations.



Youth Sport Programs that Address Substance Use — An Environmental Scan

In 2015, the Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse conducted an environmental scan of youth sport programs that address substance use. Stakeholders had identified a need for an overview of how sport is being used in the field of youth



substance use prevention. The intended audience for the scan includes practitioners working within a youth- or sport-based field who might be interested in developing or incorporating a sport-based substance use prevention program into their organization, as well as researchers in the fields of youth substance use prevention or positive youth development and sport.

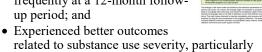
A Report at a Glance is also available.

Effectiveness of Multidimensional Family Therapy for Reducing Substance Use among Youth

Key Messages from this Rapid Review:

- Multidimensional family therapy (MDFT) is a promising family-based intervention for reducing substance use among youth.
- Compared to those involved in group and cognitive behavioural therapies, those who participated in MDFT:
 - Were less likely to be dependent and used substances less frequently at a 12-month followup period; and

among high-risk youth.



• MDFT resulted in significantly greater reductions in both alcohol and cannabis use compared to group

Online Learning for the Effects of Cannabis Use During Adolescence

The online learning module, The Effects of Youth Cannabis Use during Adolescence, is based on CCSA's comprehensive report of the same name, which brings

therapy.



together the best, most current research and identifies what we know, what we don't know and what is emerging on the issue of youth cannabis use. \Box

SALIS at SSA, November 2016

Christine Goodair St. George's University of London

SALIS Members Sheila Lacroix and Christine Goodair are giving a presentation at the Society for the Study of Addiction Symposium in



York (UK) 10-11th November called "The SALIS Collection unveiled: Building an alcohol, tobacco and other drugs digital archive"

From 2003 onwards many Alcohol, Tobacco and other Drug (ATOD) libraries around the world have been closed. This led to the ATOD field losing key collections essential for historical research. The Substance Abuse Librarians and Information Specialists international organisation (SALIS) became concerned about this and began to consider what they could do to ensure that these valuable collections and seminal texts were not lost to the communities needing access.

Z 2

SALIS's considerations led to them ARCHIVE to a collaboration with The Internet Archive (IA) to create a digital collection of books focused on alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs. SALIS members contribute books for scanning and entering into the "The SALIS Collection" within the IA. This is managed via a specialised database recording all

books and reports submitted for digitization. SALIS membership includes core ATOD research and treatment organizations; some members are working towards ensuring publications from their organizations, such as the former Addiction Research Foundation of Ontario, Canada, are captured in the Collection.

The SALIS Collection is growing, with over 900 documents to date. It includes key seminal, full-text books, reports, and other documents. Its subjects include both legal and illegal drugs, the use and misuse of chemicals, the role of education and prevention, physical health and mental health aspects, drug policy, and more. It is international in its scope.

Once digitized, anyone around the world can "check out" a digital copy of a book in the Collection for two weeks at a time. Learn more about the project here: http://salis.org/ digitizationproject.html

Additionally, Christine, Bill Bejarano, and Judit Ward also have a poster being presented titled, "Adding value to research: Information literacy standards in addiction science."

This poster investigates the potentials of the Information Literacy Competency Standards for Higher Education (IL

Standards) for the transdisciplinary field of addiction science. IL Standards were first developed in 2000 by



the Association of College and Research Libraries and were recently updated in 2015.

Each of the six frames of the IL Standards was interpreted and evaluated in terms of their prospective application in addiction science. The six frames are:

- Authority Is Constructed and Contextual;
- Information Creation as a Process;
- Information Has Value:
- Research as Inquiry;
- Scholarship as Conversation, and
- Searching as Strategic Exploration.

Multiple examples were identified from the field to conceptualise each frame.

Translating each frame into addiction science resulted in demonstrating a strong potential of adding value to addiction research by adopting these guidelines into the research process. Information specialists and librarians possess the skills and abilities to educate addiction researchers so that they could benefit from appreciating information, understanding how information is organized, acquiring the most essential searching skills, respecting the implications of processes over end results, and exploring the latest venues in scholarly commination, including their hazards and benefits.

The development and adoption of a rather common-sense set of guidelines customized for addiction science would greatly enhance the research experience and most probably, the research output as well. With a stronger emphasis on the development and dissemination of information, information specialists are in a unique position to augment research by facilitating addiction science information literacy instruction and providing best practices for the translation of research findings.

HOLIDAY SHOPPING TO **SUPPORT SALIS!**

Don't forget to use the SALIS Amazon link while doing your holiday shopping this year! This Amazon program is bringing in hundreds of dollars to our organization every month -- all at no extra cost for you!



Just use this link whenever you shop on Amazon -- no extra steps required. Bookmark it for easy access! And THANK YOU for supporting SALIS!

http://bit.ly/amazon salis



New Books By Andrea L. Mitchell, MLS, Librarian



Barnett, Robin. *Addict in the House: A No-nonsense Family Guide Through Addiction & Recovery.:* Oakland, CA: New Harbinger Publications, Inc., [2016]. 192 p. ISBN-10: 1626252602, ISBN-13: 978-1626252608 (paperback); ASIN: B01CFGRG6W (Kindle)



Batman, Mustafa. *Tobacco Smuggling in the Black Sea Region of the Ottoman Empire, 1883-1914*. Istanbul: Libra Kitapçılık ve Yayıncılık Tikaret, 2016. 150 p. ISBN-13: 9786059022712, ISBN-10:6059022715(paperback



Benveniste, Debra H. *Changing Substance Abuse and Criminal Behavior Through Therapeutic Relationships*. Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan, 2016. 206 p. ISBN-13: 978-1137530387, ISBN-10: 1137530383 (hardcover); 916 KB, ASIN: B01G4XE8XQ (Kindle)



Boullosa, Carmen and Mike Wallace *Narcohistoria: Como Estados Unidos y México Crearon Juntos la Guerra Contra las Drogas.* México, D.F.: Taurus, 2016. 320 p. ISBN-10: 6073142870, ISBN-13: 978-6073142878 (paperback); 1105 KB, ASIN: B01E7TE5YG (Kindle)



Bull, Melissa. *Governing the Heroin Trade: From Treaties to Treatment*. London; New York: Routledge, 2016. 202 p. ISBN-13: 978-0754671213, ISBN-10: 0754671216 (hardcover); 854 KB, ASIN: B00B5QULP2 (Kindle)



Fabre, Cara. *Challenging Addiction in Canadian Literature and Classrooms*. Toronto; Buffalo; London: University of Toronto Press, 2016. 256 p. ISBN-10: 1442631961; ISBN-13: 978-1442631960 (hardcover)



Ferrara, Mark S. *Sacred Bliss: A Spiritual History of Cannabis*. Lanham: Rowman & Littlefield Publishing Group, Inc., [2016]. 200 p. ISBN-10: 1442271914, ISBN-13: 978-1442271913 (hardcover)



Frederick, Jake. *Riot!: Tobacco, Reform, and Violence in Eighteenth-century Papantla, Mexico.* Brighton: Sussex Academic Press, 2016. 220 p. ISBN-13: 978-1845198169, ISBN-10: 1845198166 (hardcover)



Fukumi, Sayaka. *Cocaine Trafficking in Latin America: EU and US Policy Responses*. London; New York: Routledge, 2016. 304 p. ASIN: B00BL0OSCY (Kindle) Orig pub. 2008



Gooberman, Lawrence A. *Operation Intercept: The Multiple Consequences of Public Policy.* Elsevier Ltd., 2016. 209 p. ASIN: B01DRXPRHM (Kindle) Orig pub 1974



Heather, Nick and Gabriel Segal (eds.) *Addiction & Choice: Rethinking the Relationship*. Oxford University Press; 1st edition, 2016. 512 p. ISBN-10: 0198727224, ISBN-13: 978-0198727224 (hardcover)



Himelstein, Sam and Stephen Saul. *Mindfulness-based Substance Abuse Treatment for Adolescents: A 12-session Curriculum.* New York: Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group, 2016. 234 p. ISBN-13: 978-1138812543, ISBN-10: 1138812544 (paperback); ASIN: B00ZITTLFS





Holt, Stephen. *The Cannabis Revolution: What You Need to Know*. Bloomington, IN: iUniverse, 2016. 620 p. ISBN-10: 1491776331, ISBN-13: 978-1491776339 (hardback); ISBN-10: 1491776315, ISBN-13: 978-1491776315 (paperback)



Howells, Geraint G. *The Tobacco Challenge: Legal Policy and Consumer Protection.*London: Routledge, 2016. 334 p. ISBN-13: 978-0754645702, ISBN-10: 0754645703 (hardcover); 1631 KB, ASIN: B01BWNXW76 (Kindle)



Hu, Teh-wei. (ed.). *Economics of Tobacco Control in China: From Policy Research to Practice*. New Jersey: World Scientific, 2016.
250 p. ISBN: 978-981-3108-71-4, ISBN-10:
9813108711 (hardcover); 12142 KB, ASIN:
B01KJCON9W (Kindle)



Ipsen, Carl. *Fumo: Italy's Love Affair with the Cigarette*. Stanford, California: Stanford University Press, [2016] ©2016. 300 p. ISBN-10: 0804795460, ISBN-13: 978-0804795463 (hardcover); 40359 KB, ASIN: B01D2VKSA0 (Kindle)



Jason, Leonard and Sarah Callahan (eds.). *Substance Abuse and Aftercare*. Hauppauge, New York: Nova Science Publishers, Inc., 2016. 90 p. ISBN-10: 1634855019, ISBN-13: 978-1634855013 (paperback)



Jongsma, Arthur E and Jack Klott. *The Co-Occurring Disorders Treatment Planner, With DSM-5 Updates.* Hoboken, N.J.: Wiley, 2016. 336 p. ISBN-13: 978-1119073192, ISBN-10: 1119073197paperback); 2864 KB, ASIN: B01D8A6MGO (Kindle)

(Continued on page 7)



(New Books from p.6)



Kardaras, Nicholas. Glow Kids: How Screen Addiction is Hijacking Our Kids--and How to Break the Trance. New York: St. Martin's Press, 2016. 288 p. ISBN-10: 1250097991, ISBN -13: 978-1250097996 (hardcover); 1739 KB, ASIN: B01ARS7H5A (Kindle)



Lembke, Anna. Drug Dealer, MD: How Doctors Were Duped, Patients Got Hooked, and Why It's So Hard to Stop. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 2016. 192 p. ISBN-13: 978-1421421407, ISBN-10: 1421421402 (paperback); 1073 KB, ASIN: B01KRJUH5G (Kindle)



Lindsey, Timothy and Penelope Nicholson. Drugs Law and Legal Practice in Southeast Asia: Indonesia, Singapore and Vietnam. Oxford; Portland, Oregon: Hart Publishing, 2016. 408 p. ISBN-10: 1782258310, ISBN-13: 978-1782258315 (hardcover); 12551 KB, ASIN:

B01GOPNW90 (Kindle)



Lyman, Michael D. Drugs in Society: Causes, Concepts, and Control. 8th edition. New York, NY: Routledge, 2016. 608 p. ISBN-10: 1138202266, ISBN-13: 978-1138202269 (hardcover); ISBN-13: 978-1138202276, ISBN-10: 1138202274 (paperback)



Marshall, Thomas R. Public Opinion, Public Policy, and Smoking: The Transformation of American Attitudes and Cigarette Use, 1890-2016. Lanham, Maryland: Lexington Books, [2016]. 224 p. ISBN-13: 978-1498504324, ISBN -10: 1498504329 (hardcover); 1949 KB, ASIN: B01J6ON2B4 (Kindle)



Merriman, Stephen Rich. Behavioral Addictions: A New Solution to Very Old Problems. Amherst, Massachusetts: Four Rivers Press, [2016]. 164 p. ISBN-10: 098176987X, ISBN-13: 978-0981769875 (paperback)



Mitchell, Donald Craig. Wampum: How Indian Tribes, the Mafia, and an Inattentive Congress Invented Indian Gaming and Created a \$28 Billion Gambling Empire. New York, NY: The Overlook Press, 2016. ©2016. 392 p. ISBN-13: 978-1468309935, ISBN-10: 1468309935 (hardcover); 4857 KB, ASIN: B01GSL84G6 (Kindle)



Mongan, Deirdre and Jean Long. Alcohol in Ireland: Consumption, Harm, Cost and Policy Response. Dublin: Health Research Board, 2016. ISBN-10: 1903669227 ISBN-13: 978-1903669228 (paperback)



National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine (U.S.). Committee on the Science of Changing Behavioral Health Social Norms. Ending Discrimination Against People with Mental and Substance Use Disorders: The Evidence for Stigma Change. Washington, DC:

National Academies Press, [2016] 2016. 170 p. ISBN-13: 978-0309439121, ISBN-10: 0309439124 (paperback)



Newton, David E. Youth Substance Abuse: A Reference Handbook. Santa Barbara, California: ABC-CLIO, An Imprint of ABC-CLIO, LLC, [2016]. 350 p. ISBN-13: 978-1440839825, ISBN-10: 1440839824 (hardcover); 8756 KB, ASIN: B01IIGCVRM (Kindle)



Pliley, Jessica R., Robert Kramm and Harald Fischer-Tiné (eds.) Global Anti-vice Activism, 1890-1950: Fighting Drinks, Drugs, and "Immorality". New York: Cambridge University Press, 2016. 366 p. ISBN-10: 1107102669, ISBN -13: 978-1107102668 (hardcover); ASIN:

B01HTT8X9Y (Kindle)



Poehlke, Thomas, Werner Heinz and Heino Stöver. Drogenabhängigkeit und Substitution -ein Glossar von A-Z.: Berlin: Springer, 2016. 156 p. ISBN-13: 978-3662498484, ISBN-10: 3662498480 (paperback)



Romero, Andrea J. (ed.). Youth-community Partnerships for Adolescent Alcohol Prevention. Cham: Springer, [2016] 2016. 300 p. ISBN-13: 978-3319260280, ISBN-10: 3319260286 (hardcover); 4456 KB, ASIN: B01BQ1DJ0O (Kindle)



Saunders, John B, Katherine M Conigrave and Noeline C Latt et al. (eds.) Addiction Medicine. New York, NY: Oxford University Press, 2nd ed., 2016. 672 p. ISBN-13: 978-0198714750, ISBN-10: 0198714750 (paperback); 975 p. 10738 KB, ASIN: B01KMBH8T2 (Kindle)



Sher, Kenneth J. (ed.) Oxford Handbook of Substance Use and Substance Use Disorders. Vol. 1. New York: Oxford University Press, [2016]. 712 p. ISBN-13: 978-0199381678, ISBN-10: 0199381674 (hardcover)



Sher, Kenneth J. (ed.) Oxford Handbook of Substance Use and Substance Use Disorders. Vol. 2. New York: Oxford University Press, [2016]. 792 p. ISBN-13: 978-0199381708, ISBN-10: 0199381704 (hardcover)



Smith, Christopher B R and Zack Marshall(eds.) Critical Approaches to Harm Reduction: Conflict, Institutionalization, (De-)politicization, and Direct Action. New York: Nova Publishers, 2016. 310 p. ISBN-13: 978-1634848787, ISBN-10: 1634848780 (hardcover)

(Continued on page 8)



(New Books from p.7)

United Nations. Office on Drugs and Crime. *Terminology and Information on Drugs* 3rd. ed. Vienna, Austria: United Nations, 2016. 69 p. ISBN: 9789211482874, ISBN: 9211482879



West, Robert and Saul Shiffman. *Fast Facts: Smoking Cessation* 3rd ed. Abingdon: Health, 2016. 96 p. ISBN-10: 1908541849, ISBN-13: 978-1908541840 (paperback); 5022 KB, ASIN: B01FG0M254 (Kindle)



Wood, Gregory. *Clearing the Air: The Rise and Fall of Smoking in the Workplace*. Ithaca: ILR Press, an imprint of Cornell University Press, 2016. 264 p. ISBN-10: 1501704826, ISBN-13: 978-1501704826 (hardcover) □

ICYMI: In Case You Missed It

Cool Stuff from SALIS Members on SALIS-L

National Library of Medicine webinar, "Insider's Guide to Accessing NLM Data: Welcome to E-utilities for PubMed," was held on October 19, 2016, but you can watch the recording and find the slides here: https://dataguide.nlm.nih.gov/classes.html. This is a great webinar for those who want to dig deeper into higher-level use of PubMed, including learning how to built your own tool or interface using APIs. (shared by S. Helfert, October 5)

"Don't Use PubMed as a Journal Whitelist" -- Jeffrey Beall, who spoke about predatory journals at the SALIS/ AMHL conference last May, has a new post on his blog about the difference between PubMed and MEDLINE -- namely that PubMed "is MEDLINE plus thousands of other journals, including many low-quality and predatory journals." Read the post here: https://scholarlyoa.com/2016/10/20/dont-use-pubmed-as-a-journal -- whitelist/ (shared by N. Sutherland, October 20)

-whitelist/ (shared by N. Sutherland, October 20)

Chasing the Dragon: The Life of an Opiate Addict --

This new documentary, released last February, was produced by the FBI and the DEA, and features start first-person accounts told by individuals who have abused opioids or whose children have abused opioids with tragic consequences. A special screening, along with a discussion panel that featured US Attorney General Loretta Lynch, DEA Acting Administration Chuck Rosenberg, FBI Director James Comey, and others, took place on September 21st. A recording of the panel can now be found online here: https://www.getsmartaboutdrugs.gov/content/live-event

You can watch **Chasing the Dragon** for free here: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lqdmWRExOkQ (shared by D. Blackwell, September 20)

Self-Help & Memoirs About Addiction

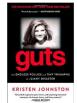
Christine Goodair put out a call to the membership for suggestions for self-help or memoirs about substance use disorders. Here are some of the titles other members sent back via SALIS-L. (Click to purchase via SALIS Amazon.)

<u>Take the Long Way Home: Memoirs of a Survivor</u> by Susan Gordon Lydon (Author) HarperCollins (1993), ISBN-10: 0062505505



The Basketball Diaries by Jim Carroll. Penguin Books (1987), ISBN-10: 0140100180

Guts: The Endless Follies and Tiny Triumphs of a Giant Disaster by Kristen Johnston.
Gallery Books (2013), ISBN-10: 1451635060



<u>Drinking: A Love Story</u> by Caroline Knapp. Dial Press Trade Paperback (1997), ISBN-10: 0385315546

Blackout: Remembering the Things I Drank to Forget by Sarah Hepola. Grand Central Publishing (2016). ISBN-10: 1455554588



<u>Drink: The Intimate Relationship Between</u> <u>Women and Alcohol</u> by Ann Dowsett Johnston. Harper Wave (2014). ISBN-10: 006224180X

> Deadline for the next issue, Vol. 36, No. 4, Winter 2016 is December 15, 2016.

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Substance Abuse
Librarians
&
Information
Specialists



Volume 36, No. 4 Winter 2017

NEWS

SALIS-AMHL 2017

Important Deadlines:

- February 15: Call for Abstracts
- March 6: Scholarship applications
- March 20: Registration, Early-Bird Rate

SALIS Needs You!

Membership in our organization continues to dwindle. Do you know of any individuals or organizations who might have an interest in SALIS?

Send tips to meganw@uw.edu of the Technology & Outreach Committee!

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Books that Heal: Reading for Recovery Project Completed at Rutgers

R4R @ RUTGERS

Judit Ward, William Bejarano, Maria Ortiz-Myers formerly of the Rutgers Center of Alcohol Studies Library

It is our immense pleasure to share the final "deliverable" of the two-year ALA-funded project called Reading for Recovery (R4R), which was completed on schedule in December 2016: http://libguides.rutgers.edu/R4R.

Supporting us all along, SALIS members are well aware of the goal of this project. As traditional gatekeepers of alcohol literature in the oldest institution related to substance abuse in the United States, the Rutgers Center of Alcohol Studies (CAS) Library aspired to connect those affected by addiction to helpful and inspiring books by developing an authoritative and easily accessible resource for bibliotherapy, clinical practice, and education. In accordance with the ALA requirements, the three main goals were:

- facilitate the use of libraries by highlighting materials for users who may wish to remain anonymous,
- add to the reader's advisory toolkit for librarians on a sensitive topic,
- provide addiction counselors with a **sustainable database** to complement traditional therapies.

(Continued on page 2)

SALIS/AMHL Conference

Real Health: The Importance of Professionals in Today's Information Climate

May 3-6, 2017 Worcester, MA

For the second year in a row, SALIS will partner with the <u>Association of Mental Health Librarians</u> to present a combined conference. Hosts will be Len Levin, of the University of Massachusetts Medical School, and Sonja Mertz of the Minnesota Prevention Resource Center.



The theme for 2017 is "Real Health: The Importance of Professionals in

Today's Information Climate." With an increased debate between "real

(Continued on page 6)

SALIS News, Vol. 36, No. 4

R4R @ RUTGERS (Reading for Recovery, from p. 1)

As many of you know by now, our library officially shut down in December 2016, due to a major change in the reporting system of our host institution. Inadvertently, Reading for Recovery (R4R) has become our swan song and epilogue in our dedicated service to this prestigious institution.

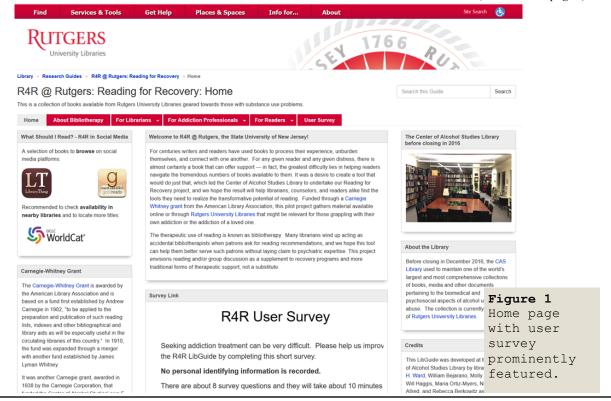
As explained in the final report to ALA, it is fitting that the final project to be undertaken by the Center of Alcohol Studies Library has been supported by the ALA Carnegie-Whitney Grant. As mentioned on the home page of the LibGuide, it was a grant from the Carnegie Corporation in 1938 that funded the original project designed to index and organize the entirety of scientific alcohol literature, known as the Classified Abstract Archive of the Alcohol Literature (CAAAL). This project would serve as a foundation of the institution that would come to be known as the Center of Alcohol Studies. Taking inspiration from CAS founders E. M. Jellinek and Mark Keller, broad thinkers who were instrumental in the design and structure of both the CAAAL project and CAS in general, the Reading for Recovery (R4R) project serves to extend this spirit, spanning also the broader literary, cultural, and philosophical arenas in order to uniquely reach the populations most vulnerable to substance use.

We believe in a certain universality in the written word that can tap into the inherent dignity and humanity of all individuals, transcending geographical, cultural, and generational boundaries. In that spirit, by collecting these works and presenting them in an accessible, user-friendly way, we hope to inspire our target audiences and similarly transcend the institution from which it stemmed, in its final days after more than seventy years of service. Based on the positive feedback we have received from various conferences of addiction and information professionals, we are confident that this tool can do just that. Though the CAS Library will no longer serve the role it has held for this expanse of time, we have worked diligently to leave a legacy of positive societal impact, always keeping in mind the long-term and "big picture" goals of the original CAS founders.

Expressing our gratitude to SALIS and to those providing feedback at conferences and beyond, we invite members to join us celebrating the results of this project with the following sneak peak of the R4R LibGuide and its related social media platforms.

Based on the established selection criteria, R4R has accomplished its primary goal of providing discoverability of titles hidden on the shelves of public libraries for potential readers. The three different R4R platforms, LibGuides, LibraryThing, and Goodreads, have the potential to fill the gap between the selected titles and their readers and reach as broad an audience as possible. Ultimately, the high priority we placed on user accessibility led us to develop the R4R project across all three platforms.

As central hub, the R4R home page on LibGuides describes the project with its goals and scope, while it also gives the appropriate credits to ALA with a short introduction of the Carnegie-Whitney grant and its significance related to our past history. It also features links to the two R4R social media platforms, LibraryThing and GoodReads. A survey is strategically placed on the home page to collect feedback at this point in addition to a separate survey tab at the end (Figure 1). (Continued on page 3)



R4R @ (Reading for Recovery, from p. 2)

The second tab, *About Bibliotherapy*, highlights bibliotherapy with its definition and interpretation (Figure 2). Aiming at a variety of audiences, such as lay readers, librarians, addiction professionals, and anyone else with interest in bibliotherapy, it showcases both scholarly and popular resources. Seminal titles are also presented here and on all three starting pages aiming at a particular audience, represented by the next three tabs. Other media appearances of the use of bibliotherapy provide content in a variety of forms all over the R4R LibGuide.



Figure 2: About Bibliotherapy

The next three tabs address our three main user groups (i.e., librarians, addiction professionals, and readers in general) as planned. Each tab contains several subpages available via pull down menus. Content was collected and organized throughout the entire project for these three main tabs, and they cover all areas the project intended as its

goals. The following screenshots are highlighting some elements of these content pages as a teaser.

To begin with, the *For Librarians* page highlights the SALIS ATOD Collection in the Internet Archive, in addition to reading lists and book selection resources (Figure 3).

Also in the For Librarians section, under the title Download & Share, R4R offers a collection of word documents, pdf files, templates, and links to resources that could make the daily work of a public librarian



Figure 3: SALIS

Collection

easier (Figure 4). Suggested by our public librarian member, the R4R team put together its own collection of discussion sheets, bookmarks, and fliers to facilitate book clubs and reading books, in addition to collecting and sharing similar resources from other public libraries and publishers.



Attendees of the 2016 SALIS conference in Denver will see a familiar one among the numerous R4R worksheets and bookmarks, using F. Scott Fitzgerald's Sleeping and

Waking as an example. By offering templates, the page also encourages librarians to develop their own.

Under the For Addiction Professionals tab, one of the highlighted pages offers current information on scholarly resources (Figure 5). In addition to books, recent scholarly articles are also showcased.

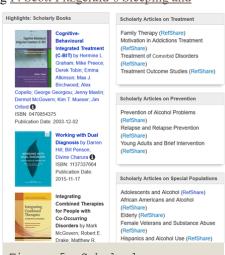


Figure 5: Scholarly resources for addiction professionals

Collected by the staff of CAS Library, this content is organized and shared by means of the reference management software applications RefWorks and RefShare, respectively. Material related to twelve step programs are also included, with credits to Alcoholics Anonymous where appropriate.

A second example from the For Addiction Professionals section promotes bibliotherapy for addiction with the help

(Continued on page 4)

R4R @ RUTGERS (Reading for Recovery, from p. 3)

of the appropriate books, training options, and media coverage. This section is also meant to guide those wishing to turn their personal experience with addiction for the benefit of others via training to become counselors, a significant potential user group in our experience.



Figure 6: Key elements repeated

Figure 6 also demonstrates how certain components of the R4R LibGuide are reused, i.e., the same box will appear in two pages making our content discoverable in many different ways through strategic use of limited redundancy.

The needs of our main but hard to reach audience are addressed on the *For Readers* pages (Figure 7). Pictured below is the starting page of this section explaining bibliotherapy, its potential benefits, and links to the two social media platforms. The pulldown menu provides select material we have chosen to highlight, organized by genre or audiences, with a widget linking to the broader LibraryThing and Goodreads pages for further browsing.

All records (approximately 60) benefit from the functionality of LibGuides in many ways. Books were added by ISBN with the information provided by LibGuides functions and resources, as it is typically completed in LibGuides, including descriptions from the publisher or review sources. Our innovation was to link the

individual titles to the WorldCat record so that users anywhere in the United States could find the nearest library where the title is available. Descriptions of books were shortened for easier reading.

Feedback has been collected via survey instruments designed in house. Two surveys were developed and added to the LibGuide for users to contribute feedback. The first is a short question survey aimed at self-directed readers. The aim is to glean information about the discoverability or the source of referrals made to the R4R LibGuide, as well as its perceived usefulness in general, and the value of specific tools offered therein.

A second lengthier survey of seventeen questions was developed for librarians and addiction professionals. The first four questions aid in categorizing these users in terms of their professional or research roles, organization type, visit purpose, and general location (within the US or not). Additionally, we seek input about users' familiarity with bibliotherapy in general, with this R4R LibGuide specifically, and the features most helpful to them.

In conclusion, citing from our report to ALA again, we are grateful to have had one final project to which we could devote all of our energy, and it is our sincere hope that this project serves as a worthy bookend to the one that was largely responsible for the creation of the multidisciplinary field of addiction science.



(SALIS/AMHL 2017, from p. 1)



U. Mass Medical School

information" and "fake news," the information professional's work of providing unbiased and accurate information to their community has become even more vital. Uncertainty in the future of our library budgets and resources can cloud our intended missions and goals.

Presenters should consider how the work of information professionals needs to continue to address health information concerns, including substance abuse/use and mental health, in an era of uncertainty and challenges.

The Call for Abstracts closes on February 15, 2017, so don't delay on <u>submitting your idea for a presentation or</u> poster this year!

Scholarships for SALIS/AMHL 2017 are available to full SALIS members. The deadline for applications is **March 6**, **2017**.

Ask your organization if they would be an exhibitor or sponsor! Find more about these two options to support the conference on our conference website: http://salis.org/conference.

What's in a Name? Some Clarification, Maybe?

David Man, CASA

In January 2016, the organization that called itself CASAColumbia reverted to an earlier version of its name: The National Center on Addiction and Substance Abuse but without "at Columbia University."



The reason for the change was that having "at Columbia University" had become a source of confusion not only because CASA is not located on or near any of Columbia's various campuses, but also because the organization is an independent non-profit with its own board of directors, senior leadership, and staff who were not Columbia employees.

Confusion about the CASA name increased in 2014 when Yale University, New York University, the City University of New York, and Northwell Health were added to CASA's group of scientific collaborators. As a result, CASA's board of directors and Columbia's leaders mutually agreed that CASA's identity would be better served by removing the appearance of a controlling entity or exclusive academic partner. Consequently "at Columbia University" was dropped.

Many people working in or writing about the substance use and addiction field refer to us simply as CASA and that remains part of the organization's logo. However, CASA is the registered acronym of another organization, the Court Appointed Special Advocates, and so to avoid yet another area of possible name confusion, the use of the full name, The National Center on Addiction and Substance Abuse, has been officially adopted. Informally, "the Center" is how the staff now refers to the organization. \Box

Facts about Worcester, Massachusetts, Home of SALIS/AMHL 2017

Pronunciation: Rhymes with *Rooster*!

Nickname: Heart of the Commonwealth.

Where is it: 40 miles west of Boston.



The city is also famous for its history of social progressivism, hosting a number of temperance and abolitionist movements. It also served as a leader in the women's suffrage movement as well—the first national convention advocating women's rights was held there in 1950!

History: The area was first inhabited b

History: The area was first inhabited by members of the Nipmuc tribe, who called the region Quinsigamond. In 1673, two English settlers obtained a deed to 8 square miles of land from the Nipmuc people, and Worcester was born.

In the 1770s, Worcester was a hotbed of American revolutionary activity, serving as the home of a secret stash of ammunition and serving as the second headquarters (after Boston) of the radical newspaper *Massachusetts Spy* in 1775, published continuously throughout the Revolutionary War.

A Few Key Tourist Sites:

- The American Antiquarian Society and Library
- Worcester Art Museum 2nd largest in New England!
- ArtsWorcester Museum of & contemporary art
- EcoTarium Museum of science & nature
- Tower Hill Botanic Garden
- More at http://www.worcestermass.org/!

SALIS News, Vol. 36, No. 4 5 Winter 2017

Digs Project Exceeds Goal!



Andrea Mitchell, Chair, Advocacy Committee

January is often the month when we take stock of our accomplishments for the previous year and vow to do better in the coming year. The SALIS Digitization Project, known as Digs, had some big accomplishments in 2016.

Here they are:

Digs Team Accomplishments 2016

Added more than 500 items to <u>The SALIS Collection</u> at the Internet Archive! Making our goal!

Added nearly \$2,000 in donations and monies to pay for requested digitization.

1058 items in The SALIS Collection to date!

All 37 of the *NIAAA Research Monographs* are now in the collection, https://archive.org/details/salis?and%5B%5D=%2NIAAA+Research+Monograph%22&sort=publicdate



Added NIAAA's early periodical, *Alcohol Health and Research World*, including the Experimental issues, both Vol 1 no 1's (Spring 1973 and Fall 1976) and the complete set through Vol 17 No. 4. https://archive.org/details/salis?and%5B%5D=%
22Alcohol+Health+and+Research+World%
22Alcohol+Health+and+Research+World%
22Alcohol+Health+and+Research+World%
https://archive.org/details/salis?and%5B%5D=%



Issues after that time are available on the NIAAA website. Here are a few stats on the <u>SALIS Database</u> (the working database, where all material donations are recorded): Added more than 700 items to the <u>SALIS Database</u> (Not all of these items have been digitized, but will be as soon as we raise the \$\$\$.

Items donated thus far and entered into database: 1126

• Books in database: 772

Books in database scanned: 460Books not yet scanned: 312

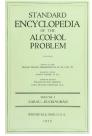
Books uploaded: 65
Reports uploaded: 129
Dutch language items: 179
French language: 9

Other Exciting Progress for the Project.

Views of <u>The SALIS Collection</u>: 42,137 on February 1, 2017! This is 19,000-plus more views since the last update in the Fall 2016 *SALIS News*! The SALIS Collection has patrons who are curious, checking to see what items we have, and borrowing those that we do!

Since the formal contract was signed with the Internet

Archive in Dec of 2014, the Dig's team has collected more than 1200 books, documents, a few periodicals, and a historical encyclopedia, *Standard Encyclopedia of the Alcohol Problem*, Vols. 1-6: https://archive.org/details/salis?and = %22Standard%20Encyclopedia%22



We have raised money, (more than 17,000 dollars, including the three thousand authorized by the Board to take out of the SALIS treasury)

We have added more foreign language titles, thanks to SALIS members, Marc Wauters, VAD, Belgium and Isabelle Michot, OFDT France: https://archive.org/details/salis?and[]=languageSorter%3A%22French%22

We have added more historical documents, ie) pre-1923, thanks to SALIS members, Barbara Weiner, HBFF and Sheila Lacroix, formerly CAMH. Barbara Weiner sent books to the Indiana Scanning center at the end of 2016, much of it related to temperance and



prohibition, and including 13 vols. of the Anti-Saloon League Yearbook.

See a few examples:

https://archive.org/details/whatwemaydotobes00stephttps://archive.org/details/antisaloonleague00anti

Sheila Lacroix worked to select books from the CAMH library and get them to the University of Toronto Scanning Center. She is also going through some of the historic books at Cornell concerning drug problems, and working to get digital

Support the SALIS Collection!

Find out how here:

http://salis.org/ digitizationproject.html

copies to move into The SALIS Collection. All of this is detailed work, and very time consuming. But bit by bit, this team is continuing to add titles and fix meta-data in this never- ending project.

Although the bulk of what we have so far is alcohol related, we are slowly adding "other drug" titles including this one https://archive.org/details/MyLadyNicotine.or or these: https://archive.org/details/salis?&and[]=marijuana

We want/need you to be part of this project!

Review your own collection, pull out the duplicates, or other items which you can donate, check to see if we already have them in the <u>SALIS Database</u>. The database is where books and other material donations are recorded, so we don't end up with duplicates. If your items are not yet in the database, contact SALIS Home to arrange for sending. Remember, author, title, publisher and date of the items you wish to donate must be recorded in the database,

(Continued on page 7)



but only **after** you have contacted the SALIS Home, salis@salis.org or 510 865-6225.

Make 2017 the year that you become a part of this **legacy for SALIS**.

Thanks to All!

Thank-you to all the Dig's team, those mentioned above and Meg Brunner, Christine Goodair, Julie Murphy, Andrea Mitchell, Jane Shelling, and Nancy Sutherland, as well as all of those who made materials donations last year: Peggy Oba, Ethan Nadelman, Drug Policy Alliance; National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (Nancy Winstanley and Cara Breeden). And to the Internet Archive (Jesse Bell, Kristy Headley, Elizabeth Macleod, Jeff Sharpe and Chrissy Robinson).



Going to a meeting or conference? Print out our marketing postcard and take copies with you! http://salis.org/digs/saliscollectioncards.pdf

News from Canada

Compiled by Chad Dubeau Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse



A Framework for the Legalization and Regulation of Cannabis in Canada

In November of 2016, Health Canada released the final report of the Task Force on Cannabis Legalization and Regulation titled A Framework for the Legalization and Regulation of Cannabis in Canada. The report covers topics such as minimizing harms of use, establishing a safe and responsible supply chain, enforcing public safety and protection, medical access, and implementation.



Health Canada also released an updated Canadian Drugs and Substances Strategy <u>infographic</u> that includes harm reduction as a fourth pillar.

Responding to the Opioid Crisis

Following an <u>Opioid Conference</u> and Opioid Summit moderated by the Federal Minister of Health in November of 2016, a <u>Joint Statement of Action</u> was released. The document highlights commitments from federal and provincial governments as well as various agencies, associations, and other relevant organizations.

The Canadian Institute for Health Information (CIHI) and the Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse (CCSA) also released a <u>report</u> on opioid poisoning in Canada.□

SALIS Represented on the SAMHSA KAP Audience Advisory Board



SALIS member Meg Brunner, of the Alcohol & Drug Abuse Institute at the University of Washington in Seattle,

recently joined SAMHSA's KAP Audience Advisory Board as a representative of SALIS.

SAMHSA's KAP (Knowledge Application Program) series was developed to better support workforce development and expand treatment capacity through the blending of science and service. The information and resources developed by KAP provide SUD professionals with information and training related to implementing best practices for substance use disorder treatment, as well as tools that can be used for technical assistance and discovery of new treatment protocols.

The Audience Advisory Board was recently launched to help inform the development and dissemination of future KAP products, trainings, and tools. The board will consist of members from a range of professions and professional organizations, with SALIS's representative providing the information specialist perspective on various relevant audiences, dissemination routes and methods, and more.

SALIS MEMBERS: Watch your email! Meg will be reaching out to you with a survey this spring seeking with feedback, advice, and other comments she can present in turn to the Board. Please also feel free to contact her at any time if you'd like to provide any information that might be useful in this context! meganw@uw.edu

□

Databases for Addiction Information Professionals: A Review

W

Barbara Weiner Hazelden Betty Ford Foundation

What a joy it can be when searching the research/journal literature as it is indexed in databases! We assist others by connecting them to the information they are seeking, help them to make their best professional and personal decisions, and often support the mission of our organizations while doing so. We put our professional education, skills, and experience to task as we determine which databases are most appropriate to utilize, know and use the unique searching detail and strategies required of each database, and find fulfillment knowing we are an important part of the social, individual, and public good!

It can be a challenge, though, to stay current with the ongoing changes. Change IS the constant when considering databases. Databases are not standardized in how they are assembled, searched, indexed, who they were designed for, their comprehensiveness, their years of coverage, nor in the presentation of their search results. Databases wrap the information of the past and present into a more easily accessible and searchable electronic format, and are a vital part of our contemporary information world!! This article simply reviews the literature databases which are most useful to addiction information professionals.

ETOH AND CORK DATABASES

Two addiction-focused databases have been major players in our field:

ETOH: http://www.hazelden.org/websearch/etohsearch CORK: http://www.hazelden.org/websearch/corksearch

Both were online and actively utilized until each lost their organizational support and were removed from active maintenance and from online, ETOH in 2003 and CORK in 2015.

ETOH was developed in 1971 by the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (NIAAA). It quickly became the premier alcohol database—comprehensive, multidisciplinary, indexed with the *AOD Thesaurus* terminology, and including a wide variety of materials (approximately 130,000 records). It was the major alcohol bibliographic resource for alcohol researchers, clinicians, and policy makers around the world.

CORK was developed for the Dartmouth Medical School by Virginia Rolett and SALIS member Jean Kinney. It indexes resources about alcohol, other drugs, and behavioral addictions from the years 1970 to 2015 (selected records prior to 1970). The database of approximately 121,000 records is bibliographic, including mostly abstracted journal articles, but also some books, book chapters, reports, and conference papers.

After their off-line hiatus, archived versions of both databases are once again online at Hazelden Betty Ford Foundation, which is committed to preserving these rich and unique literature resources for both the addictions and information fields, and making them freely available to all online searchers. Searchers may create a bibliographic listing of their topic, and then take that list to their own librarian/library for assistance in retrieval of the full documents.

IARD DATABASE

http://www.drinksresearch.org/



A current addictions-focused database is IARD, created by the International Alliance for Responsible Drinking (IARD) of London and SALIS member Bryony Addis-Jones. This bibliographic resource is publicly accessible and was created to provide an easily searchable database of alcohol research covering multiple disciplines, including biomedical, socio-behavioral, prevention, treatment, policy, and regulatory research fields. Citations are compiled from more than 3,550 peer-reviewed journals from around the world, incorporating 30 languages and 150 countries. The continually updated database has approximately 50,000+ citations from research journals dating back to 2003. "Sadly my database isn't up at the moment. I hope to have it back up soon on a different platform with better functionality," shares Bryony. We all look forward to your update, Bryony, when available!

ACADEMIC SEARCH PREMIER DATABASE



A leading scholarly resource found in many academic settings worldwide, this database was designed by the information vendor EBSCO and is rich with the most valuable, comprehensive, multidisciplinary content available. This database provides full-text for more than 4,600 journals (including full-text for nearly 3,900 peer-reviewed titles), PDF backfiles to 1975 or further for over 100 journals, and searchable cited bibliographic references for more than 1,000.

While not focused on addiction and substance use/misuse topics, this database provides pleasantly numerous and helpful ATOD results, especially helpful when one is seeking full-text articles. Access is not free, but a free trial is available at: https://www.ebscohost.com/academic/academic-search-premier

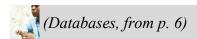
PubMed

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/



A core database for many addiction researchers, PubMed is a project of the US National Library of Medicine, and is freely available online. This amazing database has indexed over 26 million records, and hosts approximately 4 million searches per day from around the world. It is bibliographic, but with a growing full-text presence in search results. PubMed focuses on the topics of medicine, health, and life sciences.

(Continued on page 9)



One delightful hint to extracting addiction related articles from PubMed is to add this MeSH term to your search term: Term AND Substance-Related Disorders[MH].

CAMH LIBGUIDE

http://guides.hsict.library.utoronto.ca/CAMH/



LiteratureSearching GoodPractice

The useful CAMH LibGuide, Literature Searching: Good Practice, has been previously mentioned by SALIS member Sheila Lacroix. The LibGuide provides guidance for effectively and comprehensively searching research-based literature on addiction, mental health, and related topics. Along with other helpful information, the LibGuide suggests key databases to consider for mental health and addiction related subjects. CAMH states that the following databases are important for comprehensiveness in addiction topics, but not freely available: PsychINFO (American Psychological Association), CINAHL (Cumulative Index Nursing and Allied Health Literature), and the Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews. Freely available, however, is PubMed (see above), which they also list.

The CAMH LibGuide offers two more suggestions regarding database searching:

- Large databases such as **Scopus** and **Web of Science** are comprehensive but not indexed with subject headings (controlled vocabulary from a thesaurus). **Web of Science** is particularly good for multidisciplinary searches. **Scopus** picks up many of the newer Open Access journals quickly. Both are good for topping up your searches with recently published literature, but are not recommended as a sole source for comprehensive literature reviews.
- Multidisciplinary portals such as those provided by ProQuest and EBSCO, provided by university and college libraries, are good for quick, multi database

searches. Select only the databases relevant to your topic. Check the date range coverage for each database. (Multi-database searching is not recommended as a sole source for comprehensive literature reviews.)

SALIS DATABASE LISTS:

http://www.salis.org/resources/database list.html



SALIS has created a unique and comprehensive compilation of addiction-focused databases from around the globe. Designed for researchers, librarians, students, and anyone searching for literature and statistical information on addictions, SALIS offers this compilation of more than 100 databases and other online resources, representing 17 countries, to assist in the researching and dissemination of substance abuse, alcoholism, treatment, recovery, and other addictions information.

Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drugs Databases:

Bibliographic Databases (U.S.)
Bibliographic Databases (non-U.S.)
Data Archives, Surveys, and Related Databases

Access to and descriptions of these resources are constantly changing, and every effort is made to keep this listing current, accurate, and thorough. Do you see a change, a new URL, a description needing updating, an addition or deletion? Please share that information with SALIS via the SALIS listsery. Thank you!

Just for fun, here are two single-term searches repeated in some of the databases mentioned (see Table 1, below). Both ETOH and CORK limit their search results to 500 items, so the term alcohol* was too broad to get a results number. Cochrane may have the fewest results, but their systematic reviews are often requested. And while there will of course be overlap in searching multiple databases, each database will also provide unique results for one's topic.

HAPPY DATABASE SEARCHING!

COMPARISON CHART:

DATABASE	TERM	# OF RESULTS	TERM	# OF RESULTS
ACADEMIC SEARCH PREMIER	alcoholic	92,466	cannabis	12,536
CINAHL	alcoholic	7,326	cannabis	5,160
COCHRANE DATABASE OF SYSTEMATIC REVIEWS	alcoholic	69	cannabis	14
CORK	alcoholic	500+	cannabis	187
ЕТОН	alcoholic	478	cannabis	136
psycNET	alcoholic	20,788	cannabis	8,972
PUBMED	alcoholic	79,232	cannabis	15,923

OFDT News Excerpts

Submitted by Isabelle Michot
Observatoire Français des Drogues
et des Toxicomanies



ADDICTION

Young People and Addictions: An Overview

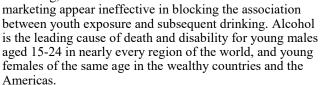
Over the past twenty years, numerous undertakings by the French Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (OFDT) have focused on juvenile behaviours.

A collective OFDT publication entitled Jeunes et addictions has just been published in French. This study of substance use throughout adolescence and early adulthood is essential as this is when certain addictive behaviours begin and can sometimes become established, based on initiation and experiences. This collective publication provides an analysis of psychoactive substance use and its impact according to a continuum covering nearly 15 years of life: from 11 to 25 years, i.e. approximately 12 million individuals in France. Behavioural addictions, which are now a major issue, are also described. A summary, including the main findings, is available in English: http://en.ofdt.fr/index.php?cID=311

Scientific Papers: Addiction Supplement on Alcohol Marketing

The regulation of alcohol marketing: from research to public health policy. *Addiction*, Vol.112, Suppl.1, January 2017, 127 p.

Leading public health experts warn that adolescents and young adults around the world are exposed to extensive alcohol marketing, and that current controls on that



The Addiction supplement comprises 14 papers, with research presented from around the world and one contribution from the OFDT: Gallopel-Morvan K., Spilka S., Mutatayi C., Rigaud A., Lecas F., Beck F. France's Évin Law on the control of alcohol advertising: content, effectiveness and limitations, p. 86-93.

Questions on alcohol marketing exposure were experimentally included for the first time in the 2015 ESPAD survey. Named as the French Alcohol Marketing Exposure Scale (FAMES) these questions aimed at assessing whether French adolescents were exposed and receptive to alcohol marketing. □

Rutgers Center of Alcohol Studies Library Closes

Judit Ward, PhD

The Rutgers Center of Alcohol Studies library has officially shut down, due to a major change in the reporting system of the host institution. The library collection is being integrated into Rutgers University Libraries, and as such, will be fully preserved and available for the public soon.

Stay tuned for more about this story in the next issue of $SALIS\ News$. \Box





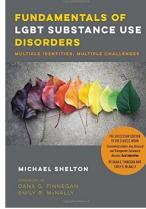


Book Review:

Fundamentals of LGBT Substance Use Disorders: Multiple Identities, Multiple Challenges

Review by Sandra Radin, PhD, Research Scientist, Alcohol & Drug Abuse Institute, University of Washington

In Fundamentals of LGBT Substance Use Disorders: Multiple Identities, Multiple Challenges, Michael Shelton continues and expands the classic work of Emily B. McNally and Dana G. Finnegan, Counseling Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender Substance Abusers: Dual Identities. This contemporary and thorough resource may be helpful for anyone who wishes to better understand LGBT substance use and more sensitively and effectively



support LGBT individuals in treatment, recovery, and counseling settings. Whether you have never worked with LGBT clients or have considerable experience, this book has something for you.

Although LGBT and non-LGBT individuals are obviously more similar than different, the need for this resource and its potential utility are apparent. We are reminded early in the book that, until 1973, "homosexuality" was pathologized as a "personality disturbance" in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders. One can imagine how this establishment-endorsed idea has affected our society as a whole, and LGBT people in particular. In addition, specialized treatment for substance use/abuse/dependence for LGBT individuals has been seriously lacking, even though early and recent studies suggest higher rates of substance use and related negative consequences for the LGBT population.

Shelton synthesizes current research and evidence-based practices and promotes principles of affirmative, traumainformed, and culturally competent intervention into a well -organized and user-friendly training tool and reference for clinicians, treatment agencies, and others. The book's three main sections offer solid, often enlightening information. The first section, "An Overview of LGBT Substance Use," describes early LGBT substance use research and empirical flaws, illuminates more recent study findings related to general and LGBT risk factors and important social processes, and concludes with general principles and approaches to LGBT substance use treatment. The second section, "LGBT-Specific Substance Use Patterns," delves into common challenges encountered by transgender, bisexual, lesbian, and gay individuals, and presents practical treatment suggestions at agency and client levels. The third section, "Intersecting Identities," addresses the confluences of LBGT, age/stage-of-life, family, and

residential environments.

Each chapter is organized to enhance understanding and learning, and to help readers best use the time that they have. Summaries and overviews focus attention on key themes and details. Case studies begin most sections and help to contextualize the evidence-based information that follows. Complexities, challenges and treatment recommendations related to LGBT experiences, relationships, and identities are thoroughly discussed. Guidelines, key terms and definitions, and discussion questions round out the learning experience.

This book is ideally suited for students, clinicians, and administrators in general, and for LGBT-focused clinics and treatment programs.

Fundamentals of LGBT Substance Use Disorders: Multiple Identities, Multiple Challenges

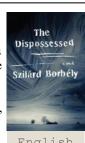
Michael Shelton

Harrington Park Press, LLC, December 2016 ISBN-13: 978-1939594129 (hardcover, \$85); 978-1939594112 (paperback, \$45) □

"Talent is Selfish and Cruel": A Review of *The Dispossessed* by Szilárd Borbély

Judit Ward, Rutgers

Szegény Szilárd! Lost in translation is the alliteration, as well as the rich and deep meaning of the Hungarian adjective. Options include poor, miserable, pitiable, or all of the above, to express the caring attitude as we would add it to his first name back in the day, whenever he showed up at our doorstep, locked his bike, and rang the bell. If the kids answered, he would just shyly walk away at the beginning.



English

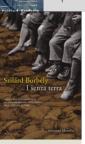


A household name today in erudite Europe, poet and literary historian Szilárd Borbély from rural Hungary never longed for fanfares and limelight. He just kept writing. Poems, essays, literary criticism, scholarly papers, newspaper articles, dramas, and novels. He had a way with the language. Precision poetry. No text published until every verb and adjective was perfectly in place.

Reading his poems is a challenge. His texts will take the reader to a mysterious and dark place, where they may not want to be. His newly translated successful novel, The Dispossessed, is not for the faint-hearted either. As I projected at the SALIS Conference in San Diego, the unique language of this unprecedented novel would

(Continued on page 12)

(The Dispossessed, from p. 6)



Italian

challenge translator and reader. The power of language as used to express powerlessness.

When it was first published in 2013, I had read the original Hungarian novel at one sitting. I was afraid if I put it down, I would not have the courage to pick it up again. Postponing the English version day after day, week after week, seemed inevitable. I knew what I was dealing with. Expressively

depicted in the novel, the harsh reality of the north east of Hungary had already hit me three times in 2016. Faces and places, miserable conditions, an environment deprived of any potential, poverty, ignorance, indifference, listlessness, and cruelty. Trauma, suffering, grieving.

It was Szilárd, who helped me out. In an interview published in Kalligram in 2009, he says, 'I have the feeling that nowadays people die without an opportunity for them or their loved ones to learn anything from their lives. Without knowing that their lives not only are not leading toward death, but people around them learn nothing from their deaths. [...] We don't have a life of our own, how could we have a death of our own then? I am trying to notice that death provides something to learn about life.'



So does his.

Borbély's writing gained new depths after his parents' home was brutally invaded in rural Hungary in 2000, leaving his mother dead and his father disabled. First published in Hungarian in 2013 by Kalligram, and reprinted several times since then, The Disposssessed, a semi-autobiographical novel of growing up in poverty in a remote village, is also intensified by the author's tragic suicide in 2014.

Szilárd Borbély La miséricorde



The language of the novel is a memento to the local dialect and customs interspersed with words such as a 'footcloth', used in boots in winter to keep the feet warm, or a 'cleaning rag', used instead of a sponge, with which the mother would beat the kids. The father follows traditions by drinking brine from sauerkraut to cure his hangover, and in an unloving environment, kids are often called a 'pile of misery.' Living with superstition and fear, they are afraid of the

'copper pricked owl', while the adults are afraid of each other, everyone being suspicious of everyone else. The Messiah, or rather Messiyah in the local dialect, has nothing to do with religion here. He is the only man with a beard in the village, a mentally disabled, toothless drunk, called on to clean the clogged outhouses.

The mother and the kids are always working around the house or are on the go, restlessly and hopelessly. 'There is never and end to it' claims the mother. Walking a lot to places, the little boy talks infrequently with his overworked, depressed, and suicidal mother She only



wants to leave the village and often threatens the kids to commit suicide. She is never satisfied, for all the popular wisdom that 'the shit will wear down your teeth.' Even though, the little boy understands that his mother is not mad at him. He had reached the emotional state where being abused verbally and physically doesn't even hurt, or so he claims.



Death is part of their lives in many ways, such as routinely torturing and killing newborn animals whether to stop overpopulation, or because killing is the only thing that makes them happy. Anemia, vitamin deficiency, speech impediment, and many other handicaps plague the narrator's young life. The little boy hates his younger brother, who means more work for him, and wants him dead. He also hates his older sister, because he has to wear her hand-me-down clothes and shoes. Obsessed

with indivisible numbers, he keeps trying to count and break down everything. The young boy's unconditional love towards his mother is manifested in plans to kill his father when he grows up. At this early age, he came to the conclusion that they would be better off without the useless, alcoholic, wife beater father.

Historical events and political changes have no impact on the life of this social group. 'The revolution... What's the point of it? They gave a slap to the shit' is the attitude.

The suggestive and expressive language depicts poverty with great power, with a lot of insider knowledge. Drawing heavily on the author's memories of his own childhood, this poverty is not appalling, as he claimed in an interview, but rather dignified. Others had it even worse, with more humiliation, and no chance to get away. In the same interview, Borbély calls his escape from this milieu a system error, just like every individual escape. [...] But the real solution should be on a societal scale.'



His survival strategies had been successful only up to point. His approach, choosing writing as a way of expression instead of suppression, helped him with his own severe depression.

In an interview with the 45-year-old author shedding more light on his background, Borbély states, 'The ability to write is essentially a gift, just like

(Continued on page 13)



(The Dispossessed, from p. 12)

all talents are. We see these cases where people become enslaved by their own talents, because talent is selfish and cruel. It is the manifestation of that greater force which moves your hand, and moves people in general.'

A perfect ending to a miserable 2016, reading *The Dispossessed* helps the healing process in its magical-mysterious way and leaves something important behind for now. Please, never, ever. Please. No more. Not like that.

And all of us in the erudite Europe and eager America, in 2017, let's stop and step back to think for a second, when we feel so overwhelmed with our first world problems.

Reviews

Critical praise on the publisher's site https://www.harpercollins.com/9780062364098/the-dispossessed

The White Review, January 2014, published a chapter http://www.thewhitereview.org/fiction/the-dispossessed/

Kirkus Review

https://www.kirkusreviews.com/book-reviews/szilard-borbely/the-dispossessed-borbely/

New York Times

http://www.nytimes.com/2016/11/25/books/review/szilard-borbely-dispossessed-berlin-hamlet.html? r=0

Publishers Weekly

http://www.publishersweekly.com/978-0-06-236408-1

The Missing Slate

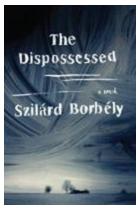
http://themissingslate.com/2013/06/23/this-gnaws-away-at-my-heart-szilard-borbelys-the-dispossessed/

LitHub

http://lithub.com/it-takes-a-village-to-be-brutal/

Interview (2013)

http://www.hlo.hu/news/devastating silence an interview with szilard borbely



The Dispossessed
Szilárd Borbély
HarperPerennial, Nov. 2016
ISBN-13: 978-0062364081
(paperback, \$9.50)

ICYMI: In Case You Missed It

Cool Stuff from SALIS Members on SALIS-L

First Surgeon General's Report on Addiction

The report, "Alcohol, Drugs, and Health: Facing Addiction in America," was published in November 2016. Request a



print copy or download the PDF here: https://addiction.surgeongeneral.gov/ (B. Weiner & B. Seitz de Martinez)

ONDCP Vanishes Online

Several members discovered that, following Inauguration Day in January, the ONDCP website, along with several other government sites, was pulled offline and moved to the Obama Administration's online archive. As of February 13, 2017, only policy information on the WhiteHouse.gov site related to substance has to do with law enforcement. (N. Bryant, N. Sutherland, J. DeLett-Snyder)

Also Gone: Beall's Predatory Publishers List

On January 17, member **Chad Dubeau** noticed Beall's List, a compilation of predatory journal publishes kept by Jeffrey Beale (photo), CU Denver librarian who spoke at SALIS 2016, had been removed from the web. SALIS members swapped numerous links to articles about what was going on.



CU Denver put out a statement saying that Beall had made the decision himself, and that he remained on the faculty at the university and "will be pursuing new areas of research." Many suspect that legal threats to Beall and/or the university may be behind the site's removal (OMICS Publishing Group once threatened to sue him for defamation citing \$1 billion in damages, so this is not out of the realm of possibility).

Member **Bill Cohen** also recommended this YouTube video reporting on Jeffrey and 2 other individuals who combat "fake science": https://www.youtube.com/watch?vesslimjliRMwgM

The *New York Times* wrote about Beall and the "exploding world of pseudo academia" in 2013: http://www.nytimes.com/2013/04/08/health/for-scientists-an-exploding-world-of-pseudo-academia.html?
pagewanted-all& r=1&

Beall's list has been archived in several locations, including the Internet Archive: https://web.archive.org/web/20170111172309/https://scholarlyoa.com/individual-journals/



New Books By Andrea L. Mitchell, MLS, Librarian

- + government document
- * non-English title

Buy books at **Amazon.com** to support SALIS!



Andrade, André Luiz Monezi and Denise De Micheli. (eds.) *Innovations in the Treatment of Substance Addiction.* Springer-Verlag, 2016. 238 p. ISBN-13: 978-3319431703, ISBN-10: 3319431706 (hardcover); ASIN: B01LX4V4RX (Kindle)



Armiya'u, Aishatu Yusha'u. *Substance Use and Quality of Life of Patients at an Addiction Centre*. Saarbrucken Scholars' Press 2016. 140 p. ISBN-10: 365984019X, ISBN-13: 978-3659840197 (paperback)



*Beccaria, Franca. *La Rrivoluzione del Bere: L'alcol come Esperienza Culturale.* Roma: Carocci, gennaio 2016. 119 p. ISBN: 9788843078547, ISBN: 8843078542 (paperback)



Benn, James A. *Tea in China: A Religious and Cultural History.* University of Hawaii Press, 2015. 304 p. ISBN-10: 0824839641, ISBN-13: 978-0824839642 (papreback); 4173 KB, ASIN: B013E0JCOQ (Kindle)



Bergin, Tiffany. *Regulating Alcohol Around the World: Policy Cocktails*. London; New York: Routledge, 2016. 166 p. ISBN-10: 1138255149, ISBN-13: 978-1138255142 (paperback)



Buckingham, Sarah A and David Best (eds.). *Addiction, Behavioural Change and Social Identity: The Path to Resilience and Recovery.* Abingdon, Oxon; New York, NY: Routledge, 2017. 224 p. ISBN-10: 1138934070, ISBN-13: 978-1138934078 (hardcover); ISBN-13: 978-

1138934085, ISBN-10: 1138934089 (paperback)



Casey, Emma. *Women, Pleasure and the Gambling Experience.*: London: Routledge, 2016. 156 p. ISBN-10: 1138266922, ISBN-13: 978-1138266926 (paperback); 1278 KB, ASIN: B01BWNXHKS (Kindle) Orig pub 2008 by Ashgate



Cecil, Chuck. *Prohibition in South Dakota: Astride the White Mule*.: Charleston, South Carolina: The History Press, [2016] ©2016. 160 p. ISBN-10: 146713712X, ISBN-13: 978-1467137126 (paperback); 2537 KB, ASIN: B01KBCK1KK (Kindle)



Decorte, Tom, Gary W Potter and Martin Bouchard (eds.) *World Wide Weed: Global Trends in Cannabis Cultivation and Its Control*. Abingdon, Oxon: Routledge, 2016. 4946 KB, ASIN: B01BNUXTX0 (Kindle) Orig pub Ashgate

2011



Duck, Waverly. *No Way Out: Precarious Living in the Shadow of Poverty and Drug Dealing*. University of Chicago Press, 2016. 198 p. ISBN-10: 022629806X, ISBN-13: 978-0226298061 (paperback); 1229 KB, ASIN: B014A8VDGC

(Kindle)



Edwards, Emily D. *Bars, Blues, and Booze: Stories from the Drink House*. Jackson: University Press of Mississippi, ©2016. 272 p. ISBN-10: 1496806395, ISBN-13: 978-1496806390 (hardcover); 5803 KB, ASIN: B01DFI36SQ (Kindle)



Hudak, John. *Marijuana: A Short History* (Brookings Institution Press, 2016). 224 p. ISBN-10: 0815729065, ISBN-13: 978-0815729068 (paperback); 994 KB, ASIN: B01L2HPV94 (Kindle)



Jayne, Mark, Gill Valentine and Sarah L Holloway. *Alcohol, Drinking, Drunkenness: (Dis) orderly Spaces.*: Abingdon, Oxon: Routledge, 2016. 168 p. ISBN-10: 1138253278, ISBN-13: 978-1138253278 (paperback); 765 KB, ASIN: B009UWTSA2 (Kindle) Orig pub Ashgate 2011



Johnson, Harold R. *Firewater: How Alcohol is Killing My People (and Yours)*. Saskatchewan: University of Regina Press, [2016] ©2016. 180 p. ISBN: 9780889774377 0889774374 (paperback); 413 KB, ASIN: B01M7PXH4L (Kindle)



K., Gary. *Walk the Talk with Step 12: Staying Sober Through Service*. Center City, MN: Hazelden Publishing, 2016. 200 p. ISBN-10: 1616496592, ISBN-13: 978-1616496593 (paperback); 843 KB, ASIN: B01LYGBHN3 (Kindle)



Kolind, Torsten, Betsy Thom and Geoffrey Hunt (eds.). *The SAGE Handbook of Drug & Alcohol Studies. Social Science Approaches.* [Thousand Oaks, CA]: SAGE, 2016. 742 p. ISBN-13: 978-1446298664, ISBN-10: 1446298663 (hardcover);

14661 KB, ASIN: B01JZ7IST8 (Kindle)



*Konan, Denis Brou. *L'Alcool en Cote d'Ivoire: Histoire, Usage et Signification*. Paris: L'Harmattan, 2016. 212p. ISBN: 9782343097008, 2343097003 (pbk).

(Continued on page 15)



(New Books from p.14)



Leader, Todd. *It's Not About us: The Secret to Transforming the Mental Health and Addiction System in Canada*. Bridgewater, Nova Scotia: Cathydia Press Inc., 2016. ISBN-10: 0993817335, ISBN-13: 978-0993817335 (paperback)



Linnemann, Travis. *Meth Wars: Police, Media, Power*. New York: New York University Press, [2016]. 304 p. ISBN-10: 1479878693, ISBN-13: 978-1479878697 (hardcover); ISBN-10: 1479800023, ISBN-13: 978-1479800025

(paperback); 1102 KB, ASIN: B01LW7PNF5 (Kindle)



Lyons, Antonia C., Tim McCreanor, Ian Goodwin and Helen Moewaka Barnes (eds.) *Youth Drinking Cultures in a Digital World: Alcohol, Social Media and Cultures of Intoxication*. Abingdon, Oxon; New York, NY: Routledge, 2017. 262 p. ISBN-10: 1138959049, ISBN-13: 978-

1138959040 (hardcover)



*Montfort, Ricardo Pérez. *Tolerancia y Prohibición; Aproximaciones a la Historia Social y Cultural de las Drogas en México 1840-1940*. Editorial Debate; México, D.F.: Penguin Random House Grupo Editorial, 2016. © 2016. 215 p. 953 KB, ASIN: B0183FDDRU (Kindle)



Moraes, Francis. *Heroin User's Handbook*. Berkeley, Calif.: Ronin Pub, 2016. 260 p. ISBN-10: 1579512291, ISBN-13: 978-1579512293 (paperback) 3191 KB, ASIN: B01EEQ9B50



Morgen, Keith. *Substance Use Disorders and Addictions*. Los Angeles: SAGE, [2017]. 298 p. ISBN: 9781483370569, ISBN: 1483370569 (paperback); 10925 KB, ASIN: B01L2ZWJIM (Kindle)



Moxon, David and Jaime Waters. *Illegal Drug Use Through the Lifecourse: A Study of 'Hidden' Older Users*. London: Routledge, 2017. 192 p. ISBN-13: 978-1472461568, ISBN-10: 1472461568 (hardcover); 2120 KB, ASIN: B01M1C4UC7 (Kindle)



Murphy, James. *Responsible Sales, Service and Marketing of Alcohol: For the Tourism, Hospitality and Retail Industries*. Oxford: Goodfellow Publishers Ltd, 2016. 225 p. ISBN: 9781910158230 (e-Book)



Ohler, Norman. *Blitzed: Drugs in Nazi Germany*. Alan Lane, 2016. 368 p. ISBN-10: 0241256992, ISBN-13: 978-0241256992 (hardcover)



Parker, Linda. *Cannabinoids and the Brain.*Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press, [2017]. 248 p. ISBN-10: 0262035790, ISBN-13: 978-0262035798 (hardcover)



Parkin, Stephen George. *Habitus and Drug Using Environments: Health, Place and Lived-experience.* London; New York: Routledge, 2016. ISBN: 9781315586052 (eBook) Orig pub 2013



Pilley, Jessica R., Robert Kramm, and Harald Fisher-Tine (eds.). *Global Anti-Vice Activism*, *1880-1950: Fighting Drinks, Drugs and 'Immorality'* Cambridge University Press, 2016. 366 p. ISBN-13: 978-1107102668, ISBN-10: 1107102669 (hardcover); 2847 KB, ASIN:

B01HTT8X9Y (Kindle)



Raikhel, Eugene A. *Governing Habits: Treating Alcoholism in the Post-Soviet Clinic*. Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press, 2016. 248 p. ISBN-13: 978-1501703126, ISBN-10: 1501703129 (hardcover); ISBN-13: 978-1501703133, ISBN-10: 1501703137 (paperback)



Sussman, Steven Yale. *Substance and Behavioral Addictions: Concepts, Causes, and Cures.*Cambridge, United Kingdom; New York, NY: Cambridge University Press, 2017. ISBN-10: 1107100356, ISBN-13: 978-1107100350 (hardcover); ISBN-10: 1107495911, ISBN-13:

978-1107495913 (paperback)



Will-Weber, Mark. *Drinking with the Democrats: The Party Animal's History of Liberal Libations.* Washington: Regnery Publishing, 2016. 112 p. ISBN-10: 1621574830, ISBN-13: 978-1621574835 (hardcover); 5378 KB, ASIN: B01D7V4JU0 (Kindle)



Will-Weber, Mark. *Drinking with the Republicans: the Politically Incorrect History of Conservative Concoctions.* Washington: Regnery Publishing, 2016. 112 p. ISBN-10: 1621574822, ISBN-13: 978-1621574828 (hardcover); 5548 KB, ASIN: B01D7V5FKI (Kindle)



Wright, Ben. *Order! Order!: The Rise and Fall of Political Drinking*. London: Duckworth Overlook, 2016. 361 p. ISBN-10: 0715650637, ISBN-13: 978-0715650639 (hardcover)



Yalisove, Daniel L and Danielle Barry. *A Concise Guide to Alcohol and Drug Research: Implications for Treatment, Prevention, and Policy.* CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016. 490 p. ISBN-10: 1523274174, ISBN-13: 978-1523274178 (paperback); 10142

KB, ASIN: B01BSUGFMM (Kindle)

(Continued on page 16)

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(New Books from p.15)



Wilson, Frances. *Guilty Thing: A Life of Thomas De Quincey*. Farrar, Straus & Giroux, 2016. 397 p. ISBN-10: 0374167303, ISBN-13: 978-0374167301 (hardcover)



Zahr, Natalie M. and Eric T Peterson (eds.) *Imaging the Addicted Brain.* Cambridge, MA: Academic Press is an imprint of Elsevier, 2016. 250 p. ISBN-13: 978-0128039144, ISBN-10: 0128039140 (hardcover; 46959 KB, ASIN:

B01K39RA6Y (Kindle)



Zwarenstein, Carlyn. *Opium Eater: The New Confessions*. New Westminster, British Columbia: Novella Publishing Inc., 2016. 78 p. 496 KB, ASIN: B01HG73WU4, Kindle) □

SALIS Member Mary Kumvaj Retires

SALIS wishes a fond farewell and happy retirement to Mary Kumvaj!

In her message to SALIS-L, Mary wrote:

I am writing to say good bye and thank you for the invaluable help and advice which you have generously shared in the past seven plus years that I have working in the drug and alcohol field.

From next Tuesday, 24 January, I will be going on long service leave, then retiring from the National Drug and Alcohol Research Centre (NDARC), University of New South Wales. It's been a wonderful and stimulating experience to work in this area of high-quality research and the good news is that NDARC will be replacing me, with a short-term placement being initially offered.

Anyone interested in applying for her position at NDARC should contact the NDARC Centre Operations Manager, Swati Srivastara at swati.srivastava at unsw.edu.au, tel: +61 2 9285 0333.

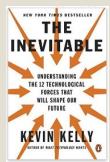
We'll miss you, Mary!

Deadline for the next issue, Vol. 37, No. 1, Spring 2017 is March 30, 2017.

Have You Read?

The Inevitable:
Understanding the 12
Technological Forces That
Will Shape Our Future
Kevin Kelly

Penguin Books, June 2016 (paperback out in June 2017) ISBN-13: 978-0525428084 336 pages.



This *New York Times* bestseller, written by former executive editor of *Wired*, Kevin Kelly, is a guide through 12 technological concepts the author believes will shape the next 30 years and transform all our lives and work:

- Becoming: moving from fixed products to services and subscriptions
- Cognifying: making technology smarter
- Flowing: Real-time streams of information at all times
- Screening: Turning all surfaces into screens
- Accessing: Shift away from owning assets and to employing services
- Sharing: Mass-scale collaboration
- Filtering: Harnessing intense personalization
- Remixing: Unbundling existing products and services to their most primitive parts and then recombining in new ways
- Interacting: Immersing ourselves inside our computers to maximize their engagement
- Tracking: Employing total surveillance for the benefit of citizens and consumers
- Questioning: Promoting good questions
- **Beginning**: Constructing a planetary system connecting all humans and machines into a global matrix.

Though not specifically about library and information science, it's hard not to see the parallels between the two. How might these same concepts refresh our field and work? Something to think about! □

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